

The Covert World of Espionage

EYE SPY

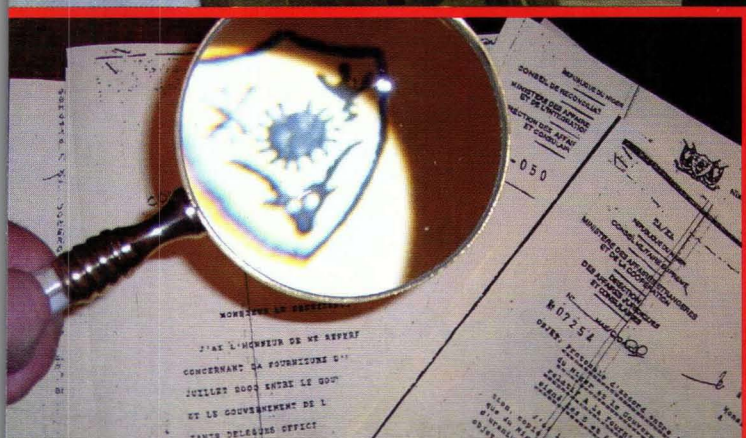
US INTEL HITS BACK



Volume IV No. 27 2004
USA \$5.99 Canada C\$7.99

BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS - AMERICA'S NEW ENEMY
ISRAEL READY TO LAUNCH ATTACK ON IRAN

FACT: Iraq Did Seek Uranium



- fbi's task force 04
- cia's big wmd bang
- secrets of the spy trade
- intel chain at abu ghraib
- iran spies deported from US

Printed in England



EYE SPY USA READERS NOW HAVE A
DEDICATED TOLL FREE NUMBER TO ORDER
SUBSCRIPTIONS, BOOKS AND BACK ISSUES

USA READERS TOLL FREE

TEL: 877 309 9243

Office hours: 7.00am - 4.00pm EST Monday to Friday

Note: This is not an enquiry line

UK and European
Rest of World readers: Call:

01756 770199

(UK - 10.00am - 5.00pm)

IRAQ'S NIGER QUEST

Eye Spy reveals the truth behind
Iraq's attempts to get uranium

24 THE BIG FREEZE

How American Security
Services simply froze
on 9/11

The Secret War



Armageddon?

Israel ready to launch
pre-emptive attack on Iran's
nuclear facilities

EYE SPY

C O N T E N T S

8 FBI's Task Force 04

USA domestic agency creates powerful intel unit to combat growing threat of terrorism

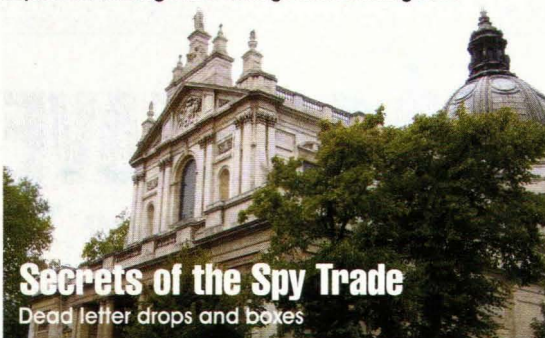
28 The Nightmare Scenario

Security specialists ponder on closing down huge swathes of inner London as terrorist threat grows



38 When the Wind Blows

US Senate investigative commission release responsible report on intelligence failings surrounding 9/11



47 Secrets of the Spy Trade

Dead letter drops and boxes

56 The Bletchley Park Story

The concluding feature on this most important and historic code-breaking British site



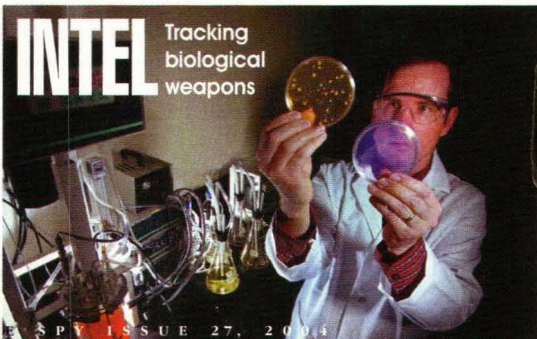
60 Saddam Codename Black List One

Eye Spy takes a look at who was in charge and responsible for intel happenings at Abu Ghraib prison

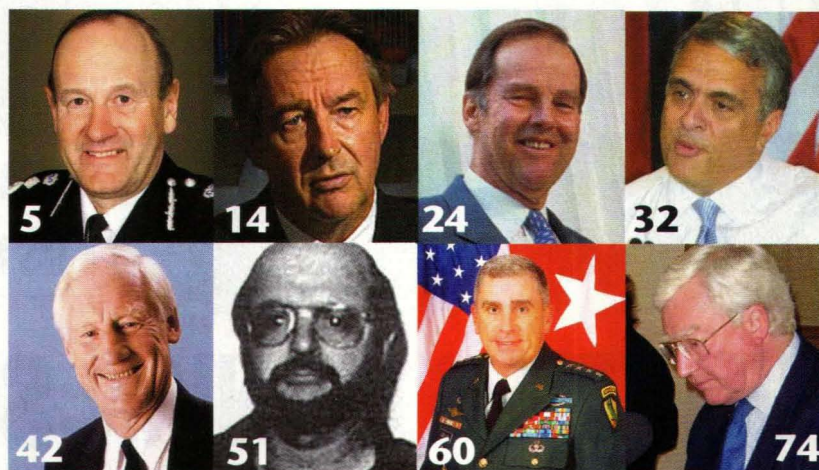
64 Mossad's Glass Ball

Mossad insist Israel's national passenger airline carry anti-surface-to air defence systems over London. Why?

68 INTEL Tracking biological weapons



32 CIA's BIG WMD BANG



MAKING NEWS IN EYE SPY: • 5 Sir John Stevens • 14 Joseph Wilson • 24 Thomas Kean • 32 George Tenet • 42 Lord Butler • 51 John Walker • 60 John Abizaid • 74 John Hughes-Wilson

inside features

2 Michael Smith Column; 4 Intelligence Digest; 28 The Nightmare Scenario; 38 9/11 - When the Wind Blows; 42 Storm Clouds Gather over MI6; 51 John Walker's Spy Ring; 67 A Chilling Reminder; 68 Tracking Biological Weapons 73 Undercover - Book Releases; 76 Tradecraft 6 - Tracking Devices; 78 Intelligence Book Store

editorial

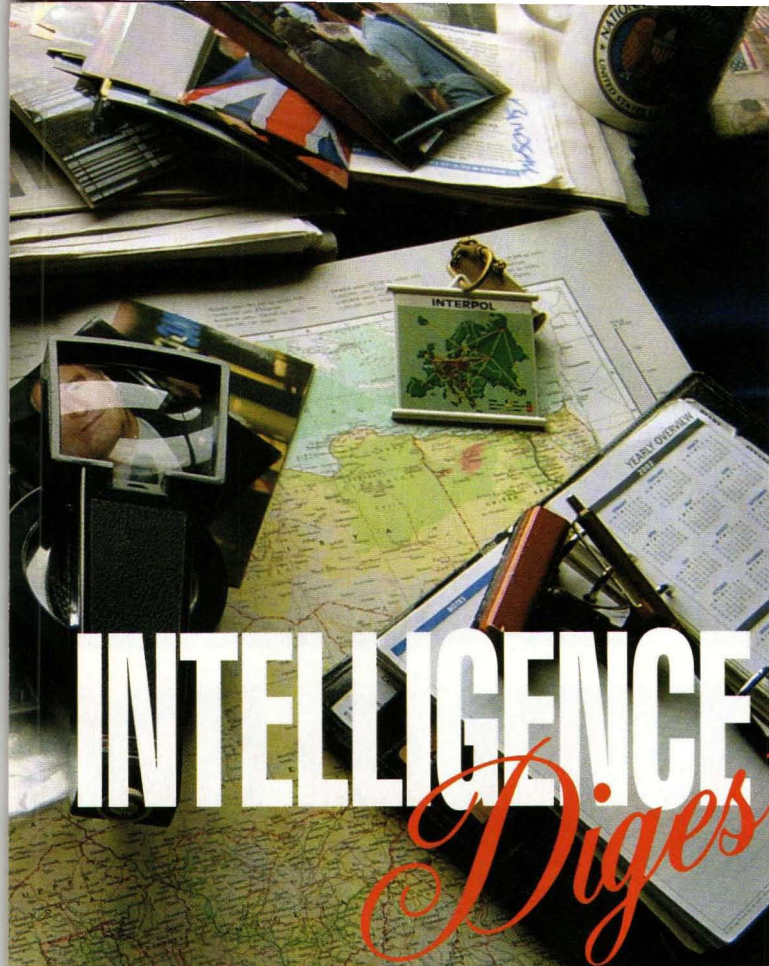


Over the last summer months, so many official US and UK reports have emerged into the quality of intelligence provided by the likes of CIA and

MI6, that it takes some absorbing. I have burned the midnight oil digesting the findings of these renowned services, but every time I stumble at the HUMINT hurdle - the human intelligence scenario.

I recall the words of an old pipe-smoking intelligence collector, who in 1999 warned, "the art of intelligence-gathering was fading away." This, as advanced technology hastily trounced old tried and trusted methods. It may seem odd, but five years later I reflected how both Downing Street and the White House are now insisting that the CIA and MI6 increase their HUMINT capabilities. Without this I truly fear, like 9/11, the agents of darkness will again outwit the men from the ministries.

This is not the Cold War Era. The game and rules have changed. At least Washington and London have woken up to the fact, though it took 3,000 innocent lives to stir them from their slumber. Hopefully, it is not too late... Mark Ian Birdsall



RED ALERT: MISSILE SHIELD COULD DRAG US INTO HEAD-ON COLLISION WITH CHINA

INTELLIGENCE *Digest*

US TELLS IRANIAN SPIES TO LEAVE

Tensions beginning to rise between old adversaries

Two Iranian security guards accused of possible espionage at the United Nations have been expelled from the USA. The two men were caught by a surveillance unit taking photographs of high security areas in Manhattan on several occasions.

The US State Department believes the men could have been on a reconnaissance mission. The incident marks the fifth occasion in two years that Iranian government officials were caught taking suspicious photographs and video films in New York City.

The suspected Iranian spies were seen taking video footage in Midtown Manhattan and recording sites such as St. Patrick's Cathedral, city centre buses and the huge Rockefeller Center.

Surveillance officers were alerted because the men did not appear to take the images as would a tourist, but made a "deliberate attempt to hide their cameras."

Adam Ereli, State Department Deputy Spokesman said: "This is a recurring problem. And in the case

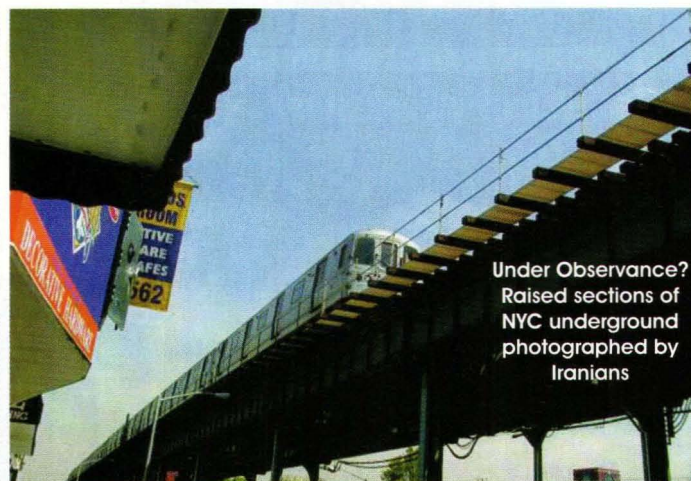
of the Iranian mission to the United Nations, it represented a unique pattern that raised concerns of law enforcement." The official said the USA simply could not "take the chance."

The two men were only identified as security officers of the East Side offices of the Iranian delegation to the United Nations. They left Kennedy Airport aboard a flight to Dubai that would later connect to Tehran.

CIA and FBI officials have become increasingly concerned about a connection between Iran's hardline Islamic government and al-Qaida. In November 2003, two other Iranian government employees were seen taking photographs of an elevated portion of the New York Subway in Woodside, in the Borough of Queens.

When questioned by the FBI, the men said they had just attended a party, but when officers examined the tape, no scenes of a party were found.

State Department officials said the Iranian government had been warned repeatedly about record-



ing such images. Mr Ereli said: "We had also made it clear that this kind of activity was unacceptable. And yet it continued in this latest case."

Former FBI agent Bill Daley says foreign agents are routinely tracked. "I would suggest that they've been watched, they're being followed, they've been 'surveilled' in many different ways. Whether it's electronically or physically, to gather enough information which would lead to

this point where they've been asked to leave the country."

The Iranian government called the expulsions "deplorable."

The United States does not have diplomatic relations with Iran. The State Department says the expulsions are intended to send a powerful message to foreign intelligence agencies. Intelligence watchers note America's position towards Tehran is hardening.

China has held a major 'simulated invasion operation' after Taiwan declared it is on the verge of purchasing advanced technology from the United States. The affair could see the two world powers clash head on.

A delegation of Taiwanese military and political officials recently held meetings with US defence advisors at the Pentagon. The two parties discussed the purchase of eight submarines, numerous anti-submarine aircraft and a variant of the Patriot anti-missile system. US Admiral Thomas Boudon Fargo, head of US Pacific Command, infuriated the Chinese further when he told the delegates that the island could be armed with the Aegis system, a ship-based missile shield that would integrate Taiwan's defences and guard against invasion.

Aegis can detect and destroy incoming missiles, aircraft and even vessels simultaneously. "This



is the first time we heard that they are cautiously evaluating the sale of Aegis-equipped destroyers to Taiwan," said Chin Huichu, a delegation official.

In late July, 18,000 Chinese troops participated in a mock landing using Dongshan island to simulate Taiwan. Dongshan is about 150 miles from Taiwan, but its geography is identical. Sukhoi SU27 aircraft fitted with anti-tank weapons took part in the exercise.

When Time Stood Still

Senior police officer recalls moment he secured flight deck of NYC-bound airliner

BRITAIN'S most senior police officer, Sir John Stevens, said he will never forget his experience on board an airliner enroute to New York on 11 September 2001. As events unfolded on the eastern seaboard of the United States, his British Airways flight was told to return to London immediately. Information was passed to Sir John, who calmly spoke to the crew and locked

the flight deck to prevent any possible terrorist from taking over the jumbo jet. "It was quite a dramatic business, something that will always stay with me," he said.

He recalled how he heard the captain urgently call the aircraft's purser. The purser then asked Sir John to go to the flight deck. "Have I time to finish my drink...?" asked Sir John. "No - you have not," came the reply.

Sir John revealed how the devastating events being played out over New York and Washington were relayed over the aircraft's radio.

He recommended that the passengers be told what was happening. "I had to give advice on how we secured the flight deck in terms of locking it and I held on to the keys."

Sir John was rushed to Downing Street where the Prime Minister was already chairing a meeting of COBRA - the government committee that deals with national emergencies. A few hours later, he ordered 1,500 police officers on to the streets of London and massive security ensued at all UK airports.



Tony Blair Praises CIA

9/11 - Agency 'did all it could to prevent attacks'

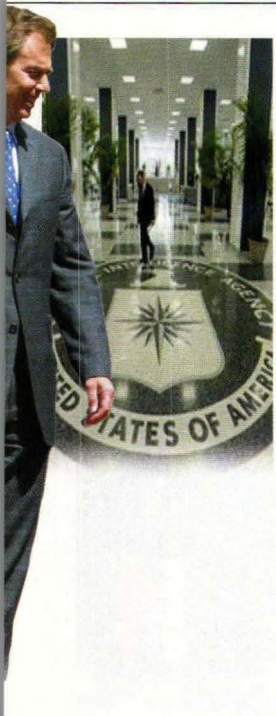
British Prime Minister Tony Blair, praised America's under-fire CIA, saying it did everything it could to prevent 9/11. "The September 11 commission said a 'failure of imagination', not government neglect, allowed 19 hijackers to carry out the deadliest terrorist attack in US history."

Following damaging reports into American intelligence, Mr Blair said politicians and intelligence chiefs had an almost impossible job. "I would like to pay tribute to the CIA and the work that it has done," he said. "It is very, very tough after an event as

terrible as 9/11 because the agency and other people are called upon to defend themselves. If anything could have been done, I am sure it would have been done.

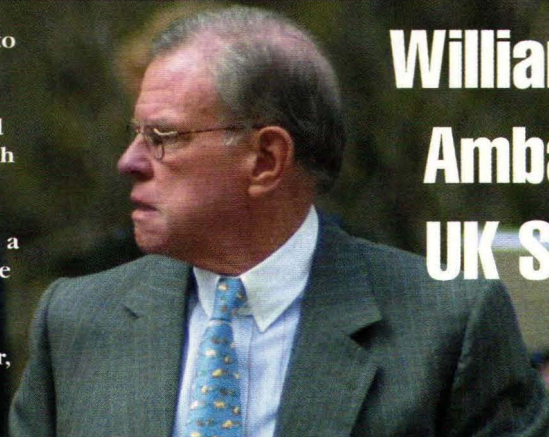
"You are accused of over-reacting one way and under-reacting the other," he said. A reference to criticism that the UK had overreacted to Saddam's WMD, and the CIA had failed to respond to the threat of bin-Laden's al-Qaida terrorists.

Mr Blair also said he was taking all possible steps to counter the threat of an al-Qaida attack on Britain.

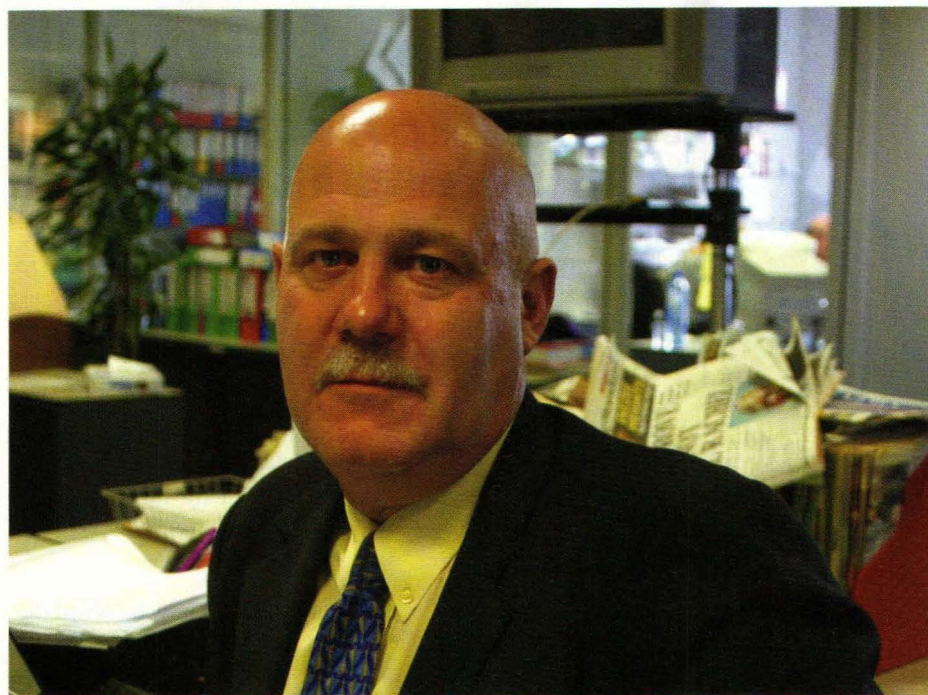


LONDON: William Farish, the US Ambassador to Great Britain, has announced he is stepping down after serving less than three years in the job. The popular diplomat said he had decided to conclude his tenure to spend more time with his family and business. Mr Farish, a personal friend of the Queen and President Bush, is returning to Kentucky where he is regarded as a leading racehorse breeder. The move leaves the door open for one of the most sought-after diplomatic posts in America. A dark horse (no pun intended), to take the post, is Paul Bremer, the former US proconsul in Baghdad.

William Farish US Ambassador to UK Steps Down



© BELINDA WARREN LONDON



*Directorate 12,
the old foreign
intelligence
department of the
KGB, is using
black propaganda
operations,
so-called "active
measures"*

The Michael Smith Column

RUSSIA'S COLD WA

The Cold War has broken out across eastern Europe again, senior British intelligence officials have told *Eye Spy magazine*, with the Russian Intelligence Service (SVR) attempting to destabilise Moscow's old Warsaw Pact partners who made the switch to Nato. Under President Vladimir Putin, the old KGB has enjoyed a resurgence of influence. The SVR, successor to Directorate 12, the old foreign intelligence department of the KGB, is using black propaganda operations, so-called "active measures", to discredit the new governments of its old satellite states. It is a key role for the Russian intelligence service, which in 1991 upgraded its "Active Measures" unit to the status of a full directorate.

In the past four months, Estonia, Latvia, Lithuania and Slovakia, all new members of Nato and the EU, have expelled a total of eight Russian diplomats for espionage activities. One of the key factors behind the expulsions was attempts by the SVR to undermine the credentials of the post-communist politicians in the run-up to joining Nato and the EU, ironically by seeking to link

them to the old communist regimes and to Moscow itself. When Janis Kazocins, the head of Latvia's Bureau for the Protection of Constitution, the equivalent of the UK's MI5, visited Washington earlier this year, he was shocked to find that US State Department officials believed obvious black propaganda suggesting that Latvian politicians were "all corrupt and worked only on behalf of Moscow's interests".

"I am rather surprised about it," Mr Kazocins said. "The United States has been the country that has done the most to ensure that Latvia and the other Baltic states can join Nato. It has supported our accession to the EU. I drew the attention of the Americans to the idea that they should look at whose interests are served when such information is disseminated."

Nowhere has the SVR had more success with its "active measures" campaign than in Slovakia, where it has skilfully manipulated public suspicion of the intelligence and security services to discredit the Slovak equivalent of MI6, British officials say. The Slovak Information Service (SIS) was set up in 1993, when Czechoslovakia split in two, with Vladimir Mitro, the former head of the



Slovak federal criminal investigation department, as its head. Vladimir Meciar, the new prime minister, had wanted his own man Ivan Lexa in charge, but was unable to force the appointment through. Two years later, Mr Mitro was sacked and Mr Lexa took over.

The new head of Slovak intelligence began working with the Russians to destabilise Czech entry to Nato, and brought back former members of the StB, the old communist intelligence service. Under his leadership, the SIS also allegedly bombed



Ivan Lexa

opposition party offices, tried to discredit catholic bishop, kidnapped the son of one of Mr Meciar's political opponents and murdered a former SIS officer who exposed these illegal activities.

When Mr Meciar was voted out in 1998, Mikulas Dzurinda, the new Christian Democrat prime minister, brought Mr Mitro back to clean out the SIS. "I revamped the service completely," Mr Mitro says. "The 250 involved left the service. Half of them resigned knowing they were to be thrown out and the rest I had to fire." He gave the Slovak parliament a full report on the "criminal activities" carried out by the service under Mr Lexa. "A total



SPY GAMES

of 16 court cases resulting directly from my report," Mr Mitro says. "All of these nefarious practices have been subject to criminal proceedings."

The SIS, which under Mr Lexa had found itself shut out of exchange and cooperation arrangements with western intelligence services, was rehabilitated receiving plaudits from its new allies for a series of intelligence successes. "It was the most difficult thing to do to get the service back again," says Mr Mitro. "But in 1999, our service returned to unity of the Central European Conference, a club of intelligence services in which the primary condition is that the service has to be democratically controlled."

Things appeared to be going well. But Mr Dzurinda's re-election in September 2002, and a reshuffle of the government, led to fresh reports of corruption within the SIS and claims that it was full of communist spies.

Mr Mitro blames the early reports on corrupt officials who hoped to make a killing on lucrative contracts for the technology needed to ensure Slovakia's border controls conformed with Nato and EU requirements. "They thought they would have influence but they lost it and

began using the service as a stick to beat the prime minister with," he said. "They knew the public was sensitive to anything connecting the SIS to the old traumas."

Both he and Britain's MI6 believe the allegations were then picked up by the Russians who used the debate to their own ends to try to discredit the Slovaks in the run-up to their accession to Nato. "I see first of all corruption behind these reports and second the hand of the Russian authorities," Mr Mitro said. "One of my principle tasks was to prepare the SIS for Nato and this was met with animosity by the Russians."

The allegations were also picked up by *Jane's Intelligence Digest*, which reported in December 2002 that there were "close ties" between Moscow and some Slovak intelligence officers. That and subsequent reports allowed the Slovak media to quote a "reputed" British intelligence magazine as confirming their own suspicions.

Paradoxically the allegations came at a time when the SIS was uncovering a Russian spy who controlled a number of agents inside the Slovak Ministry of Defence and as a result was expelled from Bratislava, one British official said. "It is hard to imagine a pro-Moscow leadership

sanctioning such an operation or a heavily penetrated service being able to run it securely without it leaking to the Russians," he added.

The Slovaks also played a major part in an MI5 sting operation in which three members of the Real IRA sought a large consignment of weapons and explosives from a team of supposed Iraqi officials. Operation Samnite led to the arrest by Slovak police of three Real IRA members who were extradited to Britain and jailed for life. "This audacious operation relied upon Slovak professional support and willingness to accept political risk," one British intelligence officer said. "The efforts to question the overall integrity of SIS are at odds with its standing among Nato-member intelligence and security services and its record of successful operations."

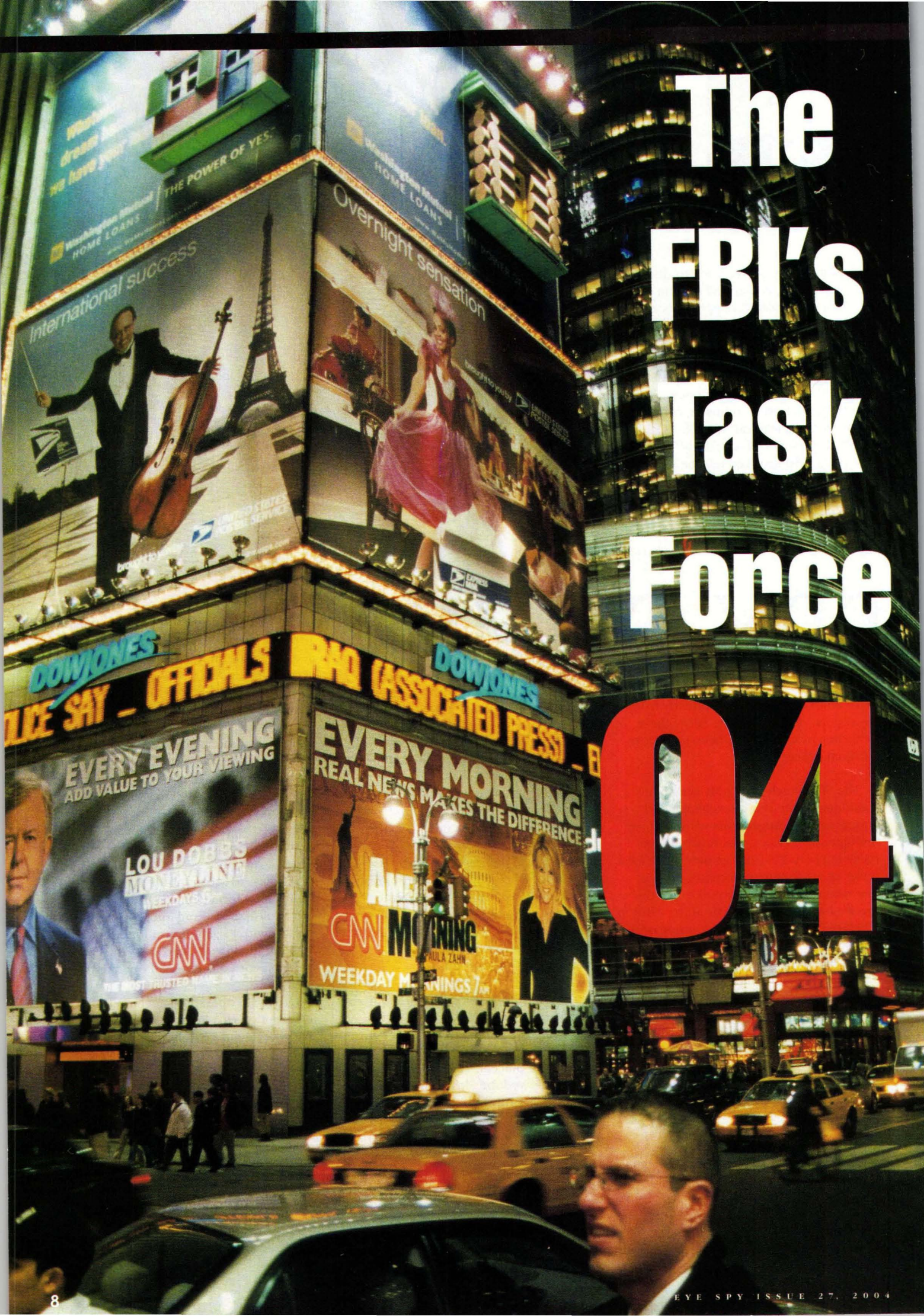
Other SIS operations include the interception of a Russian Hind helicopter that was due to be delivered to rebel forces in Sierra Leone and used against British troops, and the expulsion a year ago of a North Korean "businessman" who was attempting to obtain materials for Pyongyang's WMD programme, British officials said.

Alex Standish, editor of *Jane's Intelligence Digest*, stands by the newsletter's reports. "Mr Mitro was someone we felt

Continued on page 63

The FBI's Task Force

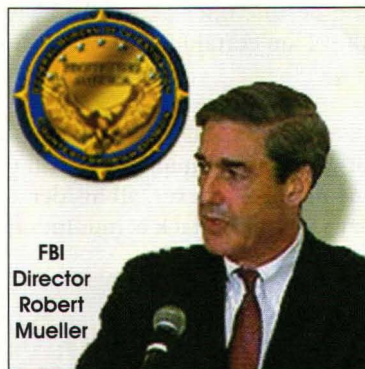
04



Major efforts underway to thwart al-Qaida operatives in the United States

As al-Qaida's website continues to announce that a major attack on American soil is imminent, analysts and investigators from a number of intelligence agencies have begun identifying probable dates and targets. Electronic intercepts and infiltration of suspected al-Qaida cells has led the government to believe that an attack on American soil will take place this year. As part of a major new anti-terrorist drive, US officials have also started to pinpoint communities where terrorists may be hiding or would seek to use as an escape route following an outrage. Several meetings have already taken place in Arab communities where al-Qaida operatives may try and blend in; undoubtedly these have been infiltrated by the intelligence services.

Fearful of an attack, the FBI has started to assemble a top secret database of potential extremists and terrorists. Also on the list are people who are regarded as 'vulnerable', and might be brainwashed by al-Qaida jargon into committing atrocities.



FBI
Director
Robert
Mueller

At the Bureau's Washington headquarters, the FBI has now created a special unit called **04 Task Force**. Amongst a variety of duties, the officers seek gaps in intelligence that "could reveal vulnerabilities or signs of preparation for attacks." They also try to think like al-Qaida and test security at locations such as government buildings, airports and tourist attractions.

With the presidential election looming, the US security services are virtually certain that Osama bin-Laden will try to commit another outrage. Intelligence suggests a crude radiological or chemical attack is the most likely. Over recent months, the FBI has started

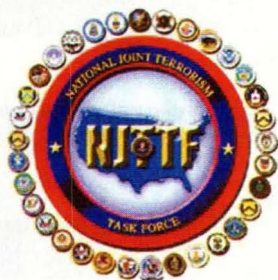


FBI-Headquarters,
Washington D.C.

to receive information that a simultaneous truck or car bomb attack in several cities might be planned.

A CIA estimate suggests that al-Qaida has come to the conclusion that an attack on America prior to the election could increase support for President Bush. Henceforth both the Democratic

"to catch a terrorist - think like a terrorist..."



America's National Joint Terrorism Task Force

Deep in the operational heart of FBI headquarters, **Strategic Information and Operations Center (SIOC)** is a room that is always buzzing. With some 57 people from 38 United States agencies (law enforcement, intelligence, diplomatic, defence, public safety and homeland security), you can understand why. This operational nerve centre is all about one-stop shopping for terrorist intelligence... in order to prevent acts of terrorism.

As America prepares for a summer and fall of heightened threats to US interests, Ken Love, Acting

Chief of the NJTTF, talks about his operation.

Question: You have described the NJTTF as "the point of fusion," what do you mean?

Mr Love: It's a pretty simple concept: we bring together people from every US agency that collects and processes terrorist intelligence; we put them in one room and hook them into their own and into our FBI intelligence databases and all of a sudden we have the universe of terrorist intelligence on the table - to share, to query, to coordinate, to answer questions

and to give direction and support to the 84 Joint Terrorism Task Forces (JTTFs) around the country that function under us. 'Fusion' means that terrorist intelligence is instantly shared vertically from HQ to our JTTFs and horizontally to all NJTTF agencies.

Question: What's a typical day like for the 57 people in your shop?

Mr Love: Long, intense, and usually rewarding. It starts at 5.00am when we collate the day's hot issues from multiple sources and circulate them to everyone to digest, process, and query.

National Convention in Boston and the Republican National Convention in New York are likely targets.



The New York convention is a major worry for Pasquale D'Amuro (left), the head of the city's FBI office. Following the 11 March atrocity in Madrid, when several

bombs exploded on commuter trains killing 191 people, the FBI announced that some 1,000 agents in the office will be involved in collecting intelligence

and other security tasks prior to the convention.

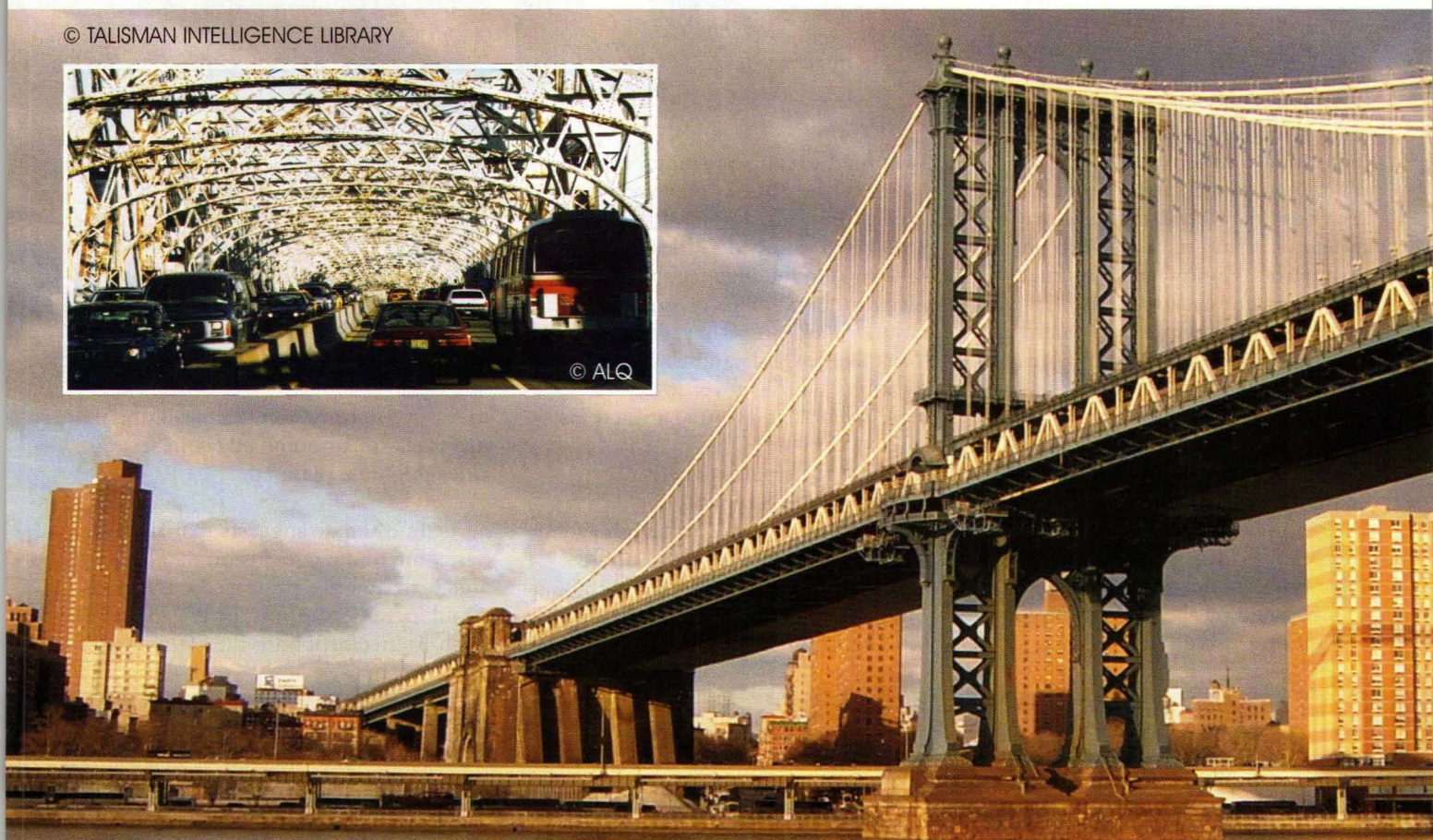
Bin-Laden still sees New York as 'the jewel in the crown' and a second strike during the President's speech would be a major coup for the world's most wanted man. "Al-Qaida has unambiguous plans to hit the homeland again," said James Pavitt, the CIA's head of clandestine operations. "And New York City, I am certain, remains a prime target."

Senior officials in the military have discussed the intelligence with cabinet members. However, all insiders would say is that an attack is imminent but its

location and timing unknown. What is certain is that the event will be carefully planned and filmed by participating terrorist operatives. Analysts have noticed that al-Qaida's modus operandi now includes a visual brief. Recent beheadings and the recording of suicide bomb attacks are all intended to show that the terrorists can still carry out operations at will.

The FBI and CIA are working on the assumption that those chosen for the operation are already in the United States. More worryingly, they all carry valid visas. A major effort is underway to check a number of persons from African countries such as Nigeria and

© TALISMAN INTELLIGENCE LIBRARY



America's National Joint Terrorism Task Force

At 8.00am, there's a small coordination meeting with Counter-terrorism (CT) Watch and SIOC supervisors on the day's briefings, then at 9.30am sharp, everyone in the room turns off computers, telephones, everything - and we hold an intense, formatted

briefing. We cover all the top and breaking issues; we solicit input from everyone in the room for breaking news from his or her agency; we get a detailed briefing from CT watch on the current threat stream; we field questions and talk strategies and logistics. Then we get to work and that can mean a lot of things. People send items of interest to their home agencies and run down the answers to questions their agencies have asked. They query their agency databases to answer

thousands of lead and namecheck questions from our JTTFs. They coordinate special terrorism projects, unleashing all 84 JTTFs to address an issue, fill in an intelligence gap, solve a problem... or activating just one to address local threat. And much more.

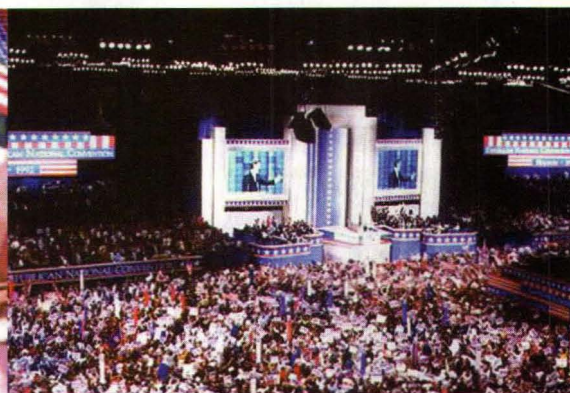
Question: How does that 'typical' day change when the threat level is elevated?

Mr Love: I'd say the normal buzz pretty much turns into a roar - a



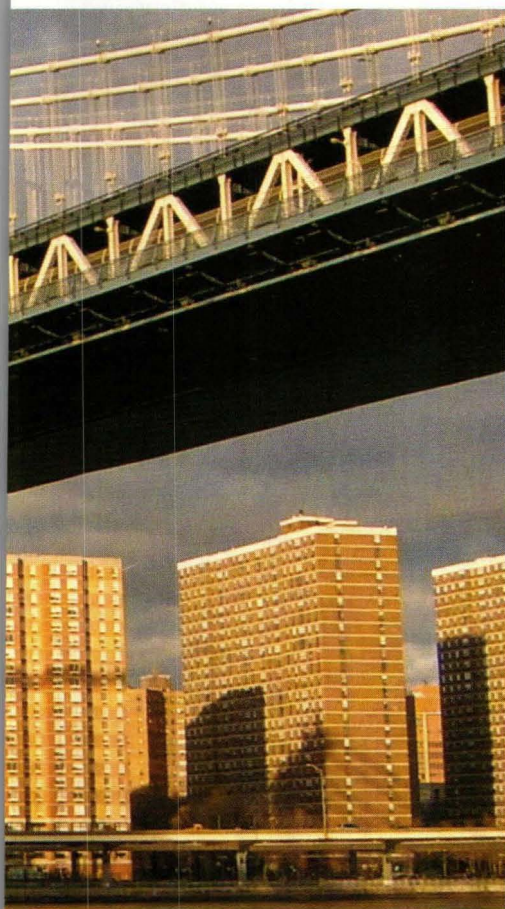
Somalia. This indicates the men are not Arabs and al-Qaida has successfully infiltrated the USA with several terrorists.

New York Governor George Pataki wants to see sharing of information on "warning signs of terrorist planning" from law enforcement agencies from Maine to Delaware. James Kallstrom, a senior terrorism adviser to Pataki, said: "We think we know the targets that might have great economic impact or cause large loss of life. But we know terrorists might not be in proximity to those targets, so we have put a series of tripwires in place throughout New England."



The New York and Boston conventions will have huge police presence. Hundreds of uniformed and plain-clothes officers will be drafted in and monitor city landmarks, tourist sites, bridges and tunnels, airports and places where people gather. The subway will also be heavily secured. However, Eye

Spy has learned that intelligence officials believe al-Qaida may try something unusual - the hijacking of a New York ferry, the collapse of a bridge or literally storming a government building using fanatical suicide operatives.



President George W. Bush tours the World Trade Center disaster site aboard Marine One with New York Mayor Rudolph Giuliani, left, and New York Governor George Pataki, just 72 hours after the attacks on America

COURTESY: THE WHITE HOUSE

productive roar, but a roar. Our JTTFs need more questions answered... each agency represented needs many more questions answered and requires full and lengthy briefings. We go into 24/7 mode, with pre-cleared back ups for our people and institute Saturday morning briefings.

Question: You make 'the call' on special projects in your shop - both priority ones that could lead to identifying terrorists or cells and others that aim for long-term

impacts. Can you give us a few examples of projects that you think have made a real difference in managing the threat environment?

Mr Love: We've got an awful lot of them on the table right now, as you can imagine. So let me just hit some highlights. To identify potential terrorist sleeper cells, Operation Tripwire commissions all JTTFs to ask specific questions of specific industries (e.g., suspicious behaviour of airline passengers) then looks for patterns from the collected data.

We're collecting and analysing data on radicalism in prisons. We're co-ordinating new initiatives for railroads and cruise ships.

Question: Will you be doing anything special in the coming months, with heightened threats expected?

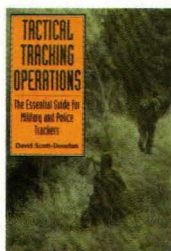
Mr Love: Yes, a number of things. For example, we're about to expand our cadre of JTTFs from 84 to 100. These 16 new task forces will give us the coverage we

need in areas that can produce good intelligence. We are also coordinating through the 2004 Terrorism Threat Task Force new iterations of *Operation Tripwire* - this time having our JTTFs collect data on ferry systems... and on the sale of unmanned aerial vehicles. These kinds of projects really show the heart of the NJTTF mission. When all our agencies work together as we do, we can find better ways to help disrupt, dismantle and eliminate terrorist threats to America.

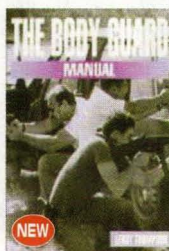
TRADE BOOKS PROFESSIONAL

All prices include postage and packing · Includes air mail delivery to USA, Europe and Rest of World

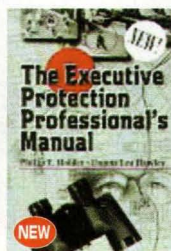
For detailed information on these and many more titles go to www.eyespy.com



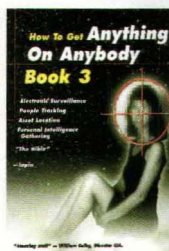
TACTICAL TRACKING OPERATIONS
Rare essential guide for military and police trackers. Softback 170pp
ES827 £38.00 \$60.00



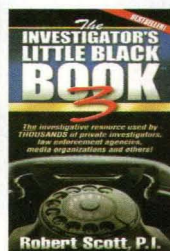
THE BODY GUARD MANUAL
Professional guide to the industry. Softback
ES893 £16.99 \$31.00



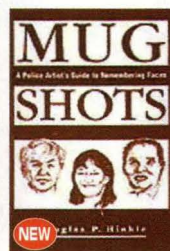
EXECUTIVE PROTECTION PROFESSIONAL'S MANUAL
Concise publication for professional security officers. Softback
ES895 £29.99 \$59.00



HOW TO GET ANYTHING ON ANYBODY - SPECIAL TRADE SECURITY WORK - IMPORTED
Massive Softback
ES737 £65.00 \$109.00



INVESTIGATOR'S LITTLE BLACK BOOK
Major US-based resource guide. Softback 504pp
ES806 £19.99 \$35.00



MUG SHOTS
A police detective guide to remembering faces. Softback 128pp
ES880 £20.00 \$38.00



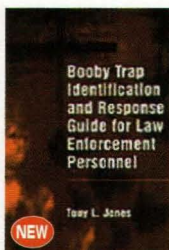
BUG BOOK
Everything you wanted to know about electronic eavesdropping. Softback 168pp
ES907 £30.50 \$50.00



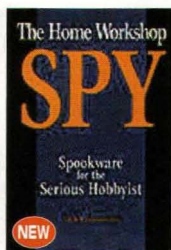
SPY GAME
Winning through super technology. Softback 520pp
ES862 £30.00 \$58.00



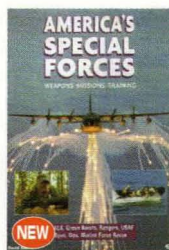
THE EXTREME COVERT CATALOG - SPECIAL TRADE SECURITY WORK - IMPORTED
Massive Softback
ES738 £50.00 \$60.00



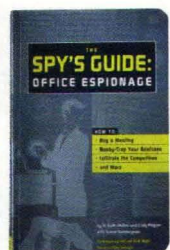
BOOBY TRAP IDENTIFICATION
Response guide for law enforcement personnel. Softback 80pp
ES876 £20.00 \$38.00



HOME WORKSHOP SPY
Spookware for the serious hobbyist. Softback 104pp
ES856 £24.50 \$48.00



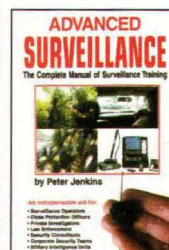
AMERICA'S SPECIAL FORCES
Weapons, missions and training. Softback 128pp
ES823 £12.99 \$25.99



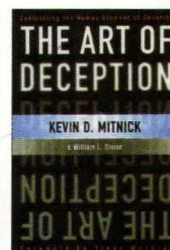
THE SPY'S GUIDE: OFFICE ESPIONAGE
Professional tips from the industry. A gem. Softback 170pp
ES722 £12.00 \$20.00



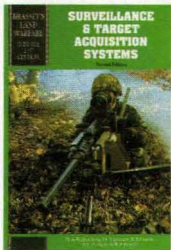
KILL OR GET KILLED
Longest-selling book on close combat in history. US Marine Corp. Softback 420pp
ES889 £45.99 \$80.00



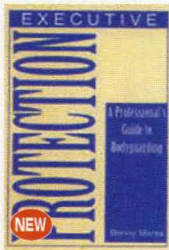
ADVANCED SURVEILLANCE
The Complete Manual of Surveillance Training. Softback 400pp
ES712 £24.99 \$40.00



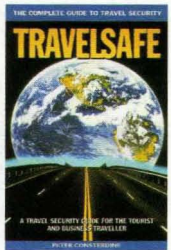
THE ART OF DECEPTION
Controlling the human element of security. Softback 352pp
ES803 £12.99 \$23.00



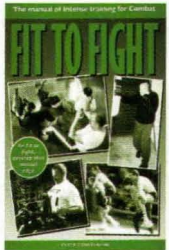
SURVEILLANCE & TARGET Acquisition Systems
Professional equipment for surveillance. Hardback 260pp
ES797 £31.99 \$58.00



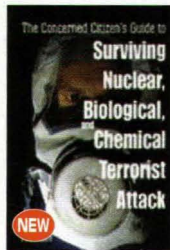
EXECUTIVE PROTECTION
A professional's guide to bodyguarding. Softback 112pp
ES872 £15.50 \$31.00



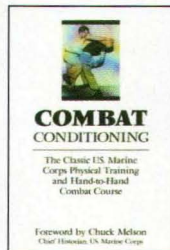
TRAVELSAFE
A complete and authoritative safety guide for the traveller. Softback 348pp
ES606 £22.00 \$35.00



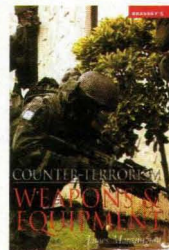
FIT TO FIGHT
Complete manual of intense training for combat. Softback 183pp
ES654 £18.00 \$30.00



CITIZEN'S GUIDE
Surviving nuclear, biological, chemical terrorist attacks. Softback 80pp
ES866 £12.00 \$22.50



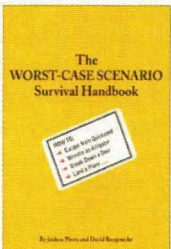
COMBAT CONDITIONING
US Marine Corps Physical Training and Hand-to-Hand Combat Course. Softback 329pp
ES822 £35.99 \$55.00



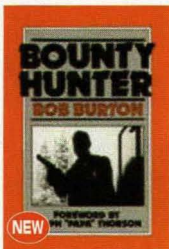
COUNTER-TERRORISM Weapons & Equipment
A major illustrated work. Hardback 240pp
ES735 £32.50 \$50.00



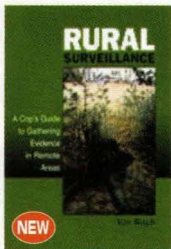
SECRETS OF STREET SURVIVAL
Staying alive in a civilian warzone. Softback 400pp
ES809 £29.99 \$50.00



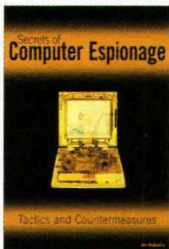
WORST-CASE SCENARIO TRAVEL
Survival handbook. Softback 192pp
ES805 £12.00 \$24.00



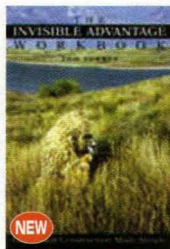
BOUNTY HUNTER
Professional guide to the art of bounty hunting. Softback 136pp
ES873 £15.50 \$30.00



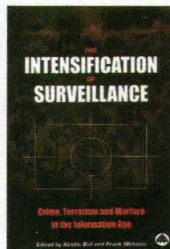
RURAL SURVEILLANCE
Police guide to gathering evidence in remote areas. Softback 128pp
ES881 £22.00 \$40.00



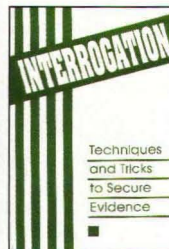
SECRETS OF COMPUTER ESPIONAGE
Tactics and countermeasures to project you and your business. Softback
ES790 £25.00 \$46.00



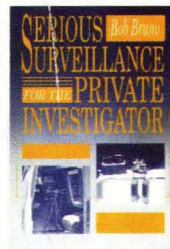
INVISIBLE ADVANTAGE
Ghillie suit construction made simple. Softback 80pp
ES914 £13.99 \$25.00



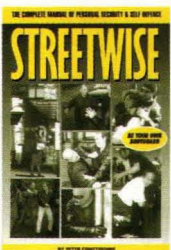
THE INTENSIFICATION OF SURVEILLANCE
Crime, terrorism and warfare in the info age. Softback 176pp
ES825 £25.00 \$45.00



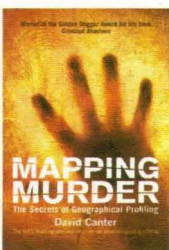
INTERROGATION
RCMP guide. Techniques and tricks to secure evidence. Softback 88pp
ES811 £19.50 \$38.00



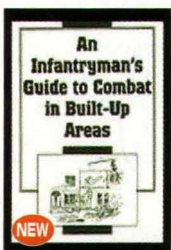
SERIOUS SURVEILLANCE PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR
Down-to-earth surveillance. Softback 100pp
ES812 £29.99 \$50.00



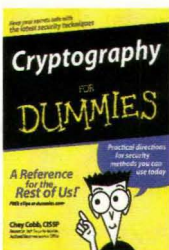
STREETWISE
The complete manual of personal security and self-defence. Softback 314pp
ES608 £25.00 \$40.00



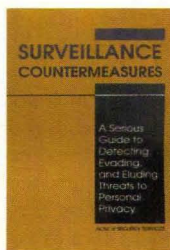
MAPPING MURDER
Secrets of geographical profiling. Hardback 240pp
ES731 £21.00 \$35.00



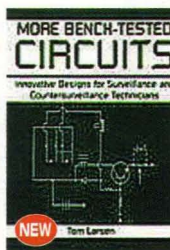
COMBAT IN URBAN AREAS
Ground operations in urban settings. Softback 312pp
ES888 £29.99 \$58.00



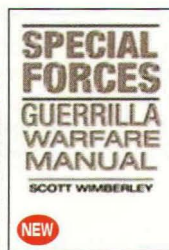
CRYPTOGRAPHY FOR DUMMIES
Directions for security methods for today. Softback 304pp
ES801 £20.00 \$32.00



SURVEILLANCE COUNTERMEASURES
Detecting, evading and enduring threats to safety. Softback 180pp
ES835 £29.99 \$48.00



MORE BENCH-TESTED CIRCUITS
Innovative designs for surveillance techs. Softback 72pp
ES909 £19.99 \$38.00



SPECIAL FORCES GUERRILLA WARFARE MANUAL
Guerrilla warfare manual for successful operations. Softback 248pp
ES912 £22.99 \$42.00



HIDING IN PLAIN SIGHT
Superb guide to steganography plus CD ROM. Softback 335pp
ES812 £27.00 \$45.00

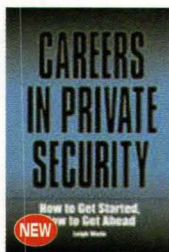


EYE SPY SPECIALIST BOOKS AND MANUALS FOR ALL ASPECTS OF....

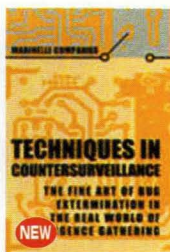
INTELLIGENCE • ESPIONAGE • SECURITY • SURVEILLANCE • SAFETY • DETECTION

• EQUIPMENT • FORENSICS • COUNTERSURVEILLANCE • MILITARY TRAINING

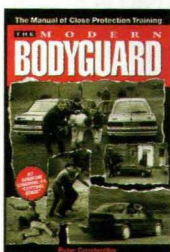
Use order form on page 82 - or go to www.eyespymag.com or telephone direct



CAREERS IN PRIVATE SECURITY
How to get started, how to get ahead
Softback 168pp
ES872 £20.00 \$38.00



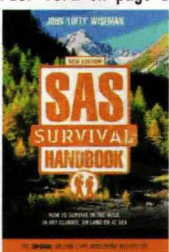
TECHNIQUES IN COUNTERSURVEILLANCE
The fine art bug extermination.
Softback 120pp
ES863 £18.50 \$35.00



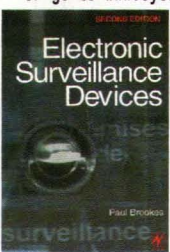
MODERN BODYGUARD
The manual of close protection and training.
For Professionals.
Softback 332pp
ES607 £25.00 \$40.00



RUNNING A RING OF SPIES
Spy craft and black operations in real world of espionage.
Softback 216pp
ES860 £25.00 \$48.00



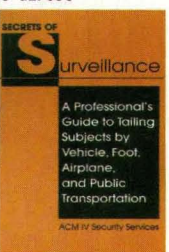
SAS SURVIVAL HANDBOOK
Survive in the wild, any climate, land or sea.
Softback 576pp
ES830 £24.00 \$45.00



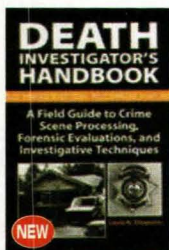
ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE DEVICES
New material - microphones, transmitters etc.
Softback 160pp
ES807 £24.99 \$45.00



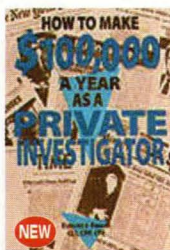
RECOGNISING BIO ATTACKS
Anthrax, smallpox, nerve gas, radiation - terror attacks
Softback 112pp
ES870 £12.00 \$23.50



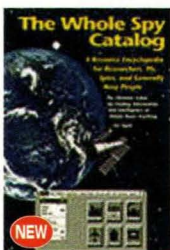
SECRETS OF SURVEILLANCE
Professional guide to tailing subjects.
Softback 248pp
ES814 £29.99 \$50.00



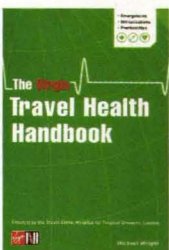
DEATH INVESTIGATOR'S HANDBOOK
Huge field guide to crime scene forensics...
Softback 888pp
ES879 £45.00 \$80.00



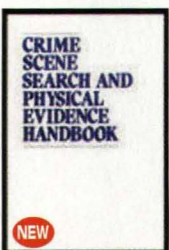
HOW TO MAKE \$100,000 A YEAR AS A PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR
Softback 128pp
ES857 £21.50 \$40.00



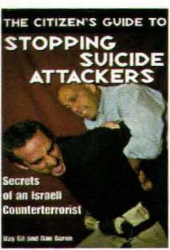
THE WHOLE SPY CATALOG
Everything you need to know about espionage.
Softback 448pp
ES886 £28.50 \$55.00



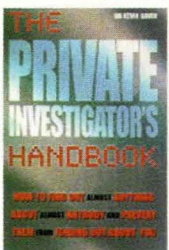
VIRGIN TRAVEL HEALTH HANDBOOK - 2003
Business, professional or casual travel.
Softback: 288pp
ES727 £17.50 \$34.00



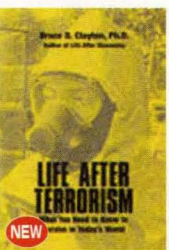
CRIME SCENE SEARCH AND PHYSICAL EVIDENCE HANDBOOK
Search and physical evidence handbook.
Softback 208pp
ES877 £25.00 \$40.00



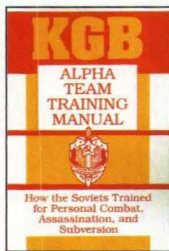
STOPPING SUICIDE ATTACKERS
Secrets of an Israeli counterterrorist.
Softback 128pp
ES865 £20.00 \$38.50



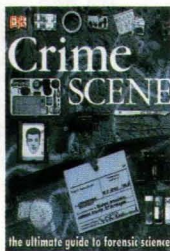
PRIVATE INVESTIGATOR'S HANDBOOK
How to find out anything on anybody.
Softback 192pp
ES813 £15.99 \$30.00



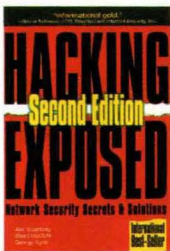
LIFE AFTER TERRORISM
What you need to know to survive in today's world.
Softback 192pp
ES868 £21.50 \$40.00



KGB ALPHA TEAM TRAINING MANUAL
Training Manual - Soviet combat, assassination and subversion.
Softback 320pp
ES808 £24.99 \$45.00



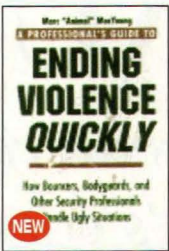
CRIME SCENE
The ultimate guide to forensic science.
Oversized Hardback 145pp
ES794 £18.50 \$38.00



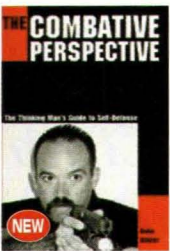
HACKING EXPOSED
Trade Security Work - imported was (£35.00) Massive Softback
ESHE001 £25.00 \$50.00



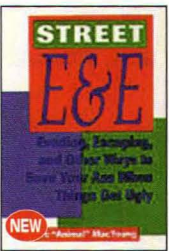
SECRET SOFTWARE
Computer resources, data forensics, crime investigation.
Softback 128pp
ES861 £20.00 \$38.00



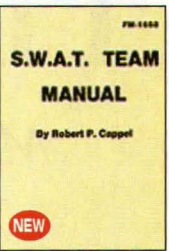
ENDING VIOLENCE QUICKLY
Avoid injuries and law suits - professional guide.
Softback 256pp
ES894 £21.99 \$40.00



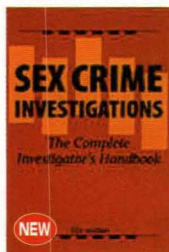
COMBAT PERSPECTIVES
The thinking man's guide to self-defence.
Softback 112pp
ES884 £17.50 \$34.00



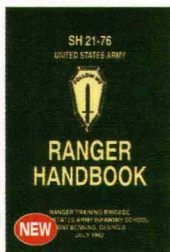
STREET E & E
Evading, escaping and other ways to save yourself.
Softback 192pp
ES885 £20.00 \$38.00



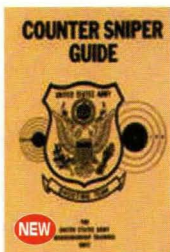
S.W.A.T. TEAM MANUAL
First time in print - formally restricted official SWAT data.
Softback 150pp
ES911 £22.00 \$38.00



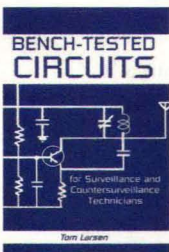
SEX CRIME INVESTIGATIONS
The complete investigators handbook.
Professional guide.
Softback 328pp
ES882 £25.00 \$48.00



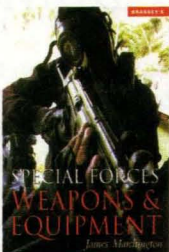
RANGER HANDBOOK
US Army Ranger Manual. Rare - small pocketsize. 448pp
ES810 £26.00 \$48.00



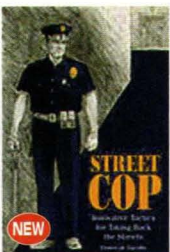
COUNTER SNIPER GUIDE
Everything you need to know about the art of snipping. US Army import.
Booklet 36pp
ES913 £7.00 \$15.00



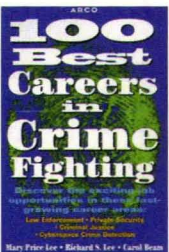
BENCH-TESTED CIRCUITS
For surveillance and countersurveillance technicians.
Softback 128pp
ES824 £15.00 \$32.00



SPECIAL FORCES WEAPONS and Equipment
Used by UK forces.
Hardback 240pp
ES798 £32.50 \$60.00



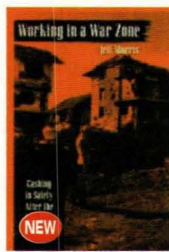
STREET COP
Innovative tactics for taking back the streets.
Professional guide.
Softback 215pp
ES883 £23.50 \$45.00



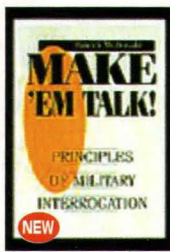
100 BEST CAREERS IN CRIME FIGHTING
For US marketplace.
Paperback 200pp
ES826 £26.00 \$45.00



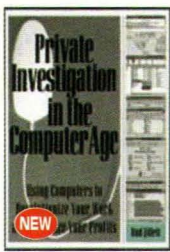
COMBATIVES
US Army combatives programme. Official literature.
Softback 248pp
ES886 £33.00 \$60.00



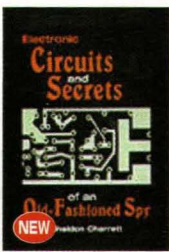
WORKING IN A WAR ZONE
Cashing-in safely after the shooting stops.
Softback 184pp
ES875 £17.50 \$34.00



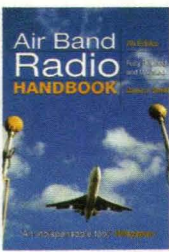
MAKE 'EM TALK!
Principles of military interrogation.
Professional guide.
Softback 80pp
ES890 £17.99 \$35.00



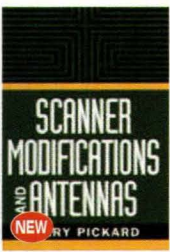
PRIVATE INVESTIGATION IN THE COMPUTER AGE
Using computers - maximise your profits.
Softback 176pp
ES859 £25.50 \$50.00



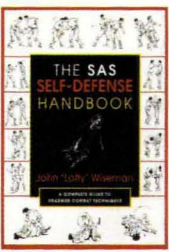
ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS AND SECRETS
of an old-fashioned spy - bugs and more.
Softback 128pp
ES908 £22.99 \$40.00



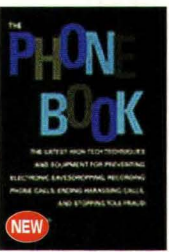
AIR BAND RADIO HANDBOOK
For the enthusiast and professional alike.
Softback 191pp
ES603 £13.99 \$26.00



SCANNER MODIFICATIONS AND ANTENNAS
Simple text to modifying equipment.
Softback 176pp
ES910 £18.00 \$35.00



SAS SELF-DEFENCE HANDBOOK
Complete guide to unarmed combat.
Softback 240pp
ES831 £29.99 \$48.00



THE PHONE BOOK
Stop eavesdroppers, telephone bugs, phone call fraud and more.
Softback 280pp
ES858 £30.00 \$60.00



THE TRUTH BEHIND NIGER

*MI6 and CIA break ranks
over Saddam's covert
mission to obtain Uranium
for a nuclear bomb*

They are cousins in arms and intelligence is traded freely between them, so it was somewhat of a surprise when the CIA declared that Iraq had not sought to acquire uranium ore or the 'yellow cake' refined from it. This, after the agency had advised President Bush that Saddam was indeed seeking materials necessary to produce nuclear bombs. Faced with the prospect of not finding weapons of mass destruction, the CIA has sought to distance itself from the yellow cake affair. However, MI6 and Tony Blair's inner circle have consistently said Saddam did seek uranium from the African country of Niger.

On 24 September 2002, the UK Government released its controversial

50-page dossier on Iraq's WMD. Amongst an array of damning conclusions against Saddam, the report declared: "Iraq had sought to buy significant quantities of uranium from an African country despite having no civilian nuclear programme requiring it."

When MI6 provided intelligence on Niger's yellow cake link to Iraq, it was not basing its assessment on faked documents - the CIA was. Even the recent Butler Inquiry - established to

examine the intelligence used by Downing Street in its infamous 'Iraqi Brief', concluded the UK had been right to



make the link. It is strange, however, why the CIA seemed so hesitant to join forces with their long-time cousins at MI6 regarding Niger.

THE BOGUS NIGER-IRAQ DOCUMENTS

It took just moments for intelligence analysts to conclude a set of 'official' Niger Government documents detailing an alleged deal with Iraq for uranium were bogus. However, the circumstances over their emergence is interesting.

The affair began on 1 January 2001, when a security guard at Niger's Embassy, situated at 10 Via Antonio Baiamonti, in Rome's Mazzini district, wandered down a dimly-lit corridor. He noticed that a sixth floor door was ajar - a door he had personally closed before staff left to celebrate the new year. Had an official returned on New Year's Eve?

IRAQ AND NIGER'S URANIUM

Or had the building been burgled? The office belonged to the ambassador, and upon entry, the guard found papers strewn everywhere and drawers and cupboards open. Little could be done to discover what, if anything, had been taken until all the staff had been assembled the next day. After a brief search, only some perfume and a Breil steel time piece were unaccounted for.

The embassy's second secretary for administrative affairs, Arfou Mounkaila, telephoned the carabinieri at the Trionfale precinct early on the morning of 2 January. Mr Mounkaila said that the "thieves had behaved in a somewhat odd manner."

It was a puzzling affair. Some police officers thought the building had been entered by a couple of petty thieves, while senior Italian investigators

theorised the thieves' real target was official Niger letterhead stationary containing seals. But who would want such a letterhead? And for what purpose? The scenario was complicated a few months later when officers of the Italian Military Intelligence and security service - SISME - came across a number of 'official-looking documents' signed by known officials of the government of Niger. The papers disclosed an attempt by intelligence officers working for Iraq to purchase 500 tons of pure yellow cake.

SISME's work was eventually entered into the CIA's powerful October 2002 National Intelligence Estimate (NIE). Unfortunately, analysts did not take the time to really examine the Niger papers (dated July to October 2000), allowing President Bush to make the uranium link with Iraq in his State of the Union address on 28 January

2003. The President declared: "The British Government has learned that Saddam Hussein has recently sought significant quantities of uranium from Africa." But MI6 had not based its uranium assessment on the papers, they had been quietly working on another line of enquiry for three years.



Secretary of State Colin Powell (above), told the US Senate Foreign Affairs Committee, "the Iraqi attempt to obtain uranium is proof of its persistent nuclear ambitions."

Niger did not agree and an official declared: "The American allegations are slanderous. It has never crossed our minds to send uranium to Iraq. There has never been any contact." ➤

THIS WAS NOT TRUE... OF COURSE

It has since transpired that the bogus documents had been given to an official at the US Embassy in Rome by an Italian journalist. In turn, the CIA Station Chief took possession, but he allegedly put them away instead of rushing them to Langley. The CIA officer's action could be explained by the fact that the journalist had already concluded they were hoaxed.

The reporter had noted that an agency referred to in the papers and a signature belonging to a foreign minister were suspicious. With a little research, the journalist discovered the agencies were defunct and the foreign minister had left that post over ten years earlier.

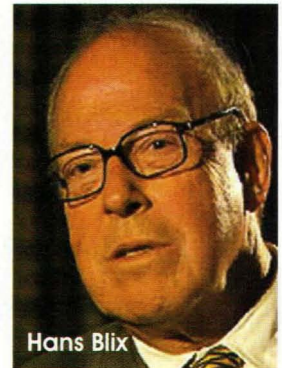
Another journalist, Elisabetta Burba, working for *Panorama*, an Italian weekly magazine (owned incidentally by one of the President's closest allies - Italian Prime Minister Silvio Berlusconi), decided to visit Niger to get to the bottom of the mystery. She came to the same conclusion - the papers were nonsense - though *Panorama* did not run the story.

In February 2003, the CIA at last got its hands on the infamous papers. They were supplied by the State Department,

and attached was a note saying they were 'highly dubious'. At the same time, a duplicated set of papers were forwarded to the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA). On 7 March the IAEA dropped a bombshell. It took analysts just two hours to reach judgment: "They are forgeries." How so? "Google," was the reply. The atomic watchdog simply ran the name of the foreign minister through the Internet and found he was not even at the ministry at the time the document was allegedly created.

IAEA Director General Muhammed ElBaradei told the UN Security

Council: "My agency, with the assistance of outside experts as well, has concluded that the documents in question are not authentic." Hans Blix, head of the agency, told journalists the documents were obvious fakes.



One intelligence source told Eye Spy: "The CIA got its fingers burned." This could explain why it was hesitant to grasp more yellow cake intelligence being supplied by Britain's Secret Intelligence Service.

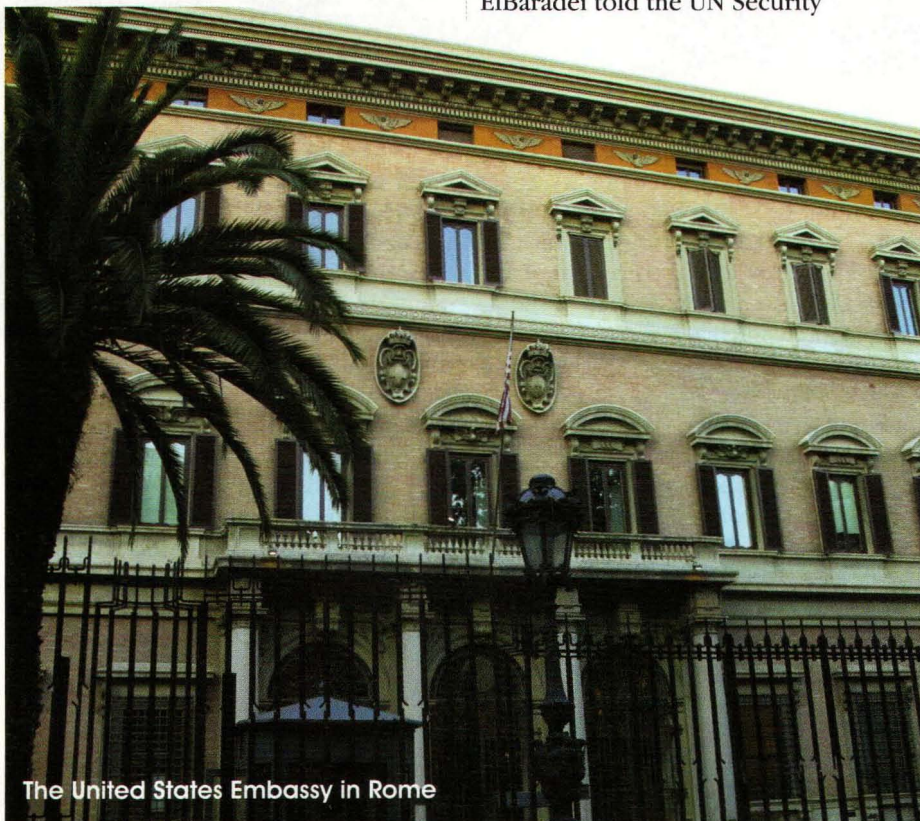
However, before trying to determine what gems were supplied by MI6, there is the small matter of who broke into the embassy, who manufactured the Niger documents, and how did they fall into the hands of the media?

It seems *Panorama* was handed a file containing the papers by a seemingly respectable businessman. The man had earlier tried to tout the file to a number of intelligence services, according to an intelligence official, before ending up at the magazine.

Eye Spy has learned that in October 2001, just weeks after 9/11, the Italian security service was allegedly approached by an unidentified African diplomat who offered to sell the forged



Italian police believed the Niger Embassy break-in was no ordinary crime



The United States Embassy in Rome



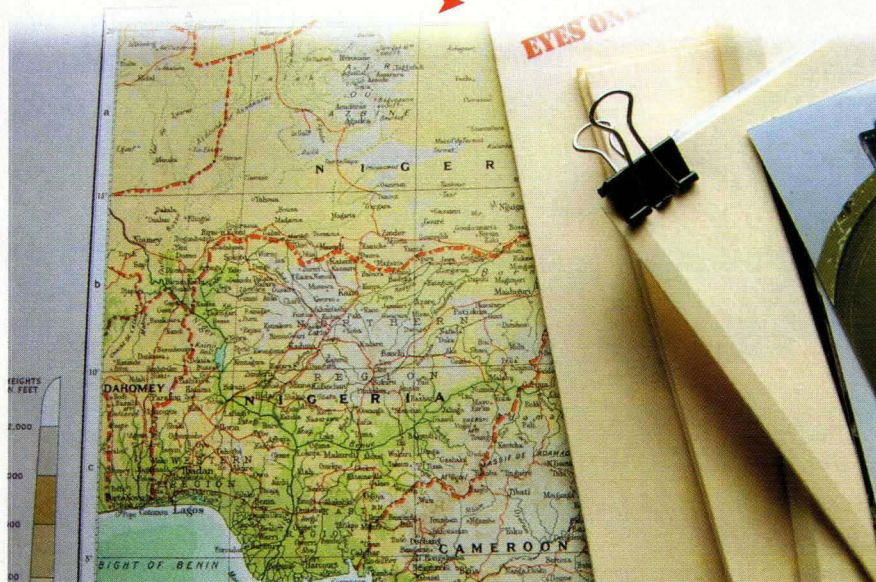
MI6 headquarters in London: Inset - quarrying for yellow cake

documents. The file contained codes and an exchange of correspondence about a 'contract' for the dispatch of uranium to Iraq by sea via Lome [Togo] from Cotonou in Benin, where nearly 3,000 tonnes of pure uranium previously extracted from Niger's Arlit and Akouta mines in 2000 were stockpiled.

The papers spoke of a trade deal involving pure uranium delivered in two instalments. It was all devastating stuff. SISME informed MI6 as well as Italy's prime minister via the Executive Committee on the Intelligence and Security Services (CESIS) and the Farnesina (Italian Foreign Ministry) via the minister's private office as a matter of protocol.

In November 2002, SISMI Director Nicolò Pollari, told Italy's Parliamentary Supervisory Committee on the Intelligence Services that "the service is in possession of documentary evidence of the trade in pure uranium between a central African country and Iraq."

The Italian businessman who had approached *Panorama* was allegedly a former soldier, but had been kicked out of the force for "dishonourable conduct" around 1980. It is also believed



ANALYSIS AND CLUES

MI6 HEADQUARTERS, LONDON.

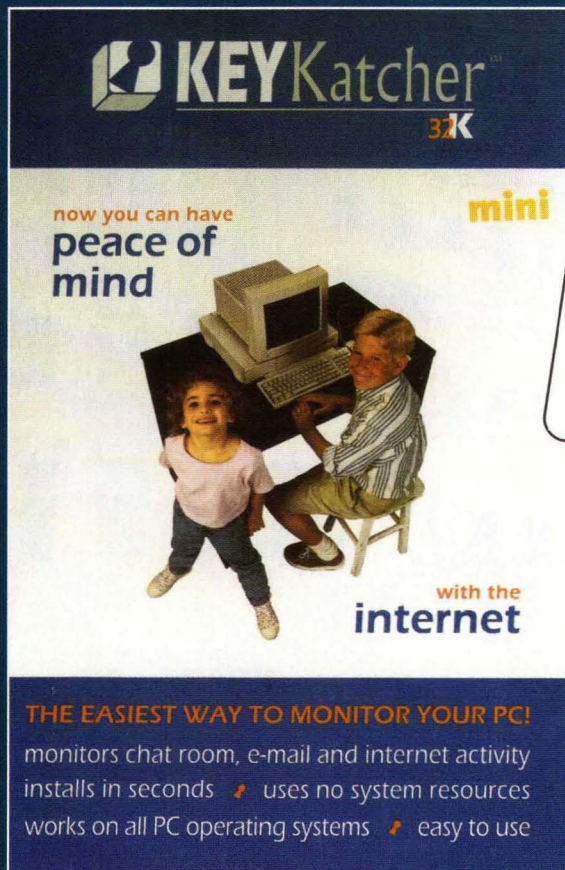
The Secret Intelligence Service had an on-going investigation into Iraq's Niger yellow cake quest at least two years before the bogus documents surfaced. It is possible that someone learned of the investigation, and in an attempt to obtain monies, broke into the Niger Embassy, located offical letterheads, and then created a bunch of faked papers.

It has emerged that the documents were touted to the intelligence world before being offered to the media.

AVAILABLE FROM EYE SPY

Not only is this well constructed item a valuable security tool, it is ideal for parents to protect children from the ever-present dangers on the internet. You will see conversations they are having and know which web sites they are visiting. E-mail and chat room activities are captured for you to see.

Although there is no "off-the-shelf" solution for effective parenting, the KEYKATCHER will be your eyes when you're away. It will provide you with the information you need to protect and communicate with your family.



KEYKatcher
32K

now you can have
peace of mind

mini

with the
internet

THE EASIEST WAY TO MONITOR YOUR PC!
monitors chat room, e-mail and internet activity
installs in seconds • uses no system resources
works on all PC operating systems • easy to use



- Search capability
- Memory remains intact even when unplugged or during power loss
- No software to install
- Virtually undetectable

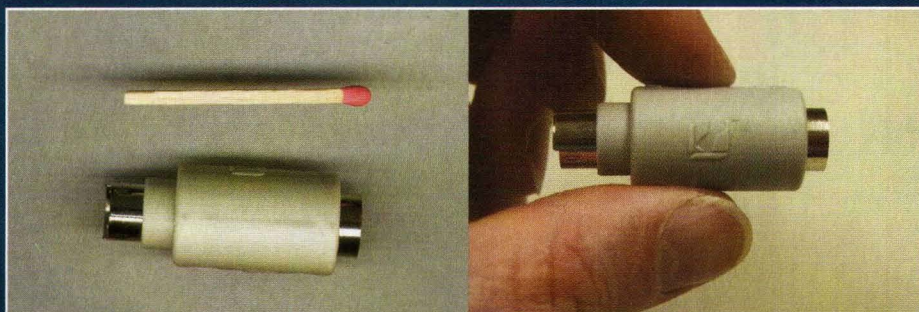
System Requirements

IBM PC compatible computer
(Windows 98, 95, NT Linux)
PS/2 keyboard connector

PORTABLE: The Keykatcher is a hardware only monitoring device. Unlike software, it can be easily moved from computer to computer. You can record on one computer, and read the memory contents on another computer. A compact size allows it to be taken anywhere.

Five various-size KeyKatchers are available from Eye Spy - these prices include postage and packing and air mail to America and rest of world

ES/KK1 (standard size) 32K memory	£60.00	\$59.00
ES/KK2 (mini size) 32K memory	£70.00	\$69.00
ES/KK3 (standard size) 64K memory	£70.00	\$79.00
ES/KK4 (mini size) 64K memory	£80.00	\$89.00
ES/KK5 (standard size) 128K memory	£80.00	\$99.00



Nicolò Pollari

he has a record for extortion and deception. In 1985 he was convicted in Rome and arrested again for similar offences.

US analysts now believe that someone at Niger's Embassy in Rome could be connected to the forgery. "A low-ranking diplomat put the bogus dossier together at the embassy and then sold it to the SISMI for a few thousand dollars," a source told a US television station. And a UN official added his support to that: "The letters on the uranium trafficking were handed over to the Italians by a Niger diplomat."

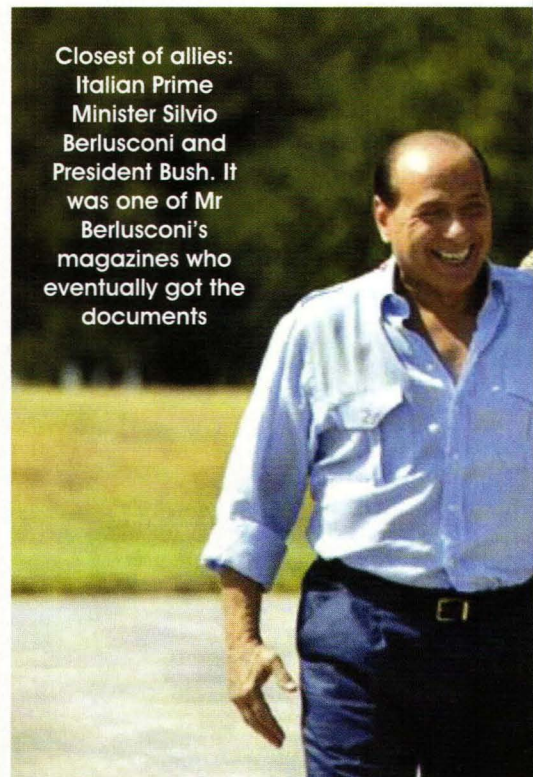
Hadji Abdoulmouine, a senior official at Niger's diplomatic mission in Rome, believes the situation has been exaggerated: "There is no member of our diplomatic corp behind the forgeries: The president of Niger, Tandja Marmadou, in person conveyed this same categorical denial to George W. Bush."

Eye Spy is convinced the mystery person may be planning a cameo appearance later in the year on American television. Perhaps then, a connection can be established with the Niger Embassy break-in and the bogus papers.

1999 - GCHQ AND NSA INTERCEPTS

The world's most powerful spy organisations with respect to the intercept-

Closest of allies:
Italian Prime
Minister Silvio
Berlusconi and
President Bush. It
was one of Mr
Berlusconi's
magazines who
eventually got the
documents

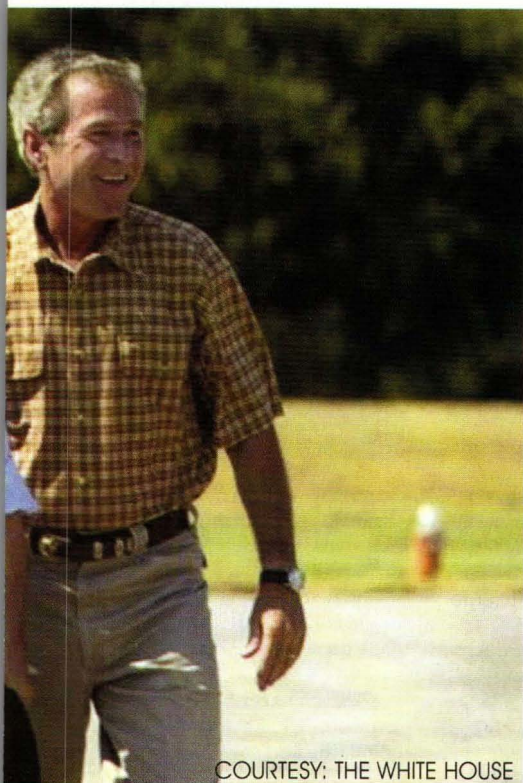


tion of electronic communications are GCHQ and NSA. Like the CIA and MI6, both of these organisations work closely together and rely on each other for assistance.

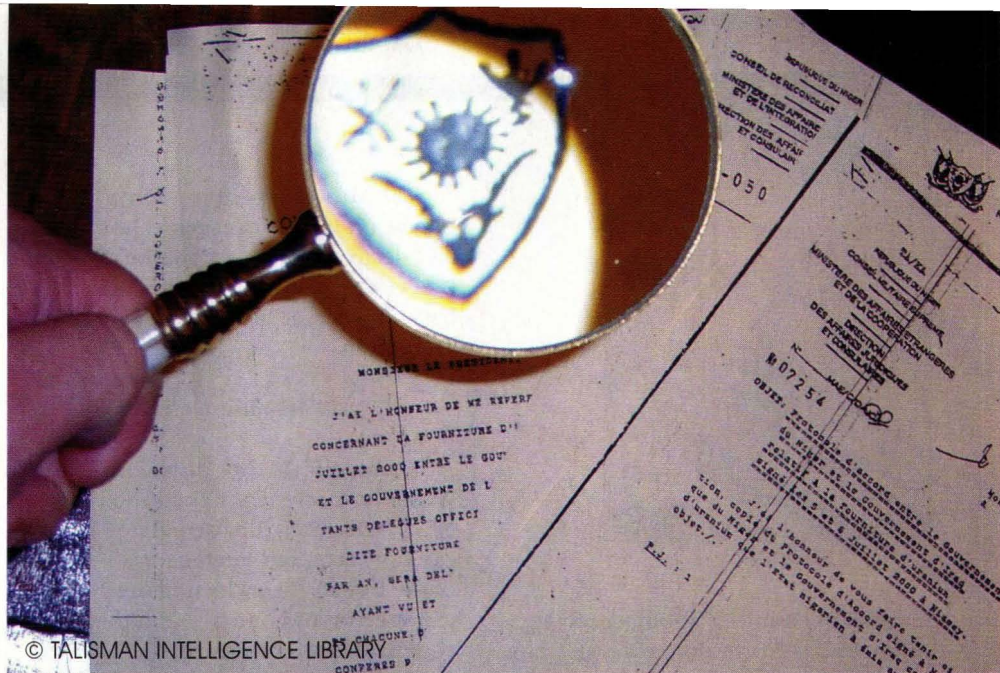
Since 1983, the Via Baiamonti Embassy has been targeted by Italy's eavesdropping agency after agents acquired intelligence on Saddam making a bid for Niger uranium. Indeed, Italy and the UK forged powerful relations after the two nations concurred on Saddam's efforts to acquire yellow cake.

The liaison proved useful, and recorded conversations made in 1999 between Niger's then Ambassador Adamou Chekou and Iraqi diplomats in Rome and Wissam al-Zahawiah, Saddam's ambassador to the Vatican, all proved useful. Italian intelligence, assisted by MI6 agents in Niamey, Niger's capital, helped augment the case file slowly filling on Iraq's nuclear ambitions. Yet the CIA was still reacting cautiously to the forged Niger documents and hesitated to join the operation.

In 1999, GCHQ intercepted a further communication from Iraq, that indicated an attempt would shortly be made to broker a yellow cake deal involving Niger and Baghdad. Yet how could two nations under constant observance hope to get away with shipping tons of ore out of Africa and into Iraq right under the noses of the British and Americans? And in any event, the deal was illegal and wrought



COURTESY: THE WHITE HOUSE



© TALISMAN INTELLIGENCE LIBRARY

with danger. Nevertheless, Saddam had finally seen off the UN weapons inspectors and was feeling confident.

Iraq sent three senior politicians to Niger in 1999, including Wissam al-Zahawie. It is believed that senior UK analysts concluded that the Iraqis had gone to Niger to try and broker a deal on yellow cake.

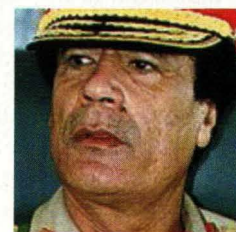
Niger was not the only country visited by al-Zahawie, who has dismissed the uranium intelligence. Al-Zahawie said his purpose in visiting the African nations was to extend an invitation from Saddam to visit Baghdad. "My only mission was to meet the President of Niger and invite him to visit Iraq. The invitation, and the situation in Iraq resulting from the genocidal UN sanctions, were all we talked about. I had no other instructions, and certainly none concerning the purchase of uranium," he said.

To complicate matters further, al-Zahawie's name also appeared on the fraudulent documents.

According to the IAEA: "Every ounce of yellow cake must be accounted for." But the fact of the matter is, it isn't. An example of illegal covert uranium accounting involves Libya and Niger. How did Colonel Gaddafi manage to acquire 2,600 tonnes of uranium ore? For Niger's books show that they supplied just 1,500 tonnes - and they are Libya's prime source for the ore. Intelligence analysts now believe they have found the answer.

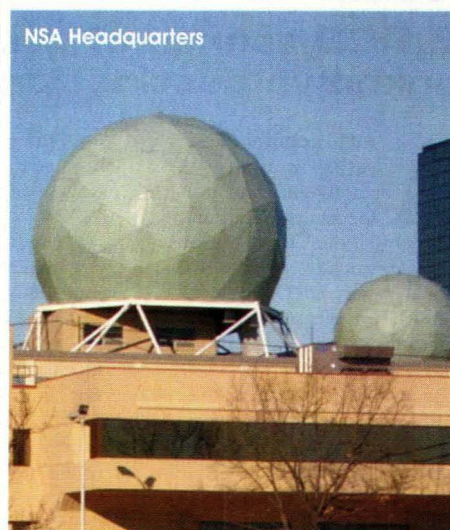
When supplies of ore in Niger's mines are virtually exhausted, or the material is becoming more difficult or too expensive to mine, they are abandoned. The country's two main mining companies, Cominak and Somair, both French firms, simply move on. This relocation goes on

in most forms of mining. For example, when a coal mine in the UK becomes too expensive to operate, it is mothballed. The abandoned mines can still be covertly sourced for coal, and this seems to be the case with Niger's mines. The ore can still be reached, but details of the tonnage will not show up in any books. There is, of course, no evidence whatsoever that the mining companies are aware of the shadowy digging.



Thus a full three years before the 'creation' of the hoaxed Niger documents, MI6 was preparing to take another look at Niger. The service reportedly worked alongside at least two other European intelligence agencies to discover when, where and how the ore would be shipped to Iraq.

Agents were operating in Niger and reported that officials had spoken to a



© TALISMAN INTELLIGENCE LIBRARY

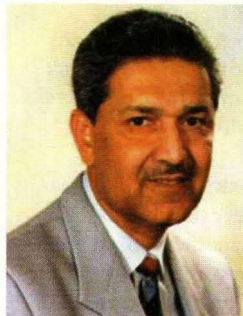


Joseph Wilson

number of countries about supplying yellow cake - North Korea, Libya, China, Iran... and Iraq. Deals with four of those countries were regarded as 'illicit'.

The tri-intelligence service investigation believed ore was being dug from abandoned mines and actually being shipped out. Henceforth, Iran, North Korea and Libya all moved quickly with their nuclear programmes. Guidance, technology and advice in respect of the machinery and technology to create nuclear programmes came from a nuclear smuggling network headed by the brilliant Pakistan scientist,

Abdul Qadir Khan (left).



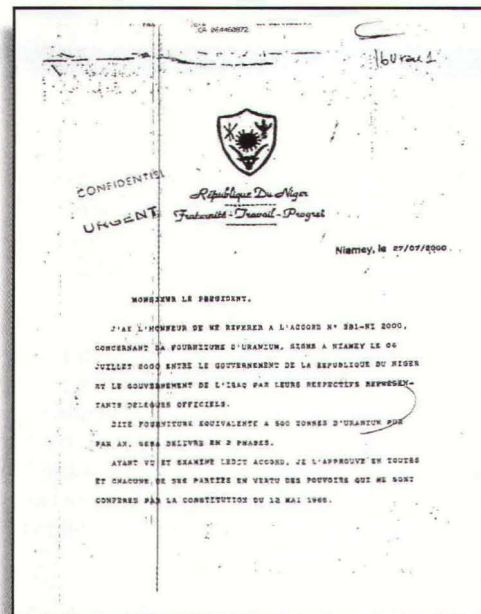
The huge clandestine operation to find the trade routes, the carriers and the money-men was successful. But in the end, Iraq

never did get its hands on yellow cake, and military events soon took over.

The MI6-led operation forced Libya to give up its nuclear secrets last year and destroy huge stockpiles of WMD. It is also why Downing Street will not back-down over the Niger-Iraq uranium accusation.

US Mission to Niger

Eventually the CIA dispatched Joseph Wilson, a former US ambassador to Niger. Amazingly, he carried not MI6's carefully acquired intelligence, but a set of the forged Niger documents. It was a major error and one that could have contributed to the downfall of DCI George Tenet. He reported back to Washington saying the suspected link was nothing more than fantasy. He was also scathing of President Bush. In



another strange twist of fate his wife, Valerie Plame, was exposed in the press as being a CIA officer. Mr Wilson believes it was a dirty tricks unit of the White House that leaked his wife's identity to discredit and embarrass him because of his views.



George Tenet

As reported nearly two years ago in Eye Spy, Niger's most profitable export is goats. There is no doubt that MI6 tracked at least three Iraqi government officials who held several meetings discussing a 'trade agreement'. As one source said: "It is highly unlikely the Iraqis were discussing the shipment of a herd of goats."

THE GHOST MINE OF CONGO

6,000 tonnes of ore being exported to unknown destinations each month

As if to confirm the suspicions of the intelligence world that illegal uranium mining is happening, the United Nations nuclear watchdog, the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), has released details of a four month investigation.

The agency said some 15,000 'self-employed' miners, are quarrying the infamous old colonial Belgium-built Shinkolobwe uranium mine in the Democratic Republic of Congo. It was this mine that supplied the 40 ship-loads of

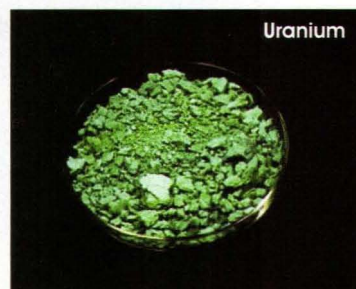
uranium used in the US atomic bombs dropped on Hiroshima and Nagasaki in 1945.

The UN investigation which began in March, has revealed that huge amounts of cobalt, copper, platinum and uranium are being sold to local facilities and then illegally exported around the globe via Zambia. The miners, including some children, are all at risk from cancer and other diseases because of the high-levels of radiation. This however, is "secondary" to the very real possibility that the ore will fall into the hands of terrorists intent

on creating a nuclear or radiological bomb.

Alexandre Essome, spokesman of the special investigative team, said: "The Shinkolobwe mine should be secured and put in the hands of a private company for more disciplined operations... it will avoid the risks, including the trafficking among those who shouldn't get their hands on it."

A South African mining engineer told *The London Times*: "They are digging shafts with crowbars, picks and shovels in



Uranium

extremely unsafe conditions. They are digging in cobalt and nickel-rich veins. But there's a danger that small quantities of radioactive material are finding their way on to the cobalt market. Where that ends up is anyone's guess."

The engineer believes that an astonishing 6,000 tonnes of ore is being dug and sold illegally each month.

The Secret War

THE WORLD'S BIGGEST GAME OF POKER

Time ticks
away as
Israel eyes
Iran's
nuclear
ambitions

For years, Israel's atomic policy has been one of strategic ambiguity - it neither admits nor denies it has nuclear weapons. However, it must be one of the worst kept secrets.

Information provided by Mordechai Vanunu, a nuclear scientist-turned-whistleblower, means that the intelligence world believes Tel Aviv has at least 200+ nuclear warheads - all primed and ready. Yet if Israel's foreign intelligence service, Mossad, is to be believed, neighbours Iran are also within a hairsbreadth of being able to build a nuclear bomb. It is a recipe for confrontation.

In recent months, Mossad agents have supplied a worrying number of intelligence estimates. Analysts say that Iran has continued to forge ahead with

its nuclear programme, this despite much pressure from Britain, Germany and France. The aim of Europe was to persuade Iran to give up its enrichment programme and buy ready-made fuel abroad. Tehran has also caused dismay in the United National Security Council, by continuing to reject inspections of its nuclear facilities. Faced with growing criticism, Iran, hugely proud of its nuclear programme, said it would "reconsider its decision to suspend enrichment of uranium," made last year after protracted negotiations.

DOUBLE STANDARDS?

Intelligence watchers say that Israel's silence over its own nuclear arsenal acts as a deterrent. "It is almost a game of poker being played on a massive scale," an intelligence source told Eye Spy. The stakes are unbelievably high and the result of this 'poker game' could have disastrous implications for the world. In a recent comment, Prime Minister Ariel Sharon hit back at critics who say Tel Aviv should acknowledge its nuclear weapons. "Our no-tell policy [on nuclear weapons], has proven itself and will continue... Israel holds all the elements of power necessary to protect itself - by itself."



جمهوری اسلامی ایران
وزارت اطلاعات

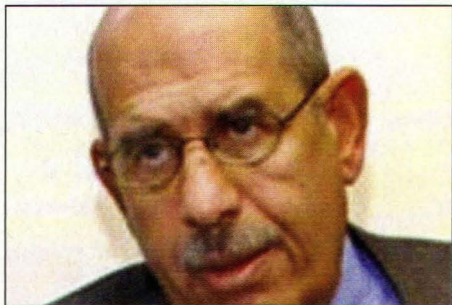


The dangers posed by Iran's nuclear efforts were identified in a leaked Israeli classified intelligence document. The briefing document, produced by senior Israeli intelligence and defence analysts, declared: "Israel should attack countries which develop nuclear weapons," and described Iran as a "suicide nation." The report urged that "elite scientists working on Iran's nuclear programme should be targeted."

In summer, Mr Sharon declared "Iran was the biggest threat to Israel's existence." He continued: "Israel will not allow Iran to be equipped with a nuclear weapon."

IRAN AND RUSSIA

Israel has put together a daring operational plan involving special forces and fighter attack aircraft to launch a pre-emptive strike against Iran's primary



Mohammed ElBaradei

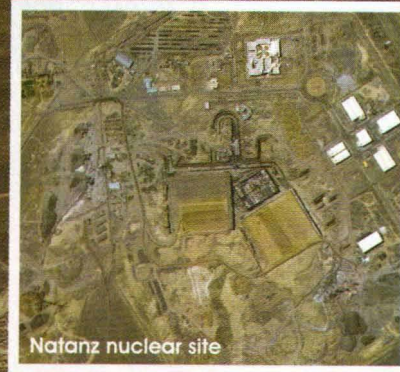
Bushehr nuclear power facility. The operation could take place if a controversial deal between Russia and Iran goes ahead. Other nuclear support sites at Natanz and Arak are also likely to be hit.

The Russian deal involves waste containing plutonium produced by the Bushehr plant. Under a plan that involves the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA), the waste will be sent to Russia. However, the waste needs to cool and this process takes two years. Israel believes it will give Iranian scientists sufficient time to extract the plutonium themselves. Mossad estimates that as much as a quarter of a ton could be produced each year if Bushehr is active. That is enough to build 20 nuclear bombs.

Mr Sharon's comments were made after a meeting in Israel with Mohamed ElBaradei, the respected director general of the IAEA. He wanted to discuss a nuclear-free Middle East, but Israel focused instead on Iran's nuclear ambitions. Mr ElBaradei has admitted that the Vienna-based IAEA, has become increasingly concerned about activities in Iran. Indeed, Eye Spy has learned that some of Mossad's conclusions were actually discussed at the meeting. A diplomatic Mr ElBaradei would simply say: "They expressed much concern about Iran."

Iran's hunt for some specialist equipment has also come under scrutiny by Intelligence services in the West. Tehran has allegedly tried to secure high-speed switches and other equipment necessary to manufacture a nuclear bomb.

The Government of Iran says its nuclear programme is civilian and intended to produce only energy.



Natanz nuclear site



Israel's Special Forces have already rehearsed the operation to destroy Iran's nuclear sites - if Tehran goes through with the Russian contract



© LAW ENFORCEMENT PICTURE LIBRARY



stop... if you really want to know what is going on in the world of intelligence and espionage, there is only one choice... eye spy magazine see page 36 for further details... end

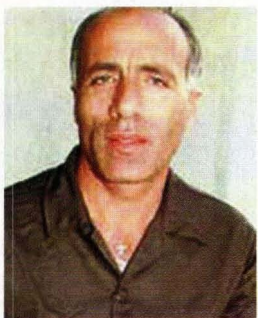


Iran's secret Arak nuclear plant

DIMONA - ISRAEL'S HEADACHE AND PROTECTOR

TEL AVIV: Dimona is Israel's primary nuclear research facility. Mordechai Vanunu, who was released from prison earlier this year, appeared on television saying that IAEA officials should be allowed to inspect the site. Mr ElBaradei said: "In the long-run you need a system where nuclear weapons and other weapons of mass destruction will not be part of your security structure."

Israel is not a signatory to the non-proliferation treaty, thus it cannot be forced to declare itself a nuclear weapons power and accept internationally mandated curbs on atomic activities.



Mordechai Vanunu



100%
SECURE
Superb new
easy to use
shopping
cart!

24 Hours a Day

www.eyespymag.com

FIVE MILLION HITS A MONTH

The commission investigating al-Qaida's 9/11 strikes against the United States have portrayed a scene of confusion, communication failures and a variety of incidents

that border on the chaotic. More puzzling is the fact that cooperation between several major US organisations such as North American Aerospace Command (NORAD) and the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), appears to have broken down in a wave of misunderstood messages and military uncertainty. "There were a lot of things that should have been done that were not," said Thomas Kean, the commission chairman.

The commission has painted a picture of 9/11 few outside the intelligence world have seen.

11 SEPTEMBER 2001

At 8.13am, air traffic controllers noticed that American Airlines Flight 11, enroute to Los Angeles from Boston, had just wandered slightly off course. There was no immediate concern and the captain was informed to adjust his position accordingly. After moving the aircraft back on course, ground control told Flight 11 to climb. Suddenly the line went dead. The controller tried to make contact with the aircraft using an emergency frequency, but failed. At that point he told his immediate supervisor that there was "something seriously

wrong with Flight 11." Ground radar showed that the aircraft had now changed course significantly.

Efforts were made to contact the aircraft again, and at exactly 8.24am, the voice of Mohammed Atta, the head of the terrorist gang, was heard by a still baffled ground control team. "We have some planes... just stay quiet and you'll be okay... we are returning to the airport." A few seconds later the picture became much clearer. "Nobody move, everything will be okay. If you try to make any moves you'll endanger yourself and the airplane. Just stay quiet."



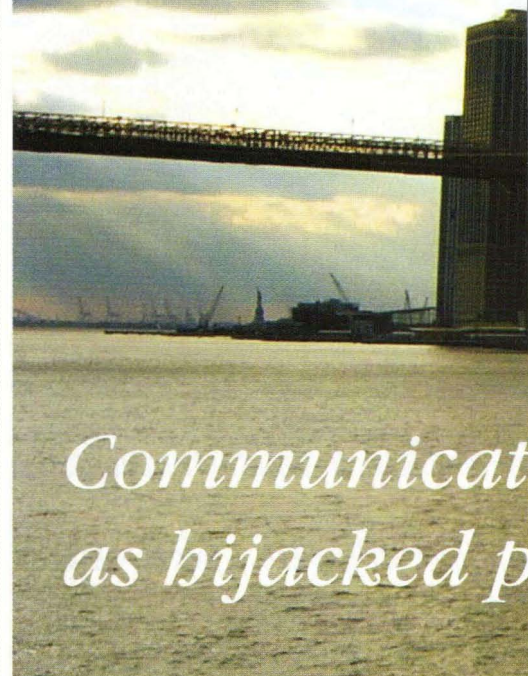
Thomas Kean

A manager at Boston told senior officials in Herndon, Virginia that Flight 11 had been hijacked and that radar showed it heading towards New York City. At 8.34am, Atta made contact with Boston again. "Nobody move please... we are going back to the airport. Don't try to make any stupid moves."

The commission noted that at 8.37am, some 13 minutes after realising that Flight 11 had been hijacked, only then did the FAA notify NORAD in Rome, New York. An FAA official advised: "We need someone to scramble some F16s or something up there." NORAD responded: "Is this real world or exercise?" The FAA manager said: "No... this is not an exercise, not a test..."

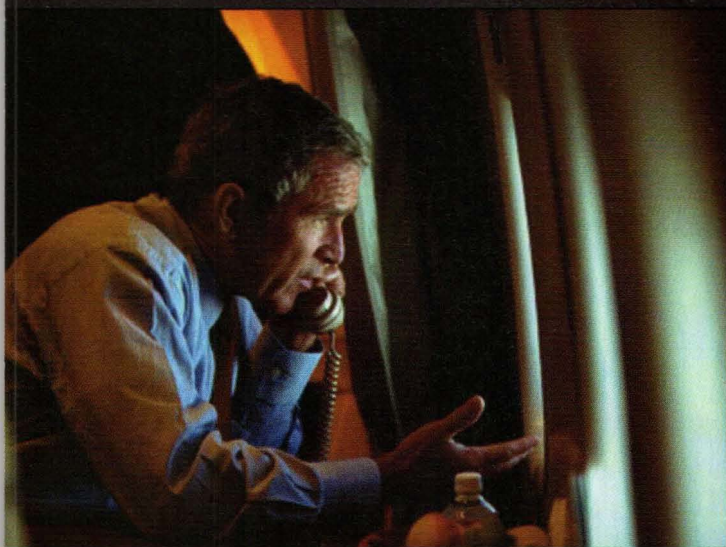
At 8.53am, two F-15 fighter aircraft were scrambled from Otis National

THE B 9/11 - 180



Guard Base, Massachusetts, about 150 miles from New York City. The pilots were given no data regarding Flight 11's position. However, they were already too late. At the same time as the message had reached Otis to launch the fighters

President Bush talks to Vice President Cheney after leaving Offutt AFB on Air Force One



Vice President Cheney at the National Presidential Emergency Operations Center talks to President Bush



ING FREEZE

Minutes of Intelligence Chaos

*ns failures hindered countermeasures
nes neared their targets*

(8.46am), Flight 11, carrying 24,000 gallons of aviation fuel and 81 passengers had already crashed into the northern skyscraper of the World Trade Center. Ground controllers then noticed that Flight 175, which had also taken off

from Boston, began to wander off course. The aircraft then turned off its transponder. The inquiry heard that nobody had noticed the aircraft change course for seven minutes because the operator monitoring this flight was also

responsible for dealing with events surrounding Flight 11.

Some ten minutes after Flight 11 had crashed into the World Trade Center, an FAA manager searching for Flight 175 ➤

Herndon Control Center, Virginia



F-15s pictured at Otis National Guard Base, Massachusetts



Fire rages inside the Pentagon following the terrorist attacks using a civilian airliner. Emergency services arrived at the scene in a matter of moments. Over 180 people died.



COURTESY: US STATES DEPT. OF DEFENSE/USAF

told a colleague, "we might have a hijack here." At 9.01am, an official at Air Traffic Control in New York called the FAA and said: "We have several situations going on here... it's escalating big, big time. We need the military involved with us... we're, we're involved with something else, we have other aircraft that may have a similar situation going on here."

At 9.03am, Flight 175 hit the south tower of the WTC, the same time as NORAD is called to help.

At 9.08am, the Mission Crew Commander for NORAD was informed of the two strikes on New York, he told colleagues: "This is what I foresee that we probably need to do. We need to talk to the FAA. We need to tell them if this stuff is gonna keep on going, we need to take those fighters and put them over Manhattan. That's the best thing, that's the best play right now. So coordinate with the FAA. Tell them if there's more out there [hijacked aircraft], which we don't know, let's get them [fighters] over Manhattan. At least we got some kind of play."

THE STRIKE ON THE PENTAGON

At approximately 8.48am, Indianapolis flight controllers took over responsibility for American Airlines Flight 77 after it had taken off from

Washington's Dulles airport. A few minutes passed then suddenly contact with the aircraft was lost. The flight controller thought that Flight 77 had crashed. It took a further 20 minutes before Indianapolis informed the FAA that the aircraft had 'disappeared'. In fact, the hijackers had turned the transponder off at 8.56am, making it difficult to see on radar. At 9.21am, the FAA, aware of the attack on the World Trade Center, concluded Flight 77 had been hijacked. Flight controllers also believed the aircraft was still airborne.

FAA: Military. Boston Center. I just had a report that American 11 is still in the air, and it's on its way towards... heading towards Washington.

NEADS (Northeast Air Defense Sector): Okay. American 11 is still in the air?

FAA: Yes.

NEADS: On its way towards Washington?

FAA: That was another... it was evidently another aircraft that hit the tower. That's the latest report we have.



At 9.36am, Boston's FAA announced that an aircraft was closing in on Washington. "Latest report... 6 miles southeast of the White House. Six, southwest. Six, southwest of the White House, deviating away."

This message prompted the Mission Crew Commander at NEADS (a division of NORAD), to clear a flight path so fighters from the 307th Squadron at Langley Air Force Base, could intercept. "Okay, we're going to turn it... crank it up. Run them to the White House. However, the commander was horrified to learn that the Langley fighters had started to head east over the ocean, not north towards Baltimore as instructed. "I don't care how many windows you break... damn it... push them back." But the jets were already 150 miles away from Washington.

Ground controllers requested a nearby National Guard C-130H cargo plane to monitor Flight 77. At 9.38am, the captain of the cargo aircraft radioed Washington tower: "It looks like that aircraft crashed into the Pentagon, sir."

The lead fighter pilot trying desperately to get back to Washington told the commission he had no idea why he had been scrambled: "I reverted to the Russian threat. I'm thinking cruise missile threat from the sea. You know, you look down and see the Pentagon burning and I thought the bastards snuck one by us. You couldn't see any airplanes, and no one told us anything."

Seconds before Flight 77 smashed into the Pentagon, a flight controller in Cleveland reported what sounded like screams aboard Flight 93, which had taken off from Newark International Airport at 8.42am. One of the hijackers, identified by the commission as Ziad Jarrah (below), is heard telling passengers. "This is the captain. Would like you all to remain seated. There is a bomb on board and... are going back to the airport, and to have our demands [unintelligible]. Please remain quiet."



At 9.49am, an official at the FAA command center in Virginia contacted FAA headquarters requesting possible military help. However, no one was available to make the decision.



Two F-15's
from Otis
National
Guard Base

FAA headquarters: They're pulling Jeff away to go talk about United 93.

Command center: Do we want to think about... scrambling aircraft?

FAA headquarters: God, I don't know.

Command center: That's a decision somebody's gonna have to make probably in the next ten minutes.



The air traffic control tower at
Washington's Dulles Airport

THE BIG FREEZE

FAA headquarters: Everybody just left the room.

Flight 93 made a sharp turn near Cleveland and began heading towards Washington. Unbelievable bravery from a number of passengers, who stormed the hijackers, meant that more carnage was avoided in the capital. Flight 93 plummeted out of the sky and crashed in fields near the small town of Shanksville, PA.

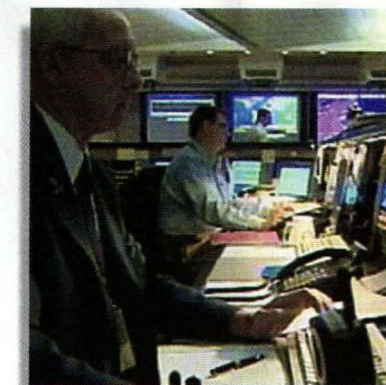
The commission also heard a chilling account from US Vice-President Dick Cheney, who moments after the attack on the World Trade Center, authorised the USAF to shoot down any other hijacked airliners. The order was bizarrely never passed to fighter pilots.

INTEGRATING SYSTEMS

The United States was not prepared for an attack from within. Clearly officials believe that information, specifically about Flights 77 and 93, did not reach NORAD in time.



Monte Belger (left), acting assistant administrator



tor on duty at the FAA on 11 September, told the commission that minutes before Flights 77 and 93 went down, he told his agency to share all of the data with the US military by tele-conference. He said he believed the military was fully aware of the drama unfolding. Only after the devastation did he learn the military was not on the tele-conference line. "I was not happy," he said.

Since 9/11, the FAA and NORAD have integrated radar systems and made stringent efforts to improve all aspects of communication. The rules of engaging hostile or hijacked aircraft have also been revised. Measures have also been introduced that will prevent the "accidental shooting down of aircraft," a defence official said.

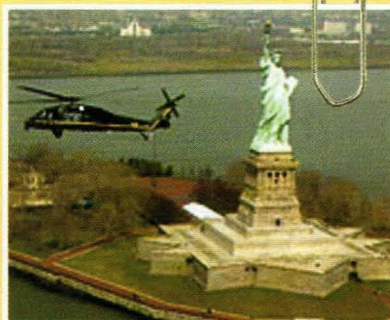
CASE FILE:

MAJOR INCIDENTS OVER NEW YORK AIRSPACE ADD TO CONFUSION

One would image that communication failures between civil and military authorities following 9/11 would have been corrected. However, two recent incidents have again raised the spectre that all is not well in this department.

Two USAF fighter aircraft and a Black Hawk helicopter were scrambled to intercept a small aircraft that, unbeknown to the air force, was carrying the governor of Kentucky to the late President Reagan's funeral. The incident happened because the governor's aircraft had not responded to a request to transmit proper identification. However, it transpired that the pilot had earlier informed the civilian air traffic controller that his transmitter was not working. No message was forwarded to the military, so the USAF acted.

Earlier, a New York FAA controller spotted an 'unidentified aircraft', but was not sure he had full authority to call in the military. By the time NORAD had been informed, the aircraft had long passed over the city.



Ben Sliney, manager at the New York Air Traffic Control (ATC), told investigators that the military had contacted him and asked if he wanted a fighter plane to "escort the suspicious flight." Mr Sliney said he did not know if he had the power to issue such a request. "I don't believe the lines of communication are as clear as they should be," he said. The aircraft was on an innocent photography mission taking pictures of the city's famous skyline.

US politician Jim Turner, who serves on the Homeland Security Committee, said: "The incident raises serious concerns about the government's ability to guard not only the US capital, but the entire region in the event of another airborne attack."

The Ni

Senior British intelligence officers have called for astonishing security changes for the heart of London, as analysts warn of a major catastrophe if al-Qaida attacks Parliament and surrounding buildings.

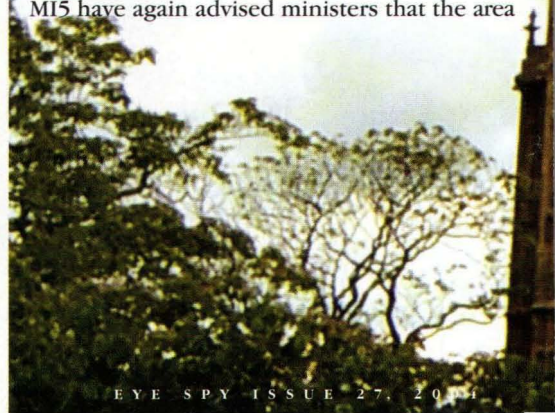
Since 9/11, MI5 has constantly reviewed its security measures around famous tourist landmarks such as Big Ben. More recently, a review of security at Westminster was set up in May after a flour-bomb attack on Tony Blair at Prime Minister's question time.

The full review is not likely to be concluded until autumn, but parts of the MI5 assessment were leaked to a journalist. Now the agency wants to introduce a 'sterile security zone', which would mean sealing off major roads around the Commons debating chamber and introducing new anti-suicide bomb measures. If the plan is accepted, roads and access to important offices, including the Department of Health, Foreign and Commonwealth Office and Ministry of Defence, would all be affected. The 'zone' could extend as far as MI5 headquarters to London's hugely popular tourist attractions around Trafalgar Square.

The MI5 report states a missile fired with accuracy at Big Ben's 148-year-old clock tower could in fact cause the building to topple into the Commons chamber. If ministers were in session, the results would be catastrophic.

MI5 is also recommending that the large black-painted concrete blocks which circle the Palace of Westminster, be removed, because they could be turned into 'lethal projectiles' by a suicide bomber crashing a car or truck into them.

With thousands of cars, trucks and people passing within feet of Westminster every day, MI5 have again advised ministers that the area



Nightmare Scenario

Londoners Prepare For New Outrage

is vulnerable to a truck bomb attack. When the UK waged war with the IRA, the security services had in place an invisible 'ring of steel' to protect important districts, but the new measures would be very visible.

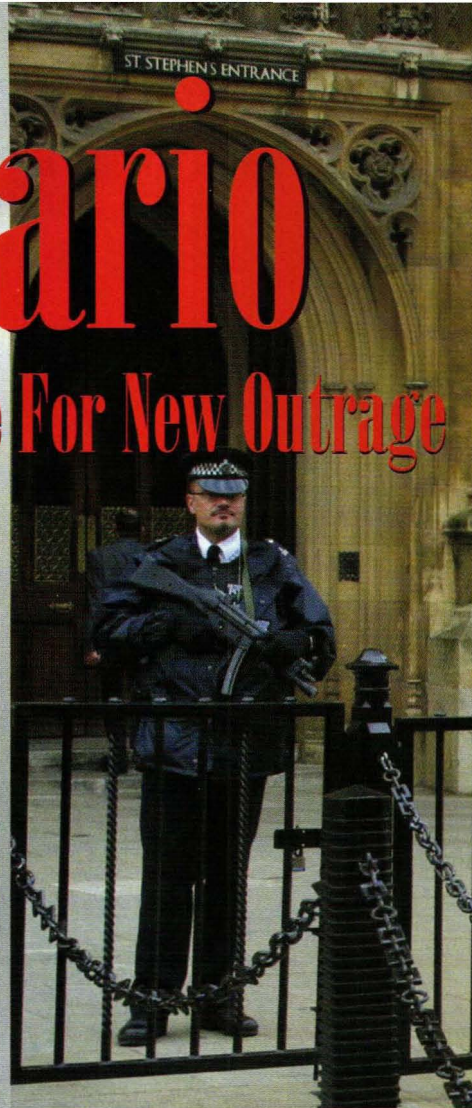
The area would still be accessible by foot and London's famous red buses and taxis will still be allowed to enter the zone. However, coaches and other vehicles, such as those used by service industries, will be liable to security checks. A similar situation exists around major government buildings in the United States. Westminster sources said there are also likely to be recommendations for further screens at the Commons chamber to create a secure zone for MPs and proposals to beef up the security at the various entrances to the Palace of Westminster.

AL-QAIDA VICTORY?

Simon Hughes, Liberal Democrat spokesman for London, was not happy with the proposals: "I understand the pressure to take all possible steps to protect government offices, Parliament and high-ranking figures from terrorism. But any general or regular closure of streets in and around Westminster sends completely the wrong signals and, at this stage, would be an overreaction. These sorts of restrictions can only be justified in exceptional cases and for the shortest period necessary and that's not a situation we're in."

Conservative politician David Davis agreed: "The fight against terrorism will be won by educating everyone as to what to do during an attack and how to remain vigilant. Turning Parliament into a fortress means the terrorists have won and is a bad day for democracy."

Intelligence analysts believe that the review is another indication MI5 and MI6 have gleaned information suggesting Parliament is being targeted by al-Qaida.



Parliament and Big Ben Terror Fears

OUT OF THE SHADOW

Many outside of Whitehall's "ring of secrecy" were surprised at the Prime Minister's announcement in the House of Commons on 20th July, 2004 appointing William Ehrman CMG as the new, interim, Chairman of the Joint Intelligence Committee. Just who was this little-known civil servant? What were his qualifications? And had he any previous experience of the world of intelligence?

Did he meet the criteria recommended by the Butler committee's report? When they said: "We see a strong case for the post of chairman of the JIC being held by someone with experience of dealing with ministers in a very senior role, and who is demonstrably beyond influence, and thus probably in his last post"

The Eton and Cambridge educated, 53-year old diplomat described variously by friends and colleagues as remote, "two-brains"; anonymous; in-the-shadows; "....a very strange fellowlooking like a

boffin, with thick glasses, a squint and hair plastered over his bald patch," seemed, to some, to be an odd choice.

Impeccable Credentials

However, though generally unknown, he has impeccable credentials for the job. An expert on China after his postings to Beijing and language training in Hong Kong, he served with the British UN Mission in New York, in Bosnia and as ambassador in Luxembourg. And he has experience of dealing with senior ministers. When Sir Malcolm Rifkind was Foreign Secretary in 1995, Ehrman was his principal private secretary. In his current role as director-general for defence and intelligence at the Foreign and Commonwealth Office, he has ready access to the Foreign Secretary, Jack Straw and Tony Blair,

While he has not worked for the intelligence services or recruited and run his own agents or operated under cover

**GLENMORE
TRENAR-HARVEY**
Associate Editor of
EYE SPY Intelligence
Magazine reports on the
obscure 'Mandarin' who
speaks Mandarin.

in a hostile country, (unlike his predecessor John Scarlett), he has had a remarkable and deep involvement in intelligence at the highest level.

Such are his credentials in intelligence that, earlier this year, he was mooted as one of the three candidates to replace Sir Richard Dearlove as Chief of the Secret Intelligence Service - SIS (alongside the outgoing Chairman of the Joint Intelligence Committee - John Scarlet, and the deputy chief of SIS, Nigel Inkster).

Let's look a little closer at his involvement in intelligence matters:

Wide Intelligence Experience

With his earlier participation in countering international terrorism and containing the proliferation of WMD he has worked closely with the national security and intelligence administrations of many countries. As Director for International Security, Foreign and Commonwealth Office, he led the British team at the first meeting of the India-UK Joint Working Group (JWG) on international terrorism and drug trafficking.

In October 2002 he was appointed the Director General for Defence and Intelligence at the Foreign and Commonwealth Office (FCO). His roles included oversight of both the SIS and GCHQ intelligence services which come under the FCO. Together with Edward Oakden his Director of International Security, he was also responsible for Counter Terrorism Policy, Drugs & International Crime, Counter Proliferation, Security Policy for our embassies and high commissions and Service Advisers & Attachés.



© FLIGHT IMAGES

VS



He was intimately involved with the role and activities of SIS Intelligence Officer Alistair Crooke who, as the European Union's liaison to the Palestinian Authority on security matters and the former security adviser to EU foreign policy chief Javier Solana, provided Britain with direct contact with Hamas, Islamic Jihad and other Palestinian groups as the British attempted to draw them into the political process.

During regular meetings of the Joint Russo-British Working Group on the fight against terrorism (where he headed up the British delegation) Ehrman was accompanied by senior SIS and MI5 officers and engaged in detailed discussions with their counterparts from the Russian SVR and FSB.



John Bolton

Britain's Secret Intelligence Service (SIS) and the US Central Intelligence Agency (CIA).

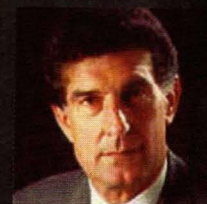
The clinching meeting with the Libyans took place at a traditional haunt of the intelligence community - the *Travellers Club* in London. There Ehrman met the Libyan ambassador Mohammed Azwai, Abdul Ati al-Obeidi, Libya's ambassador to Italy and Musa Kousa, head of Libya's foreign intelligence. He was accompanied by David Landsman, head of the FO's counter-proliferation department, Sir Richard Dearlove the Chief of MI6 and his deputy



Colonel Gaddafi

Nigel Inkster, a former director of operations at MI6, who was closely involved in monitoring the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction.

But possibly his greatest achievement was in encouraging Libya to renounce its use of WMD. Together with John Bolton, the US deputy secretary of state for WMD proliferation and senior officials from



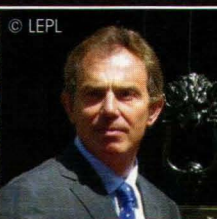
INTELLIGENCE

Clockwise from top left:

- Kevin Tebbit
- Sir Richard Dearlove MI6 'C'
- Eliza Manningham-Buller MI5 DG
- Sir John Scarlett
- Nigel Inkster MI6
- Peter Ricketts
- Sir Nigel Sheinwald
- Sir David Omand

Centre

- William Ehrman



Prime Minister Tony Blair said: "There is now an urgent need to fill the post of JIC Chair, given the continuing operational pressures for intelligence assessment. I have therefore asked Mr William Ehrman, who is currently acting as a Deputy Chair, to take over the Chair of the JIC on an interim basis and to be Head of the Intelligence and Security Secretariat until a permanent appointment can be made."

As a result, Libya agreed to give up its chemical, biological and nuclear weapons or weapons programs and allow experts from the IAEA, United States and Britain to go to Tripoli to take inventory and arrange their destruction.

Complete Immersion in the Intelligence Process

The milieu in which Ehrman operates is full of senior intelligence officials or those with previous service in the security & intelligence services. Prime amongst these is Britain's most senior intelligence chief - Sir David Omand, Whitehall's Coordinator of security & intelligence (and an ex-director of GCHQ), Sir Nigel Sheinwald, Blair's chief foreign policy negotiator (formerly No 10's national security adviser) Sir Peter Ricketts (an ex-chairman of the JIC) and Sir Kevin Tebbit, Permanent Undersecretary at the Ministry of Defence (also an ex-director of GCHQ)

Since he already fulfils the additional post of deputy chairman of the JIC, he meets on a regular basis John Scarlett, the departing chairman of the JIC (And designate Chief of MI6) Sir Richard Dearlove (who retired from MI6 at the end of July), Nigel Inkster, deputy chief of MI6 (and as the service's Chinese expert - another Sinologist), Dr David Pepper, director of GCHQ, the Hon Eliza Manningham-Buller, Director-General of MI5 and the Chief of Defence Intelligence, Lieutenant General Andrew Ridgway.

A wise choice?

Though reputedly an ambitious man, it is thought that he will be a low-key and effective chairman of JIC. As we saw during Hutton he is a punctilious note taker and is unlikely to allow 'T's to be uncrossed or 'i's to remain un-dotted - let alone a caveat to be dropped or a nuance to sink without trace.

Whitehall can breathe a sigh of relief. One of their own has emerged from the shadows - but is unlikely to attract any spotlights. As one senior civil servant said to me: "we now have a safe pair of hands."

JIC CHAIRMAN



The Chairman of the Joint Intelligence Committee (JIC) is responsible for the management of the work of the Committee. The post is specifically charged with ensuring that the Committee's warning and monitoring role is discharged effectively. The Chairman advises the Security and Intelligence Co-ordinator on the funding needs of the Intelligence and Security Agencies and their effective functioning. The postholder assists the JIC in establishing intelligence requirements and priorities for the Agencies, and advises the Security and Intelligence Co-ordinator on matters connected with the Intelligence and Security Committee (ISC) of Parliament. The post is also responsible for the Security Division of the Cabinet Office.

see also page 45 - JIC



DCI George Tenet says goodbye to his staff at Langley.

Mr Tenet appears to have been singled out for harsh criticism by the Senate Intelligence Committee

CIA's BIG WMD Bang

*Dark Days
Ahead as
World's Biggest
Intelligence
Agency Takes
Blame for Poor
Judgment*

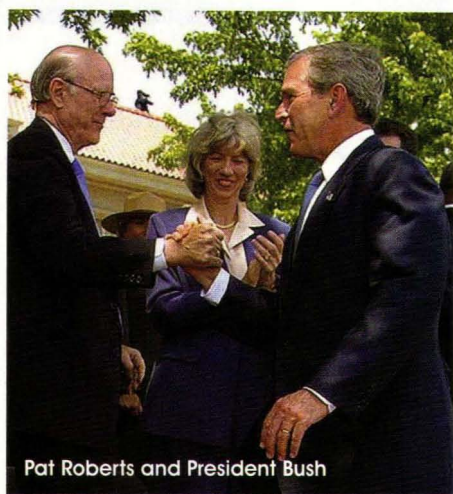
One intelligence watcher told Eye Spy that he was not surprised at the resignation of George Tenet because clearly a bombshell was about to explode on the CIA. That bombshell turned out to be the report produced by The Senate Intelligence Committee investigating intelligence failures in the run-up to the Iraq war. The committee heavily criticised the CIA for failing to challenge 'group thinking' within the agency, 'puzzling analysis', and more damning, that it 'lost its objectivity' - three major errors that ultimately provided the basis for America and other countries to engage Iraq.

George Tenet and an array of senior CIA line managers were "faulted" for not questioning fragile analysis. DCI Tenet was accused of "skewing his advice to President Bush." It also transpired that the CIA received opposing perspectives of Iraq's WMD from other intelligence agencies thought to be the National Security Agency (NSA) and Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA). Mr Tenet "rejected these dissenting views."

Titled *Report on the US Intelligence Community's Prewar Intelligence Assessments on Iraq*, the document was a powerful and bipartisan report that examined the huge amount of data and intelligence that was used by the White House to justify removing Saddam

Hussein. Pat Roberts, the Republican Chairman of the Senate Committee, said the case for making war against Iraq was not only wrong, but it was "unreasonable and largely unsupported by the available intelligence." Undoubtedly the committee's main concern was how the CIA got it so wrong on the suspected stockpiles of weapons of mass destruction, the link between al-Qaida and Saddam and its earlier estimate of the situation on Iraq reconstituting its nuclear programme.

The 510-page report took a full twelve months to produce and "had not been a pleasant task," according to Mr Roberts. In total, the committee came up with 117 conclusions, but recognised that a number of issues need addressing so a



Pat Roberts and President Bush

repeat of "the intelligence debacle" is not made.

CIA NIE OCTOBER 2002

The report is particularly critical of the CIA's *National Intelligence Estimate* (NIE) produced in October 2002, just a short time before Congress decided to vote on authorising war with Iraq. NIE estimates are regarded as sacred by the intelligence world in the United States and, as such, the October assessment had to be taken at face value. However, the committee believed it was hurried and contained "false reports and unchallenged assertions."

Intelligence analysts working with reportedly 'secure reports' told the CIA's hierarchy that Saddam was rebuilding sites that were likely to be used for pushing forward Iraq's nuclear ambitions. Intelligence from other sources indicated Iraq had not destroyed all its weapons of mass destruction and was continuing to produce biological and chemical weapons - much of it from mobile laboratories.

Many of the crucial NIE October 2002 assessments are worth publishing, for the committee was hugely critical of the analysis:

1. *Since United Nations inspections ended in 1998, Iraq has maintained its missile programme and invested more heavily in biological weapons.*
2. *Saddam has probably stocked at least 100 metric tons and possibly as much as 500 metric tons of chemical agents.*
3. *All key aspects of research and development and weaponisation of Iraq's offensive BW [biological warfare] programme are active and most elements are larger and more advanced than before the Gulf War.*
4. *If Baghdad acquires sufficient fissile material from abroad it could make a nuclear weapon within several months.*
5. *Saddam, if sufficiently desperate, might*

The committee's main concern was how the CIA got it wrong on the suspected stockpiles of weapons of mass destruction, the link between al-Qaida and Saddam and its earlier estimate of the situation on Iraq reconstituting its nuclear programme.



decide that only an organisation such as al-Qaida would perpetrate the type of terrorist attack he would hope to conduct.

The NIE was wrong in all these areas, according to the committee. Mr Roberts said: "The case against Iraq had been overstated or was not supported by raw intelligence."

Other analysts were more critical and stated that in the five years prior to the

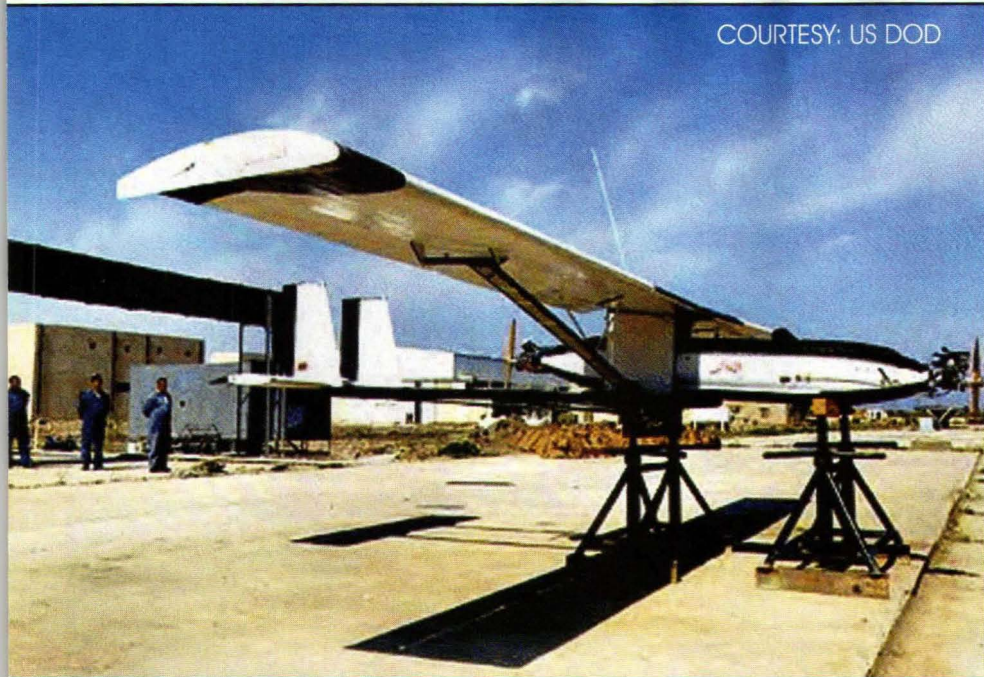
war, the CIA had not one agent in Iraq who could provide good raw intelligence.

ANALYTICAL TRADecraft

Analysis of raw intelligence and an array of misjudgments were also criticised in the report: "A series of failures, particularly in analytical tradecraft led to the mischaracterisations of the intelligence."



The suspected Iraqi mobile chemical producing truck - a red herring



An unmanned aerial vehicle found in Iraq. The SIC found no evidence to suggest Baghdad was going to use the device as a biological and chemical carrier

CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS

The committee was surprised that CIA analysts had so easily reached the conclusion that chemical and biological weapons were still being produced, though it did accept that the agency was right to believe that they *could* be produced.

The report states: "The intelligence reporting did support the conclusion that chemical and biological weapons were within Iraq's technological capability, that Iraq was trying to procure dual-use materials that could have been used to produce these weapons and that uncertainties existed about whether Iraq had fully destroyed its pre-Gulf War stocks of weapons and precursors.

"Iraq's efforts to deceive and evade UN weapons inspectors and its inability or

unwillingness to fully account for pre-Gulf War chemical and biological weapons and precursors could have led analysts to the reasonable conclusion that Iraq may have retained those materials, but intelligence analysts did not have enough information to state with certainty that Iraq has these weapons."

Of the CIA, Mr Roberts said: "There is a difference between what they know, what they don't know and what they think." That tri-part analysis was never reported to Congress or senior officials in the White House, which means President Bush was purportedly never fully informed.

INTELLIGENCE 'GROUP THINK'

The committee was surprised that so many "basic errors" had been made by intelligence analysts in interpreting intelligence. It was also uneasy that CIA line managers had not discovered the errors or chose not to raise concern with their superiors. The report said: "This 'group think' dynamic-led intelligence community manages to interpret ambiguous evidence as conclusively indicative of a WMD programme as well as to ignore or minimise evidence that Iraq did not have active and expanding weapons of mass destruction.

"The roots of the IC's [intelligence community] bias stretch back to Iraq's pre-1991 efforts to build WMD and its efforts to hide these programmes. The fact that Iraq had repeatedly lied about its pre-1991 WMD programmes, its continued deceptive behaviour and its failure to fully cooperate with UN inspectors left the IC with a predisposition to believe the Iraqis were continuing to lie about their WMD efforts. This bias was likely further

reinforced by the IC's failure to detect the September 11 plot."

NUCLEAR ACTIVITY

The Select Committee was particularly harsh on the CIA's claim that Iraq could have a rolling nuclear programme: "The assessment that Iraq is reconstituting its nuclear programme was not supported by the intelligence provided to the committee. The intelligence reporting did show that Iraq was procuring dual-use equipment that had potential nuclear applications, but all of the equipment had conventional military or industrial applications."

HUMAN INTELLIGENCE (HUMINT)

For some years now the lack of HUMINT in Iraq has been of major concern to senior CIA officials. The committee launched a scathing attack on the agency's reliance on technology and foreign agencies to obtain such specialist intelligence. The report stated: "Because the United States lacked an official presence inside Iraq, the intelligence community depended too heavily on defectors and foreign government services to obtain HUMINT on Iraq's weapons of mass destruction activities."

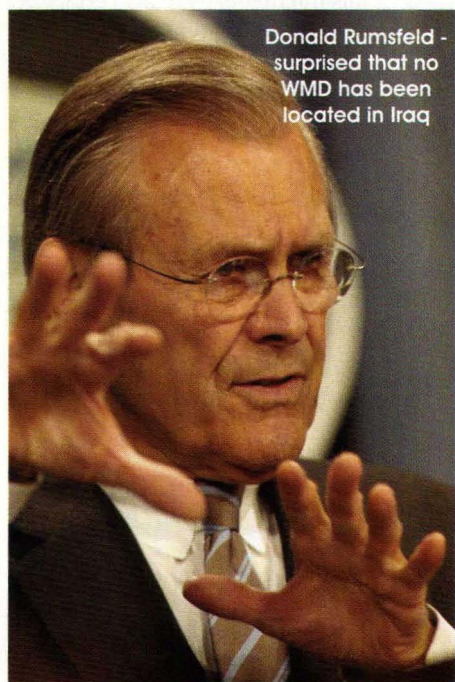
This HUMINT was particularly "flawed" on two other controversial subjects, mobile biological weapons' laboratories, and unmanned aerial vehicles (UAVs). The report stated: "The committee found serious lapses in its handling of the principal source behind the assessments that Iraq had a mobile biological weapons programme."

As for Iraqi UAVs: "Numerous intelligence reports confirmed that Iraq was developing a small UAV programme - but none of the reports provided to the committee said that Iraq intended to use the small UAVs to deliver chemical or biological weapons."

POLITICAL PRESSURE?

It has been suggested on more than one occasion that the White House and senior political figures pressured the CIA into producing its controversial NIE. However, the report makes clear that this is not the case, though suspicion remains: "The committee found no evidence that officials attempted to coerce, influence or pressure analysts to change their judgments related to WMD destruction capabilities."

Frequent visits to CIA headquarters by Vice-President Dick Cheney before the Iraq war had many observers believing he



Donald Rumsfeld - surprised that no WMD has been located in Iraq



was indeed coercing analysts. This rumour was also investigated by the committee who reported: "The committee found no evidence that the Vice President's visits to the CIA were attempts to pressure analysts by those who participated in the briefings on Iraq's weapons of mass destruction programmes, or did pressure analysts to change their assessments."

DCI Tenet Says CIA Successes Will Be Remembered

A few hours prior to the Senate Select Committee on Intelligence released its critical report on the US intelligence community's prewar performance on Iraq, CIA Director George Tenet defended his agency's progress and made it clear he is opposed to any outside interference in its operations.

In a farewell address to CIA employees, Tenet said the CIA's record would ultimately be vindicated

and called on lawmakers to be fair in their assessment. He told agency employees: "In the end, the American people will weigh and assess our record - where intelligence has done well, and where we have fallen short. And, aware of the difficulties and limitations that we face, they will recognise and honour your service. My only wish is that those whose job it is to help us do better show the same balance and care: in

recognising how far we have come, in recognising how bold we have been, in recognising what the full balance sheet says. If people or leaders want to take you back in a different direction, then it is your voices that must be heard to say we know better and we're not going to put up with it."



Some military and intelligence analysts think the Iraq war has diverted much-needed resources to tackling al-Qaida and other terrorist groups. These images show US Special Forces still searching for Osama bin-Laden in Afghanistan (inset); while a US soldier trains a fighter of Afghanistan's fledgling new army of 30,000.

COURTESY: US ARMY/DOD

Each highly collectable edition represents a worldwide overview of global events

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

- United Kingdom: £25.00
- USA: \$45.00 • Canada: C\$57.50
- Europe: £30.00 • ROW: £32.00

BACK ISSUES

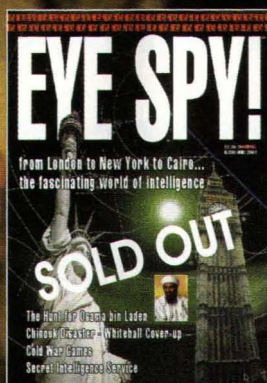
EYE SPY MAGAZINE BACK ISSUES:
ORDER FROM UK OR NEW YORK
ADDRESS ONLY (PAGE 82) OR AT
www.eyespyimag.com
monies payable
'Eye Spy Publishing Ltd'



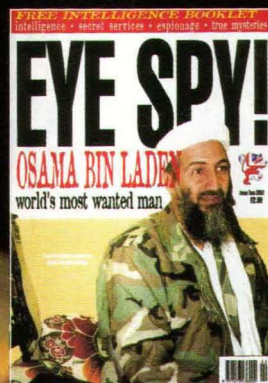
EYE SPY USA READERS CAN NOW
ORDER BACK ISSUES DIRECT FROM
OUR ADDRESS IN NEW YORK CITY OR
RING TOLL FREE 877 309 9243

* Other items can also be ordered via this number

VOLUME 1



Issue 1 Ref: ES/01 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50

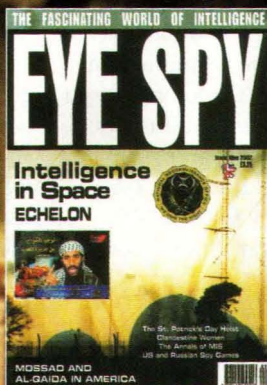


Issue 2 Ref: ES/02 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50

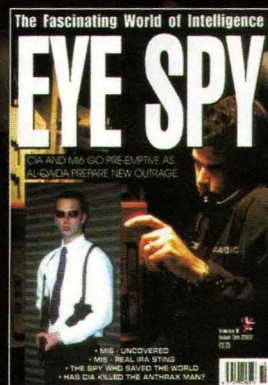


Issue 3 Ref: ES/03 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50

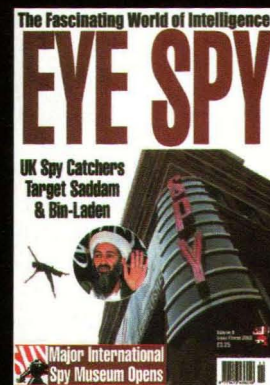
VOLUME 2



Issue 9 Ref: ES/09 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



Issue 10 Ref: ES/10 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50

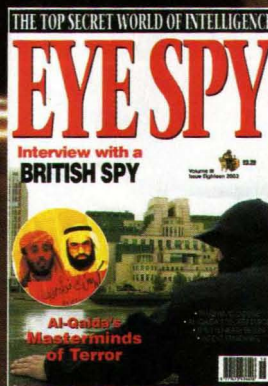


Issue 11 Ref: ES/11 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50

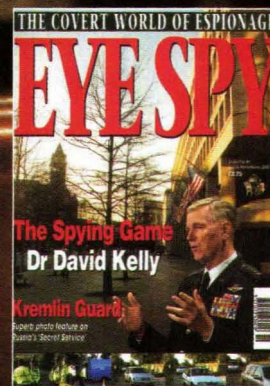
VOLUME 3



Issue 17 Ref: ES/17 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50

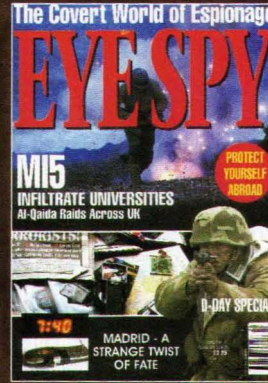


Issue 18 Ref: ES/18 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50

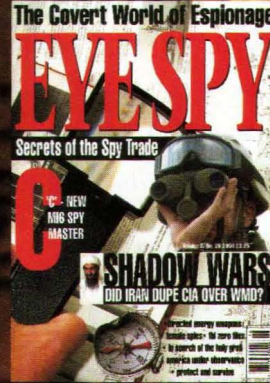


Issue 19 Ref: ES/19 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50

VOLUME 4



Issue 25 Ref: ES/25 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



Issue 26 Ref: ES/26 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50

United Kingdom, Europe, ROW

UNITED KINGDOM, EYE SPY SUBSCRIPTION FORM 2004
(and all overseas countries except North America)

Name _____ Address _____

Post Code _____ Country _____ email _____

I would like to subscribe to Eye Spy! for 8 issues: Please make your cheque or money order payable to: **EYE SPY PUBLISHING LTD** I enclose Cheque/Postal Order for _____ / _____

• UK £25.00 • EUROPE £30.00 • AUSTRALIA £32.00 • ROW £32.00

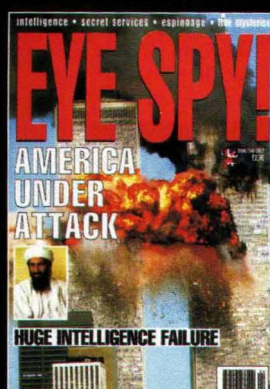
For credit card payment by Visa, MasterCard

Credit Card No: _____ Expiry Date: _____

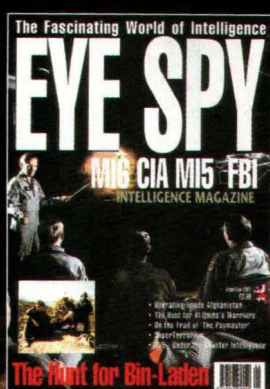
Send to: Eye Spy Publishing Ltd, P O Box 10, Skipton,
North Yorkshire, BD23 5US, England

Telephone: 01756 770199 Or subscribe at: www.eyespyimag.com

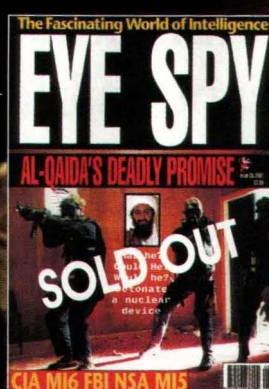
YOUR BRIDGE TO THE COVERT
WORLD OF ESPIONAGE



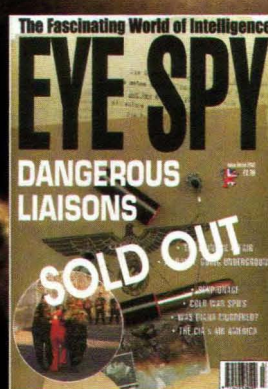
Issue 4 Ref: ES/04 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



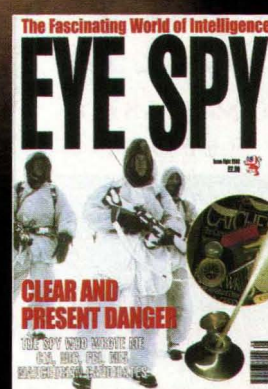
Issue 5 Ref: ES/05 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



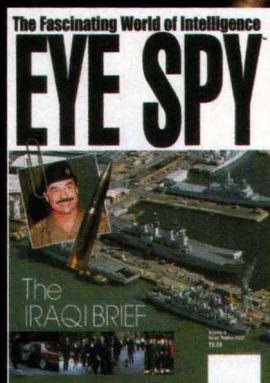
Issue 6 Ref: ES/06 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



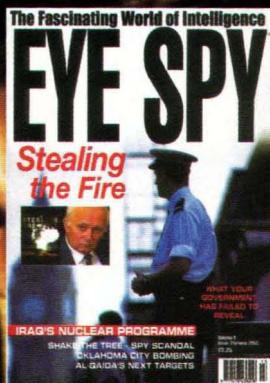
Issue 7 Ref: ES/07 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



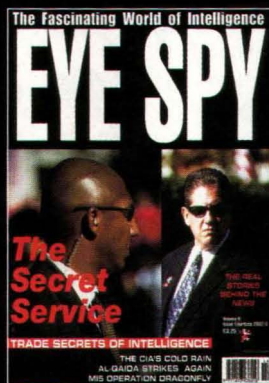
Issue 8 Ref: ES/08 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



Issue 12 Ref: ES/12 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



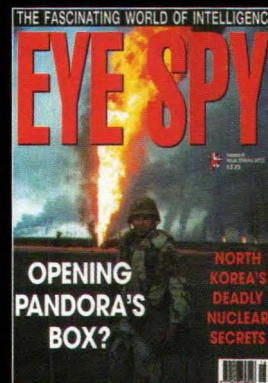
Issue 13 Ref: ES/13 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



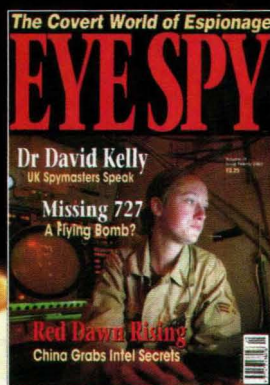
Issue 14 Ref: ES/14 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



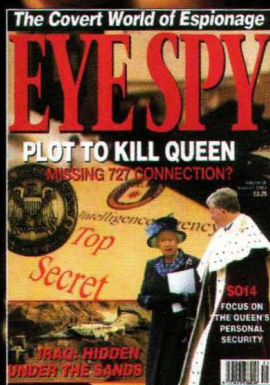
Issue 15 Ref: ES/15 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



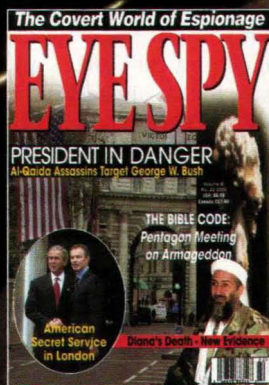
Issue 16 Ref: ES/16 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



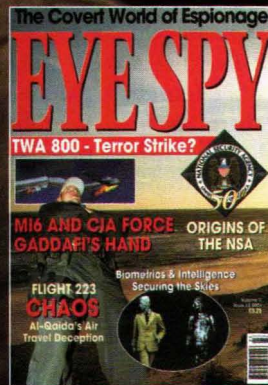
Issue 20 Ref: ES/20 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



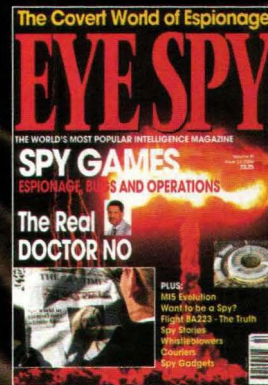
Issue 21 Ref: ES/21 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



Issue 22 Ref: ES/22 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



Issue 23 Ref: ES/23 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50



Issue 24 Ref: ES/24 USA \$7.00
UK £3.50 EUR €4.50

United States, Canada

NORTH AMERICAN EYE SPY SUBSCRIPTION FORM 2004

Name _____ Address _____

State/Province _____ Zip Code _____

email _____ I would like to subscribe to Eye Spy for 8 issues:

• USA \$48.00 • CANADA C\$57.50 PAYPAL: eyespy@eyespy.com

Please make your check or money order payable to: **EYE SPY PUBLISHING LTD**

I enclose Check/Postal Order for _____ / _____

For credit card payment by Visa, MasterCard

Credit Card No: _____ Expiry Date: _____

Mail to:

Eye Spy International
Empire State Building, 350 Fifth Ave, Suite 3304-22H,
New York, NY 10118-0069

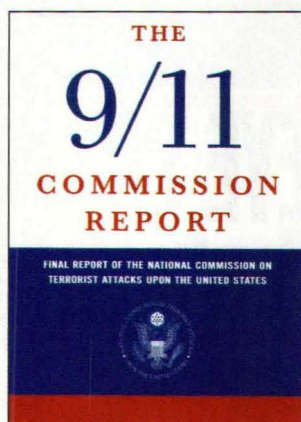
Phone: Toll free 7.00am - 4.00pm, Mon-Fri 1-877-309-9243

Online visit: www.eyespy.com

USA READERS CAN
SUBSCRIBE, ORDER BACK
ISSUES, BOOKS ETC. USING
OUR DEDICATED UK
OPERATOR CONTROLLED

TOLL FREE NUMBER!

**877 309
9243**



9/11 Commission releases 'responsible' investigation of how al-Qaida killers breached poor US security

Thomas Kean, the head of the 9/11 commission, said America faces a terrorist threat even worse than that of 2001. "We do not have the luxury of time. We must prepare and we must act now." Faced with the real prospect of another outrage in future months, Mr Kean warned: "Every expert with whom we spoke told us an attack of even greater magnitude is now possible and even probable," said Mr Kean. "Put simply, the United States is faced with one of the greatest security challenges in our long history."

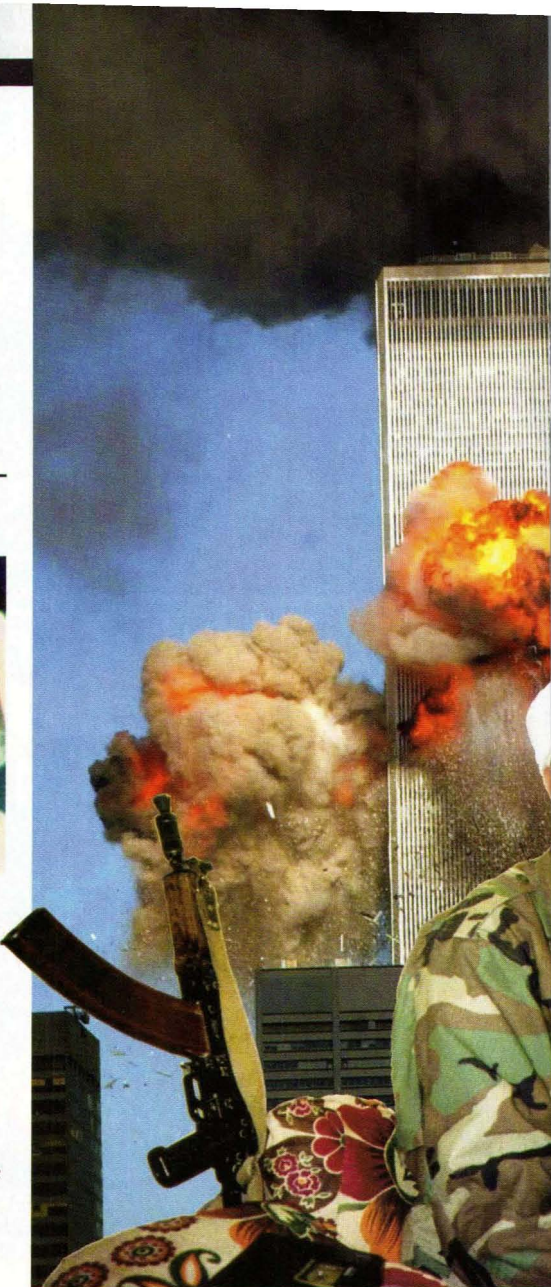
Detailed and highly responsible, the 567-page report is the result of 20 months research and based on more than 2,000 interviews with senior officials. Ultimately it reveals how the US security services failed to grasp the increasing threat posed by al-Qaida terrorists.

The commission carefully traced the origins of the operation - all the way back to a meeting in a cave at Tora Bora in Afghanistan. It was here that Osama bin-Laden and Khalid Sheikh Mohammed, the uncle of Ramzi Yousef - the head of the gang which carried out the 1993 World Trade Center attack - met and plotted the outrage.

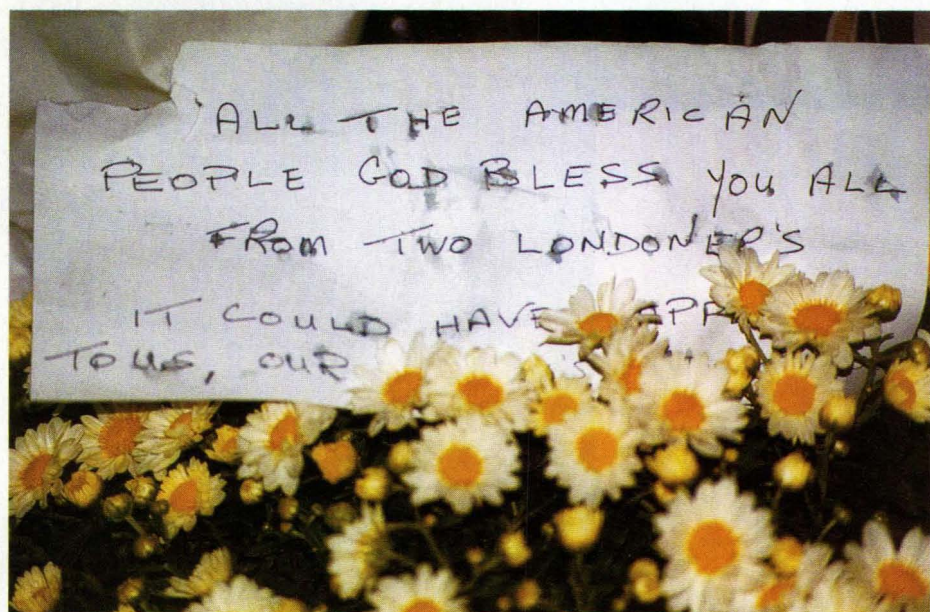


Khalid Sheikh Mohammed

Mohammed Atta - al-Qaida's military planner - gave the go-ahead for the operation in late 1998 or early 1999. The initial plan was to hijack ten airliners, nine of which would be flown into tall buildings on the west and eastern seaboard of America; the headquarters



When the Wind Blows



WARNINGS IGNORED OR MISSED

America's intelligence community "ignored" obvious warnings, said the commission. The attacks might therefore have been prevented. Reading like a crime thriller, the report says the authorities were hopelessly outwitted by a bunch of people armed only with small knives and cans of pepper spray. The reason? "No one was looking for them."

Mohammed Atta and his friends were described as "flexible and resourceful." But countermeasures to thwart terrorism were simply not adequate. America never suspected it was possible for terrorists to mount such a devastating operation on home soil.

The commission concluded that the strikes were "a shock, but not a surprise." It detailed a litany of intelligence failures to act upon the "drumbeat of warnings" that al-Qaida was planning a "spectacular attack on American soil." However, it also hinted that the terrorists may have used a clandestine support network operating in Florida, Virginia and California. That network may or may not have been dismantled.

The bipartisan report said President Bush and his predecessor, President Clinton, were not to blame for not thwarting the al-Qaida plot. Blame was apportioned collectively, thus every



9/11 INTEL FLAWS:

SUBJECT: INTELLIGENCE ERRORS THAT LED TO THE ATTACK ON THE UNITED STATES

■ Failing to include the hijackers Khalid al-Mihdhar and Nawaf al-Hazmi on a new terrorist watch list. The two were linked by the CIA to al-Qaida and were known to have entered the US in the summer of 2001. US agents lost track of them. The men later boarded Flight 77, which crashed into the Pentagon.

■ Not sharing information that linked individuals in the October 2000 bombing of the USS Cole in Yemen to al-Mihdhar, who had contacts with a long-time FBI informant. The suicide boat attack killed 17 American sailors.

■ Not taking more urgent steps to find al-Mihdhar and al-Hazmi in the United States.

■ Not linking the August 2001 arrest of Zacarias Moussaoui to the threat of an upcoming attack. Moussaoui was arrested after arousing suspicion at a Minnesota flight school. He has admitted belonging to al-Qaida but denied that he was part of the 9/11 plot.



■ Not discovering obvious false statements on Visa applications by some of the hijackers who would later enter the country.

■ Not recognising that some of the hijackers' passports were obviously fraudulent.

■ Failing to expand no-fly lists to include names from terrorist watch lists.

■ Not searching airline passengers identified by a computer-based airline screening system known as the Computer-Assisted Passenger Pre-screening System.

■ Not strengthening the cockpit doors of passenger aircraft or taking other measures to prepare for the possibility of suicide hijackings.

- Red Flags Fly

of the FBI and CIA, and nuclear power plants. Khalid Sheikh Mohammed was to pilot the tenth aircraft himself. After killing the passengers and crew, he would land the aircraft and deliver a speech. He was to talk about America's support of Israel and warn Arab governments about their liaison with the USA. "He was the self-cast super star," said the report.

Bin-Laden had other ideas, and scaled-back the plan. Nevertheless, the report says another operation was discussed. A Saudi air force pilot and a recruit to al-Qaida, was to "commandeer a fighter aircraft and attack the Israeli city of Eilat.

section of the US intelligence community should take some responsibility. The commission also supported America's war on terror and said the US had become safer, but was not safe.

IRAN AND IRAQ

Many questions asked by the public and intelligence worlds alike, were answered in a genuine attempt to demystify the affair. For example, there were no *close links* between Saddam Hussein's regime and al-Qaida. It also dismissed a report of a meeting in Prague in April 2001 between Mohammed Atta, and an Iraqi intelligence officer.

World Trade Center Deaths



North Tower: 1,466
 South Tower: 624
 Unknown Tower: 43
 AA Flight 11: 87
 UA Flight 175: 60

Emergency Services

New York City Fire Dept: 421
 New York City Police Dept: 23
 Port Authority Police: 37
 Hospital/Paramedics: 7
 Federal: 2
 Others: 9

Bystanders: 18

9/11 commission said al-Qaida
 had wanted to crash airliners into
 nuclear plants

Iran was mentioned by the commission. Several of the terrorists crossed Iran on their way from Saudi Arabia to the US. However, a direct link between the gang and Tehran was not found - but neither could it be ruled out. Indeed, Eye Spy was informed that a secret investigation has been ordered to examine other related issues not incorporated in the 9/11 report. "Iran was far more involved than we think," said an intelligence analyst.

SOME MISSED CLUES

On 23 March 2001, the National Security Adviser, Condoleezza Rice, was

told that al-Qaida terrorists were already in the US and that they might use a truck bomb in Washington. Other US intelligence agencies warned of "something very, very, very big." Former DCI George Tenet said: "The system was blinking red... but the information pointed to an attack outside the USA."

In May the FBI issued a report stating that al-Qaida had plans to attack London, Boston and New York. Then in late August a CIA report, *Islamic Extremist Learns to Fly*, landed on Mr Tenet's desk. The CIA warned the US Embassy in Paris of "subjects involved in suspicious 747 flight training." Had

these, and a multitude of other intelligence signals been put together, the attacks could have faltered.

In total, nine missed opportunities by the CIA, the FBI, the immigration service and the air transport authorities were listed. However, the commission concludes that the attacks would probably have gone ahead.

The commission has called for a complete overhaul of the country's intelligence bureaucracy, and the creation of a new intelligence tsar with cabinet rank.

Continued on page 83

New York City Fire Department
 lost 421 officers

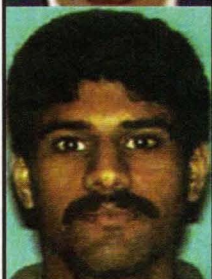
New York City Police 60



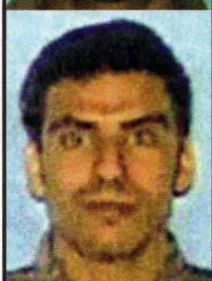
Dulles airport terminal
where the terrorists
boarded Flight 77



Salem al-Hazmi



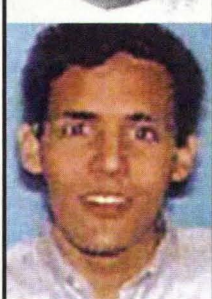
Nawaf al-Hazmi



Khalid al-Mihdhar



Hani Hanjour



Majid Moqed

THE DULLES AIRPORT VIDEO

Several of the hijackers who crashed American Airlines Flight 77 into the Pentagon, set off an alarm system (twice), as they passed through metal detectors that morning at Washington Dulles International Airport. Security screeners seemed not to question them. Some of the terrorists carried utility knives in their personal baggage. Legislation at the time, meant that if the blades were less than four inches in length, "they were not considered menacing." The evidence was released on a newly disclosed surveillance video.

It is the only known film footage showing any of the nineteen hijackers boarding their final flights.

The video shows metal detectors signalling, but after a brief check, the men were allowed to board Flight 77.

The video also shows an airport screener hand-checking the baggage of one hijacker, Nawaf al-Hazmi, for traces of explosives. He was beside his brother, Salem, a fellow hijacker. Amazingly, al-Hazmi had been added to a US government terrorism watch list just weeks earlier. Khalid al-Mihdhar and Majed Moqed are also on the video - taken at around 7.18am. The terrorists had purchased their Flight 77 tickets on 5 September 2001, at the American Airlines counter at Baltimore's airport.

Fifty eight people died (including the hijackers), and six crew members, along with 125 employees at the Pentagon, when Flight 77 hit the Pentagon at 9.39am.

The pair were known to have travelled together previously and had paid cash to purchase their tickets. Al-Mihdhar and Nawaf al-Hazmi had been known to be associated with al-Qaida since early 1999 by the National Security Agency, and were put on a terrorism watch list on 24 August 2001.

Only Hani Hanjour, believed to have been the hijacker who piloted Flight 77, passed through Dulles security that morning without being subjected to a secondary security check, according to the video.

Nawaf al-Hazmi, described by the commission as Mohammed Atta's "right-hand man" set off two metal-detectors. A screener then manually checked him with a handheld device.

Nawaf and his brother were told to move to another counter. Nawaf's handheld luggage was checked with an explosive trace detector. Both men were allowed through.



Nawaf al-Hazmi, and his brother, Salem



Khalid al-Mihdhar

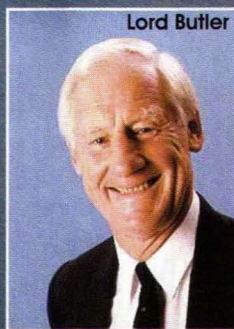


Hani Hanjour



Nawaf al-Hazmi

MI6 agents in Iraq provided "flawed intelligence"



THE BUTLER REPORT

Former Cabinet Secretary, Lord Butler of Brockwell, and his committee of four Privy Counsellors produced a scathing report on the quality of intelligence used by the Secret Intelligence Service that was included in the JIC's (Joint Intelligence Committee) controversial September 2002 Iraq weapons dossier. He was also highly critical of the way the JIC, chaired by John Scarlett, who is shortly to take up his post as head of MI6, had drawn up its report.

The 179-page report confirmed what most people had already suspected - much of the intelligence was poor, though it had to be viewed through the environment in which it was gleaned.

STORM CLOUDS G IRAQ'S MI6 AGENTS OF

In 2002, MI6 asked its small number of agents in Iraq to quantify the threat of Saddam's WMD programmes. Over a period of months, information trickled back to London that the programmes were real and that the dictator still had ambitions to build chemical and biological weapons. Saddam's nuclear bomb project was also moving steadily forward. Other intelligence from the agents confirmed Baghdad had a rolling convoy of mobile research laboratories and that work was progressing on medium and long-range rockets that could ultimately threaten countries on the fringes of Europe. It was heady stuff, but largely inaccurate, according to Lord Butler.

Lord Butler asked MI6 why its procedures had "gone astray in gathering intelligence in Iraq." Sir Richard Dearlove, 'C', replied: "I would say now we are victims of a lack of experience and a lack of sufficiently expert resources to apply to one case - Iraq. And then, of course, there is pressure on the service to produce... and what you have to bear in mind in the period from about the middle of 2002 is that we were trying to ramp up our coverage in Iraq."

Sir Richard Dearlove told Lord Butler that MI6 simply did not have the resources or funds to implement a new range of assessment techniques developed in 2001. If the plans had been activated, evaluation of some of the intelligence would almost certainly have been different.

"The service has a very tough source evaluation process which was completely revised in the period late 1999 to 2001. It was a long exercise and we introduced new processes and systems. They, for resource reasons, obviously couldn't be immediately applied, because they are heavy duty," said Sir Richard.

Intelligence analysts had to rely on information provided by just half-a-dozen agents. Working in a secret and tough environment was made even more difficult because on every corner, Saddam's spies were watching. It was difficult for the agents to meet their handlers. Instructions and follow-up investigations were almost impossible to achieve. MI6, which has a huge and well established spy network, was asked to speed-up its generation of intelligence, this meant that errors would undoubtedly occur. ➤

ATHER OVER MI6 DECEPTION?

This dramatic photograph of MI6 headquarters in London, shortly before the Butler Report was published, seems to reflect the nervousness of the world's most respected secret intelligence service...

© TALISMAN INTELLIGENCE LIBRARY



Ministry of Defence, London. Some MOD staff almost certainly warned that the WMD intelligence was wrong

© TALISMAN INTELLIGENCE LIBRARY

Lord Butler's report contains details of MI6's 2002 operation to get more intelligence. "Five main sources" were used. Two of the agents supplied reports that were "dominant in terms of both the number of reports and influence on the JIC assessments." However, the UK "did not generally have agents with first-hand, inside knowledge of Iraq's nuclear, chemical, biological or ballistic missile programmes. As a result, intelligence reports were mainly inferential."

Following the fall of Saddam's regime, MI6 has been working hard in Iraq examining its prewar intelligence acquired by the agents. Lord Butler's

findings makes uncomfortable reading: "...there is doubt on a high proportion of those sources and of their reports, hence the quality of the intelligence assessments received by ministers and officials in the period from summer 2002 to the outbreak of hostilities."

One agent was operating properly to a degree. Some of his intelligence reports to London were described as "authoritative," but on more than one occasion he simply "passed on what he had heard in his circle."

The 2002 JIC dossier, when released, caused quite a stir. However, there was

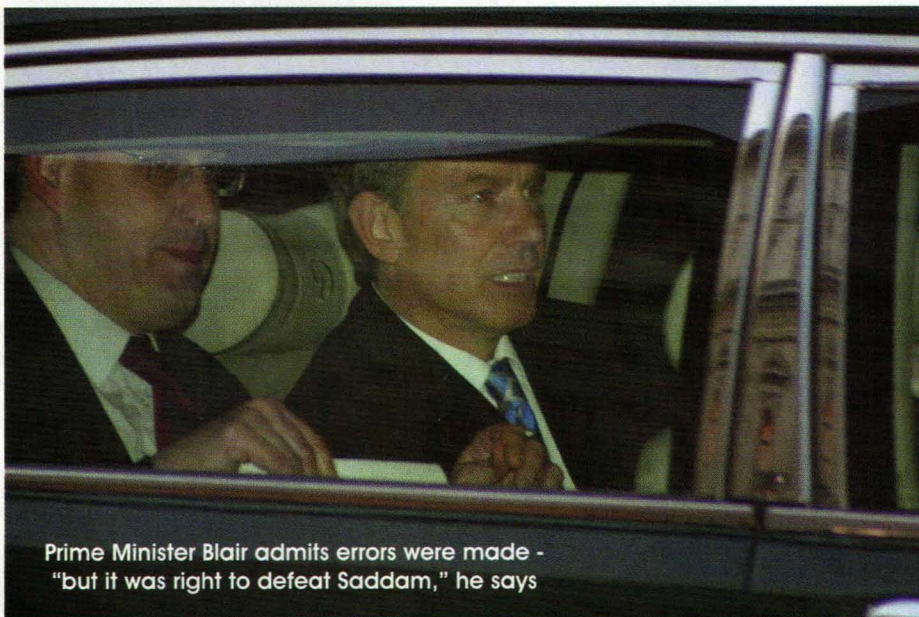
one statement that was widely reported... "Saddam could launch a chemical attack in 45 minutes." Commenting on this, Lord Butler said: "This has to be open to doubt."

Intelligence from a third "MI6 main source" had now been withdrawn because it was "unreliable." MI6 had received this information in August 2002, but following an investigation, it was decided the agent was unreliable and subsequently dropped.

"The 45-minute statement was uncharacteristically poor," the report said. "This had led to suspicions that it had been included because of its eye-catching character."

There was also a comment in the Butler Report that caused further embarrassment to Downing Street. Bryan Jones, an experienced and senior official on the Ministry of Defence's Intelligence staff, had issued a warning about the 45-minute claim. This was apparently not delivered to the JIC. Lord Butler said Mr Jones had been correct in his assessment, and called for better cooperation with the DIA and JIC when reports of this nature are made again.

Interestingly, MI6 used a '*liaison service*' (a codename for a foreign agency), to obtain important intelligence on Iraq's capability to produce "stock-piles of biological agents." The foreign agency was controlling a source inside



Prime Minister Blair admits errors were made - "but it was right to defeat Saddam," he says

© LAW ENFORCEMENT PICTURE LIBRARY



THE JIC

THE JOINT INTELLIGENCE COMMITTEE (JIC) is the Cabinet Office body which sets goals for the United Kingdom intelligence agencies, evaluates their output and presents summaries to the Prime Minister. The JIC comprises the heads of the British intelligence agencies, its permanent chair and various specialist staff, seconded according to the subjects under discussion, it normally meets once a week. Its current chairman is John Scarlett, shortly to become head of MI6 'C'.



John Scarlett

Iraq and MI6 did not have an opportunity to make contact or talk with this agent until after the war. Lord Butler was particularly upset about this arrangement, calling the source "seriously flawed." The report said: "We therefore conclude that the grounds for the JIC assessments drawing on those reports that Iraq had recently produced stocks of biological agents no longer exist."

Lord Butler did acknowledge that two other agents were regarded as reliable. However, "it is notable that their reports were less worrying than the rest about Iraqi chemical and biological weapons' capabilities," the report said.

The report commended the manner in which MI6 sought to cross-reference and check its intelligence after the war.

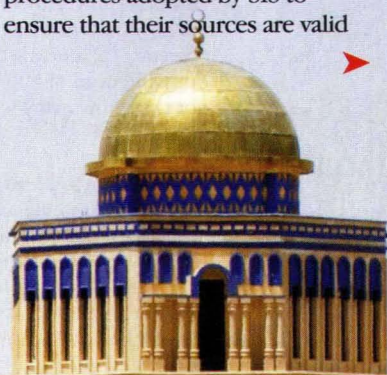
Nevertheless, it was still critical in many areas of information gathering in Iraq: "The fact that reporting from one of their important prewar sources has been withdrawn and that from two other main sources is open to doubt, led us to question the standard procedures adopted by SIS to ensure that their sources are valid

There are two kinds of JIC meeting: those at which Australia, Canada, New Zealand and the US are represented; and those attended only by Britons. Britain's European allies do not attend any JIC meeting. The CIA Chief of Station in London normally attends all meetings, leaving when 'domestic' issues are discussed.

The JIC recently played a controversial role in compiling a dossier in which the UK government set out the threat posed by Iraq's Weapons of Mass Destruction in the run up to war. There were allegations that the dossier was "sexed up" prior to publication in order to bolster the case for military action. Evidence that the wording of the dossier was "strengthened" was presented to the Hutton Inquiry, a judicial review set up to investigate the circumstances leading up to the death of an eminent government weapons expert David Kelly who had criticised the wording of the dossier in off-the-record briefings to journalists. Dr. Kelly committed suicide shortly after his identity was confirmed to the media by the government.

CHINESE WHISPERS

There was also criticism that some of the intelligence had arrived as "Chinese Whispers." Information is passed to one person and then another and then another... eventually it arrived at MI6 and was placed in the JIC dossier.



Baghdad, Iraq: A US gun truck from the 2632nd Air Expeditionary Force Transportation Company, 3rd Platoon, moves under an archway on the main supply route as it leads a convoy

COURTESY: TECH. SGT. SCOTT REED, USAF VIA US DOD

and that their reporting is subjected to quality control, and to ask whether these procedures were followed in the case of Iraq."

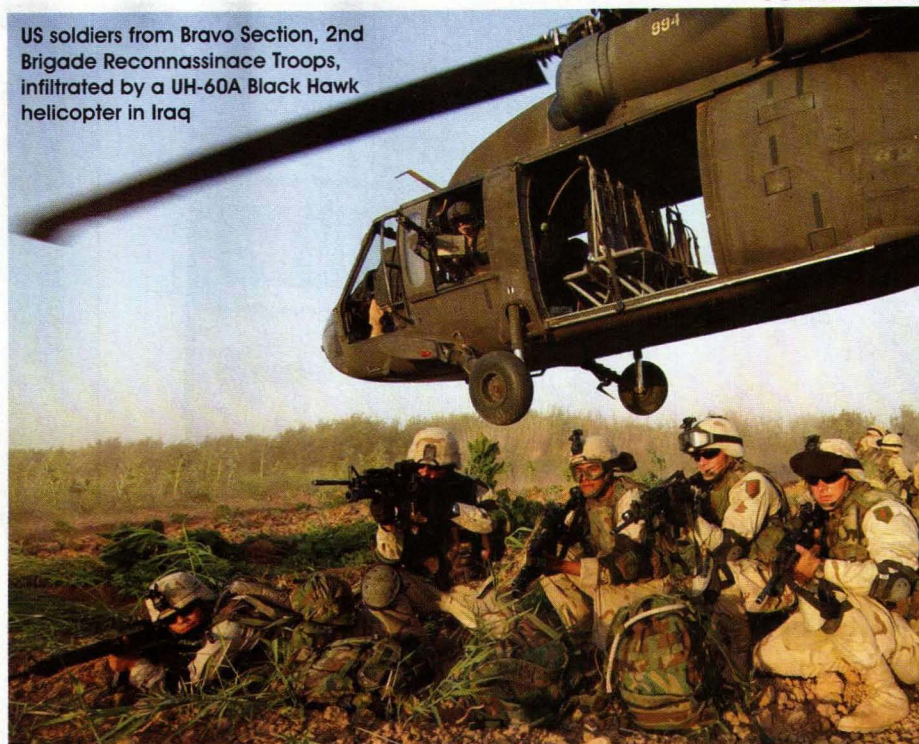
Lord Butler said no individual was to blame, "it was a collective responsibility." Some observers noted a similar Senate report on the US intelligence effort had led to CIA Director George Tenet falling on his sword.

What is clear is that the JIC got too close to Downing Street and Britain's Secret Intelligence Service became the tennis ball in court - bounced around by all and sundry. Lord Butler said: "Intelligence and public relations should be kept separate."

It was probably an error to release the September 2002 report. The Butler Report concludes that the intelligence went right to the "outer limits," and it should have stated the "thinness" of the information more clearly. The JIC was reprimanded for allowing the report to be published without detailed warnings and caveats that would have revealed the dubious nature of the intelligence. Many responsible observers believe it fell far outside that sphere.

On the JIC's role, Lord Butler said: "The JIC, with commendable motives, took responsibility for the dossier in order that its contents should palpably reflect the judgments of the intelligence community. They did their utmost to ensure this stand was met but this will have put a strain on them in seeking to maintain their normal standards of neutral and objective assessment. In translating the material to the dossier, warnings were lost about the limited intelligence base on which some aspects of these assessments were being made."

US soldiers from Bravo Section, 2nd Brigade Reconnaissance Troops, infiltrated by a UH-60A Black Hawk helicopter in Iraq

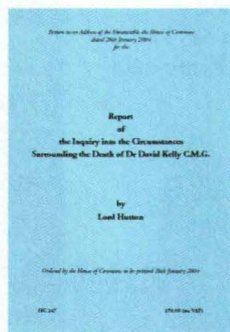


SHADOWS IN CORRIDORS MI6 Withdrew Its Intelligence

According to paragraph 405 of the Butler report: "In July 2003, SIS withdrew the two reports [about ongoing production of chemical weapons] because the sourcing chain had by then been discredited." The Hutton inquiry last year into the death of MOD scientist David Kelly, began taking evidence in August 2003.



Dr Brian Jones



The withdrawals would probably have had a significant bearing on the Hutton report. However, they were not revealed to Lord Hutton by any of the government witnesses, who included Mr Blair, Geoff Hoon, the Secretary of State for Defence, Mr Scarlett, and Sir Richard Dearlove, the outgoing head of MI6. All stood by the claims in the dossier, although it is not clear how many were aware that the intelligence had been withdrawn.

Dr Brian Jones, a leading expert on chemical and biological weapons at the Defence Intelligence Staff (DIA) who was not allowed to see the new intelligence, said: "This is very significant. Either the Prime Minister knew when he gave his evidence to the Hutton inquiry, that the information from this source had been withdrawn in July 2003, in which case the question must be asked why didn't he mention it? Or, he was not told. In that case, surely, he must ask why he wasn't told, and whose decision was it not to tell him."

IRAQ WMD INTELLIGENCE DOSSIER "a mistake" says former MI5 DG

FORMER MI5 DIRECTOR-GENERAL DAME STELLA RIMINGTON has criticised Downing Street for releasing the 2002 intelligence dossier on Iraq's weapons of mass destruction. She said the move was "misguided, and lessened public confidence in the secret service."

Dame Stella, author of a new book on espionage called *At Risk*, said: "I feel the dossier was a mistake. Formally putting intelligence into the public domain was not, in my view, a sensible thing to do. 'The whole point about intelligence is that it changes. What you think is the case today may be different tomorrow because of new information. The trouble is, if you put something out as a dossier, it is frozen in time. That whole episode has probably damaged the reputation of the intelligence service, at least momentarily, in the eyes of the public, which is a great pity.'"

The prime mover behind the report was John Scarlett, then chairman of the Joint Intelligence Committee and shortly to become head of MI6. In his report, Lord Hutton said "he may have been subconsciously influenced by the Prime Minister's wish to make a tougher case for going to war." Asked whether as Director General she would have rejected the government's request for a dossier, Dame Stella said: "I can't say, as I don't know the circumstances... but I expect I would have thought: 'no good will come of this'."



Secrets of The Spy Trade

2 Dead Letter Drops

It was during the Cold War that counterespionage officers first coined the term 'dead drop' or 'dead letter box'. However, this fascinating area of espionage has been used for thousands of years and is truly global. But finding a secure location for the covert exchange of information, equipment or money is not as easy as it seems.

Eye Spy takes a look at some of the skills and traits required to make the perfect drop...



Establishing locations for dead drops takes time and is often dependant on the type of material being handled. For example, it is little use using a tiny hole in a wall if two persons are intending to engineer a deal involving a box containing weapons or a significantly sized package.

Agents will often establish a number of drop zones and provide each with a designated name or code. Dead drops are relatively obscured from public view, though not always. It has been known for public telephone boxes or garbage bins to be used in the middle of a high street.

The locations chosen for a drop are usually on public land. Deciding to pick a location on private land or in secure premises means the risk of exposure increases dramatically. Police or security guards would become suspicious of any stranger wandering through a garden in the middle of the night, for example.

The ideal location is a place where people congregate or pass through everyday. A bus or train station, a shopping mall, wooded parkland, reference libraries, churches, public

buildings. Again, all of these places are dependant on the type of exchange. Even as a frequent visitor, the chance of anyone becoming suspicious is about zero.

ASSESSING THE LOCATION

If the operative requires only to leave a written item, a library is ideal. Shelves are packed with books, and provided the agent does not choose a popular work, then leaving a message in a book is quite safe. Agents can determine how frequent a book is read by examining the library stamp on the inside cover. The fewer stamps, the less risk of exposure. As long as both parties know which title has been selected, there is every chance the drop will be successful. Additional security can be obtained if the message is written in code, just in case someone does pick the book up.

If an open space, a park for example, is chosen, it is important that every eventuality is covered. How busy is the park? How often do concerts take place? How frequent is the garbage collected? These and many other factors have to be noted. Once a dead letter box has been selected, it is vital that the operative approaches it from every angle and direction. This will reveal if it is in view of a building or car park.

Don't use a dead end or a path that wends to nowhere, you may be considered suspicious and get reported.

An art gallery, for example, does allow an agent to stop and browse at paintings or exhibits. However, locations to hide packages are limited, and security guards would become suspicious if they discovered an item unattended. An outdoor sculpture provides the same opportunity to stop and 'admire' the work. Nearby trees, trash cans, benches etc. can all be used to leave items behind.

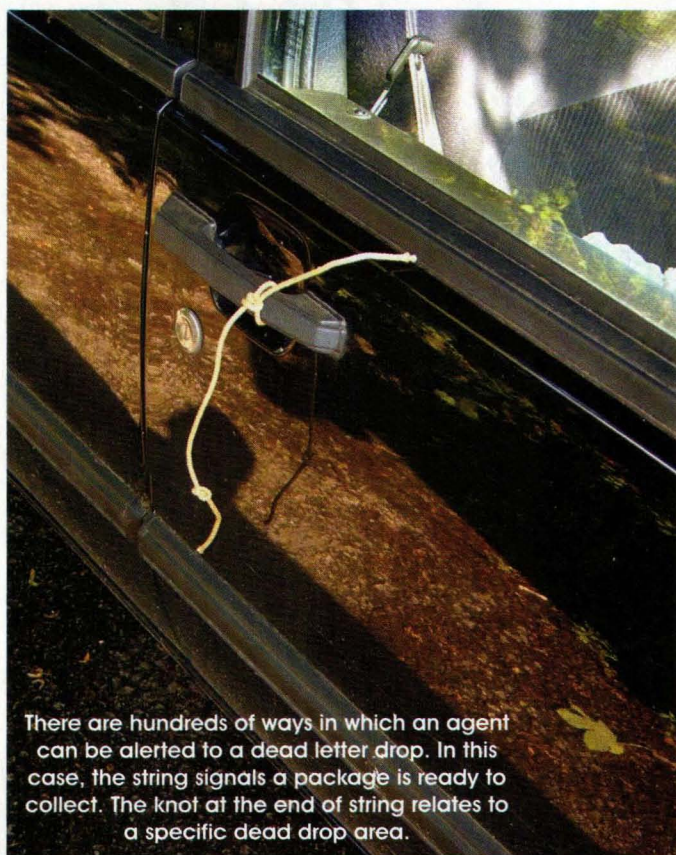
The underside of a restaurant table is another ideal dead drop location - as long as the recipient manages to get seated at the same table...



Another well tried and trusted method of using objects as dead letter drops involves taping the package to the underside of a seat or table in a restaurant. This procedure works well as long as the manager remembers to save you your favourite table!

All of these methods are guaranteed to succeed, but the chance of success increases if both parties arrive and depart within moments of the drop taking place. Always be wary if the location is simply too busy.

Continued over ➤



There are hundreds of ways in which an agent can be alerted to a dead letter drop. In this case, the string signals a package is ready to collect. The knot at the end of string relates to a specific dead drop area.

The famous Brompton Oratory in Kensington, London was the location of many dead drops of top secret intelligence during the Cold War.

Situated in the heart of the London's museum district, it faces a busy street, but is also sided by leafy gardens and public buildings. It is an ideal location for the exchange of packages and covert meetings.

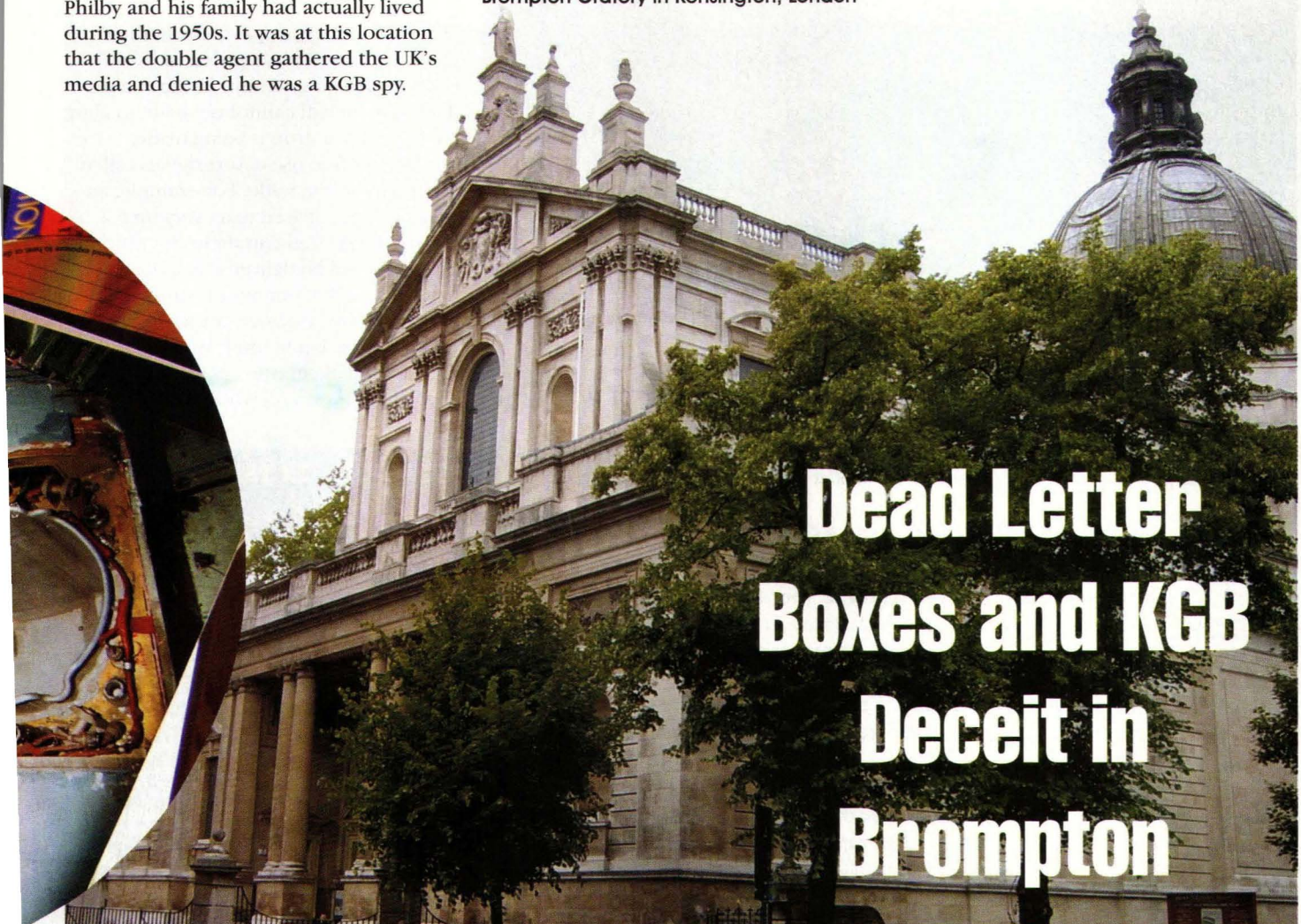
If you enter the building via the front right door, you will be greeted by a small Pieta statue just to the right. To the left of this statue are two pillars - used by the Soviets as a dead letter box. Behind these pillars KGB agents are known to have left dozens of instructions and money in return for British and NATO secrets.

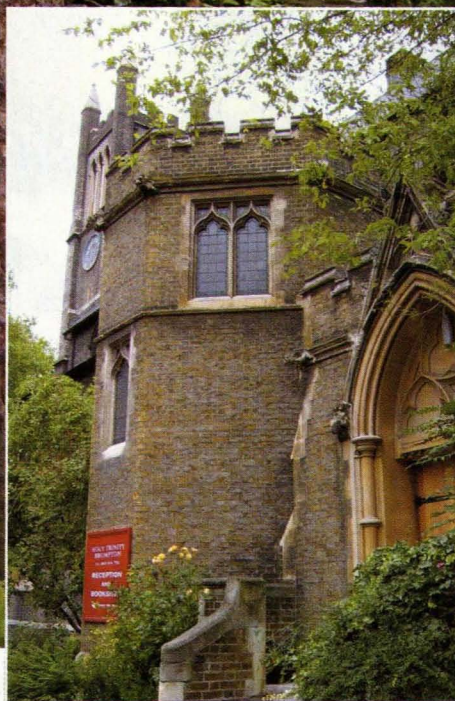
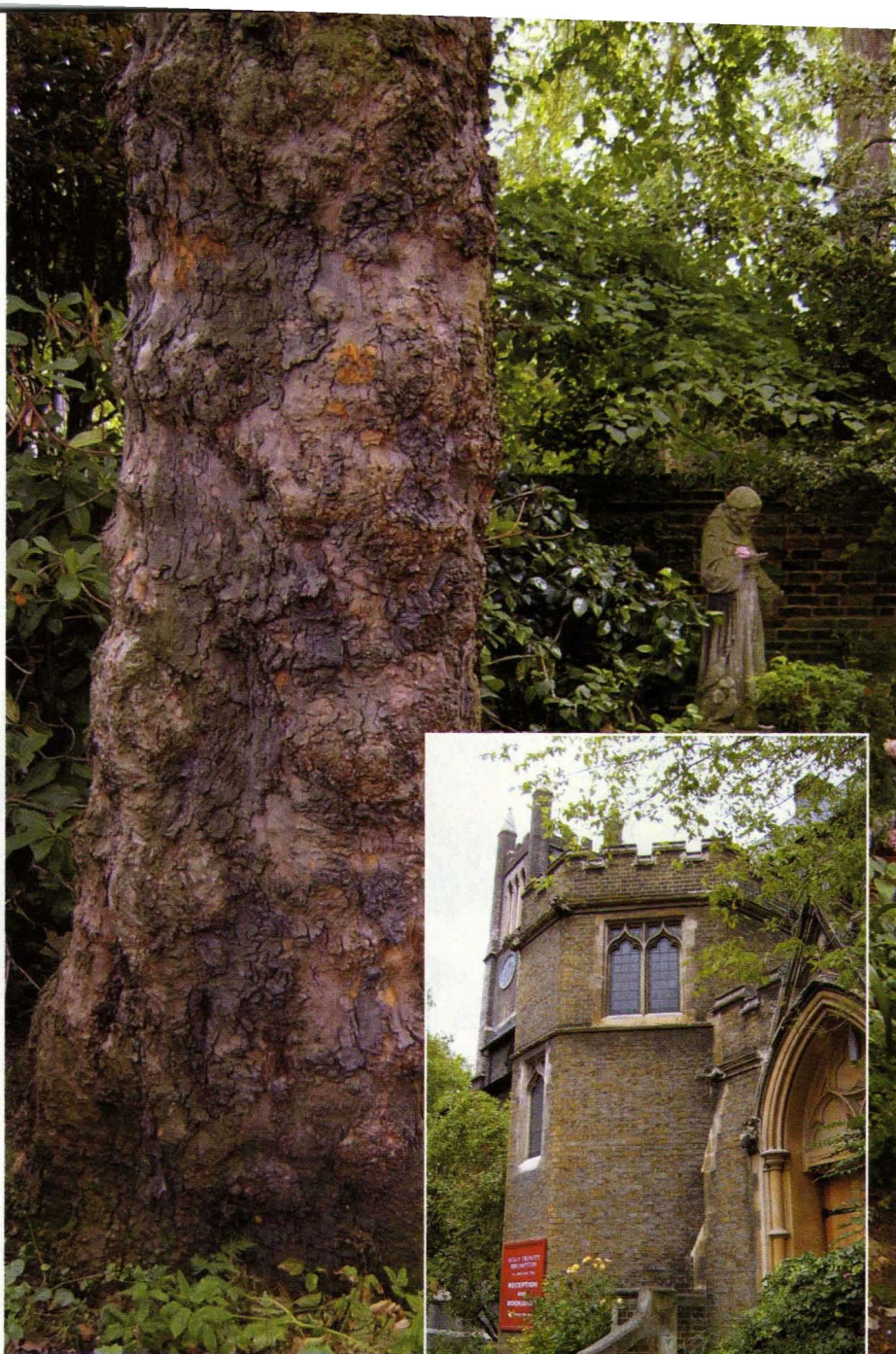
Behind the Brompton Oratory, near the statue of St Francis of Assisi, is another KGB dead letter box. The drop, behind a tree, is near the Holy Trinity Church against a wall.

British traitor Kim Philby was especially familiar with the area around Brompton and Kensington. A former resident of the area, his mother resided for many years at Holly Mews in a basement flat where Philby and his family had actually lived during the 1950s. It was at this location that the double agent gathered the UK's media and denied he was a KGB spy.



Brompton Oratory in Kensington, London





CONTAINERS

Obviously the type of package used in a dead letter drop is dependant on its content. An outdoor location, or one that is prone to water, means that it is advantageous to use plastic or something waterproof.

Disguising packages as garbage is useful, especially if the drop is going to be made in a rubbish bin. The item could be wrapped in newspaper or a food container. However, timing is everything and the operative must make sure the garbage is not going to be emptied, though little can be done about the odd inquisitive tramp!

WARNING SIGNS

Most spy rings use various tactics to exchange materials and codes. Yet spies and suspected terrorists are constantly being monitored by counterespionage agents trained in the art of detection. If a dead letter drop is aborted, a special signal is often used to warn the operative. This 'signal' could be an empty coke tin, or paperclip attached to a book.

ALERTING SPIES TO A DROP

Organised spy rings rarely let their guard down, even telephone calls are restricted to a minimum. In the event that a phone call cannot be made to alert an agent that a drop is being made, operatives often use covert signals called 'signposts' in the trade. For example, an agent may be advised that every time a house shows a red curtain in the window, a package will be delivered at a dead letter drop. The number of empty milk bottles on the door step could signify which drop is being used. Variations of this method of alerting operatives to a drop are endless and work well.

Агентурное сообщение.

Я предлагаю следующее место для тайника в Лондоне.
Собственно, там два места в нескольких метрах друг от друга:

Адрес: Knightsbridge на Brompton Road, ниже
магазина "Harrod".

Место № 1 - внутри Бромптонской часовни (Brompton Oratory) - это большой католический собор сразу за музеем (Victoria and Albert Museum). Если с улицы стать лицом к собору, вход будет с правой стороны. Войдите в собор. Сразу при входе, справа расположен алтарь. Алтарь является мемориалом англичан, погибших во время войны и имеет копию знаменитой статуи Микеланджело "Пьета" ("Pieta") - мёртвый Христос на руках матери. Непосредственно перед статуей слова "Consummatum Est". Сразу слева от алтаря, если стоять к нему лицом, две большие мраморные колонны, которые являются частью архитектуры собора. Обе колонны расположены очень близко от стены.

DOUBLE AGENT KIM PHILBY

The tranquil Holy Trinity Church (above left) sits directly behind Brompton Oratory. Here, another famous dead letter box can be found.



Double agent Kim Philby lived in Kensington and was very familiar with the many dead letter boxes in this area. It is likely that Philby used these locations for his treacherous acts that cost the lives of dozens of British and allied agents.

The KGB document seen here details the location of the Brompton Oratory drop.

Spy John A. Walker's Final Dead Letter Drop



One of America's most notorious traitors was John Anthony Walker Jr. As the KGB's most important Cold War spy, he supplied Moscow with top secret US cryptographic secrets that enabled Russian intelligence to decipher coded military messages. He used dead drops to pass on vital US military secrets to the KGB.

On the evening of 19 May 1985, Walker stopped his vehicle on a lonely road north of Washington DC. It was a routine drop, but unbeknown to him, it was to be his last.

The drop was alongside a telegraph pole with a sign 'No Hunting' pinned to it. After making sure the area was clear, Walker dropped a brown paper bag disguised as rubbish next to the pole. However, inside the plastic wrapping were over 100 classified US Navy intelligence documents.

Five miles away on another deserted road, a KGB agent carefully placed a bag containing \$200,000 in used notes. The money was in exchange for Walker's services and the documents. Two dead letter drops were used and the deal had been done without resorting to a meeting.

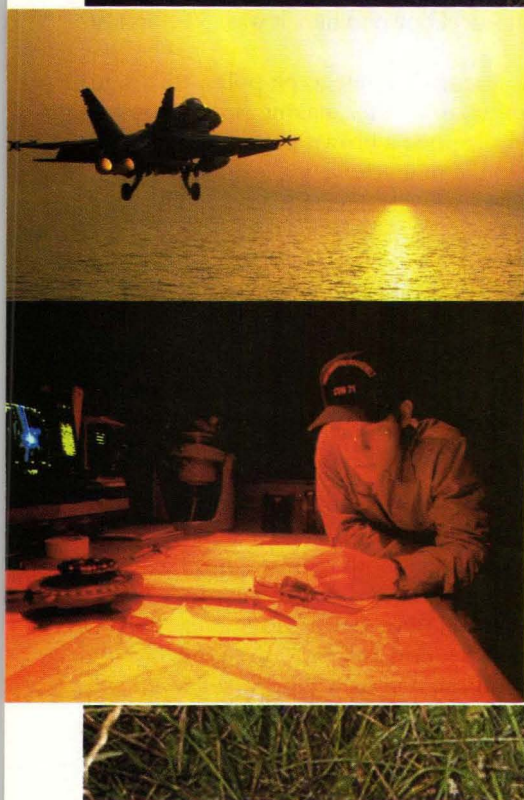
Walker then drove to the KGB drop to retrieve his money. At the same time, the KGB agent supposedly set off to pick up his package. Both men had used alternative routes to their destinations. It was a journey that had been made several times before, ever since Walker had walked into Soviet Embassy in Washington and told a surprised KGB official he was willing to sell them Navy secrets for hard cash.

Walker was a brash and confident exponent of the dead drop. Indeed, after 18 years of passing on secrets to his KGB handler, he had only met him once in a shopping mall. The KGB agent once told Walker: "You are the most experienced, the very best!" Walker, of course, agreed.

Using dead letter drops is tricky at the best of times, and at night is even more difficult due to obvious factors. This was to cause Walker concern when he stopped at the KGB site to pick up his \$200,000 - he couldn't find it. He wandered in bushes, trees and searched everywhere, but to no avail. Had someone



Walker was arrested after he dropped a package disguised as rubbish next to a telegraph pole. FBI agents found over 100 classified US Navy documents inside.



window but could not see his van which was just around a corner. Fearing the FBI were about to pounce, he thought it best to destroy a KGB package given to him in Austria. The file contained maps and photographs of the locations of dead drops. However, what if the FBI were not outside? What if there was an innocent explanation to the incidents? If he destroyed the file, how would he know where to perform the exchanges? A system had been put in place that if a drop was ever aborted, the two parties would try again using the same dead letter boxes exactly one week later. If he destroyed the maps, he did not think he would find the location again, thus losing his \$200,000.

Walker decided to find somewhere to hide the envelope. He remembered seeing an ice machine in the lobby. This was ideal, he thought, for even if the FBI found the file they would find it difficult to prove it belonged to him.

As he headed towards the ice machine, the envelope tucked safely in his jacket alongside a handgun, he heard a voice shout "Stop! FBI!" Two FBI agents pointed their firearms at Walker. Walker dropped his gun and was pushed against a wall by agent James L. Kolouch. Agent Robert Hunter pointed his gun at Walker's head - he was talking no chances.

The spy was ushered into Room 750 and ordered to remove his clothes. More forensic agents arrived at the scene and carefully placed each garment in bags. His

found the money? Did the agent suspect something was wrong and bail out at the last minute? Walker decided to go back to the telegraph pole drop site and retrieve his intelligence papers. He was baffled when he found his bag was no longer there, but hoped the KGB man had recovered it. However, he also thought that the FBI may have discovered his operation. These thoughts soon disappeared because after checking into a nearby hotel, he believed the FBI would have arrested him by now. And in any event, this type of thing had happened twice before... perhaps the KGB man had left his money at another drop or in the wrong area?

At 3.30am, Walker was surprised when his telephone rang. "This is the front desk... there's been an accident... your van has been hit in the parking lot. You had better get down here quick!"

Walker thought it was a trick to get him out of his room. He looked out of his



Former high-ranking Canadian intelligence officer, Dan Mulvenna, examines the dead letter box on a railway bridge in Moscow. CIA officer Marsha Petersen was arrested using the drop.



FBI officers search Hanssen's home after he was caught making a dead letter drop in Arlington



glasses and even his toupee were taken. Walker needed to act fast, and came up with a solution. "I am too important of a spy to be prosecuted," he said to himself. "They can use me as a double agent. I know more about espionage than the FBI and CIA combined!" And then he gained inner confidence: "What real evidence do they have against me? The KGB isn't going to testify."

But his confidence was about to be shattered. FBI Agent Hunter placed before him a document that Walker instantly recognised. He had typed it and placed it amongst the US Navy intelligence files in the bag intended for the KGB. He then realised that the FBI had recovered the bag at the dead letter box.

Many thoughts now raced through his head. Had the FBI seized his \$200,000? And then he remembered he had mentioned the other spy ring's agents in his note. And though each person was mentioned by their respective codenames, the FBI would be able to identify them in time.

It transpired that Walker's 22-year-old son, Michael Lance Walker, a sailor on the nuclear-powered USS aircraft carrier Nimitz, had stolen the documents in the bag. Walker's best friend, Jerry Alfred Whitworth, a naval communications specialist, and a longtime member of the spy ring was rumbled. A third spy, Walker's older brother, Arthur, a Navy veteran who worked for a defence contractor, was also identified.

It transpired that Walker's ex-wife, Barbara Crowley Walker, had tipped the FBI off. Walker was furious because his brother, Arthur, had mentioned the spy ring was vulnerable because she had threatened to go to the FBI. In a Baltimore prison Walker seethed, "I should have killed Barbara. I should have assassinated her in the beginning. I should have put a f----- hole in her head."

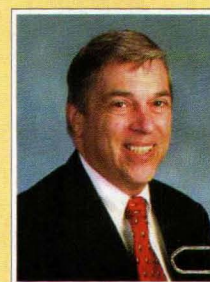
The importance of the Walker intelligence passed via dead letter drops is not to be underestimated. KGB General Boris Aleksandrovich Solomatin called him the "most important spy ever recruited by the KGB. Walker gave away the keys to your most secret code machines," Solomatin said. "This gave us a seat inside the Pentagon where we could read your most vital secrets."

Vitaly Yurchenko, another KGB officer said: "Walker was the greatest case in KGB history. We deciphered millions of your messages. If there had been a war, we would have won it."

CASE FILE:

DOUBLE AGENT AND DEAD LETTER BOX

Robert Hanssen spent a total of 27 years working for the FBI - 16 of them as a Soviet and the Russian spy.



Hanssen was just weeks away from retirement in 2001, when he decided to have one last big pay day from his paymasters in Moscow.

He left his home in Vienna, Virginia, and drove to a wooded area in nearby Arlington. He left a packet of intelligence papers near a wood bridge - a dead letter box he had used on several occasions.

Unfortunately for Hanssen, FBI and CIA agents were monitoring his every move. Close to the scene, a black plastic bag containing \$50,000 in used bills was discovered. The game was up for the spy codenamed Ramon.

Hanssen used several dead letter boxes, including the one shown above - a standard US mail box. An identical box is on display in the Washington Spy Museum - the real one was stolen!

all the stories all the history

VOLUME TWO COMPLETE

Ref: ESVOL3
UK £30.00
USA \$55.00
ROW £35.00

Ref: ESVOL2
UK £30.00
USA \$55.00
ROW £35.00

VOLUME THREE COMPLETE

Obtain the second and third years entire collection of the world's leading and most popular intelligence magazine

Volume Two (eight issues) numbers 9-6 ESVOL2

Volume Three (eight issues) number 17-24 ESVOL3

Each set comes complete with a superb black and gold quality binder and a fascinating CD containing 150 extraordinary intelligence documents (high resolution and printable), images, fun, spy quiz, crests and more.

ALSO AVAILABLE VOLUME ONE
Numbers 2, 3, 4, 5, and 8
Comes with free binder and CD

Ref: ESVOL1 UK £20.00, USA \$40.00
ROW £25.00

Use order form on
page 82 or order
through our secure
website
www.eyespymag.com

SPECIAL READER OFFER

INTERNATIONAL Second Raleigh Spy Conference

Sept 1 to 3 2004

At the North Carolina Museum of History,
Raleigh, North Carolina

Spies, Lies and Deception: From Pearl Harbor Through the Age of Terrorism

A panel of the world's leading experts on terrorism and anti-terrorism are speaking at the Second Raleigh International Spy Conference. Presented by Bernie Reeves, editor and publisher of Raleigh Metro Magazine; the N.C. Museum of History and the N.C. Museum of History Associates.

"We are responding to popular demand," says Reeves. "Everyone is interested in terrorism today, and the link to intelligence and espionage is in the news daily."

The cost is just \$275.00 for the full event if tickets are purchased before 1 July - \$300.00 thereafter. The fee is \$175.00 for active or retired personnel, senior citizens, educators or employees of schools or institutes of higher education, members of the Intelligence and Diplomatic communities, and Museum of History Associates members. The student rate is \$145.00.

Mail checks, payable to the Raleigh Spy Conference, to Vincent Cavallari, N.C. Museum of History Associates, P.O. Box 25937, Raleigh, NC 27611-5937.

VISA/MasterCard and American Express accepted

The N.C. Museum of History is located at:
5 East Edenton Street in downtown Raleigh

For registration and hotel information, access:
www.raleighspyconference.com or call Vincent Cavallari on 919 733-3076 or email vcavallari@ncmuseumassoc.com.

2004 raleigh
international
spy conference
SPIES, LIES & DECEPTION
FROM PEARL HARBOR THROUGH
THE AGE OF TERRORISM



2004 SCHEDULE OF SPEAKERS:

KEYNOTE SPEAKER ANNOUNCED! - DR. BRUCE HOFFMAN is presently The RAND Corporation's Vice President for External Affairs and Director of RAND's Washington, D.C. office. He is also currently Senior Adviser on Counterterrorism to the Office of National Security Affairs, Coalition Provisional Authority, Baghdad, Iraq. Dr. Hoffman is Editor-in-Chief of Studies in Conflict and Terrorism and a member of the advisory board of Terrorism and Political Violence. His latest book, *Inside Terrorism*, is published by Columbia University Press in the U.S. and by Orion Books in Britain.

KIM CRAGIN, the world's top expert on suicide bombers and Hamas.

DENNIS PLUCHINSKY has analyzed terrorism for the United States government for 27 years. He is a contributing editor to the international journal *Studies in Conflict and Terrorism* and contributes articles and commentary on terrorism regularly in national publications. He teaches courses on international terrorism at George Mason University, Mary Washington College, the James Madison University and George Washington University.



Please note that sessions conducted by Dennis Pluchinsky will be closed to the press.

NIGEL WEST, former member of Parliament and expert on the Venona files - and the author of 26 books on modern espionage and deception - returns in 2004 and will include in his presentation intelligence efforts in combating terrorist activities, as well as a look at the current status of activities and controversies in the world of intelligence.

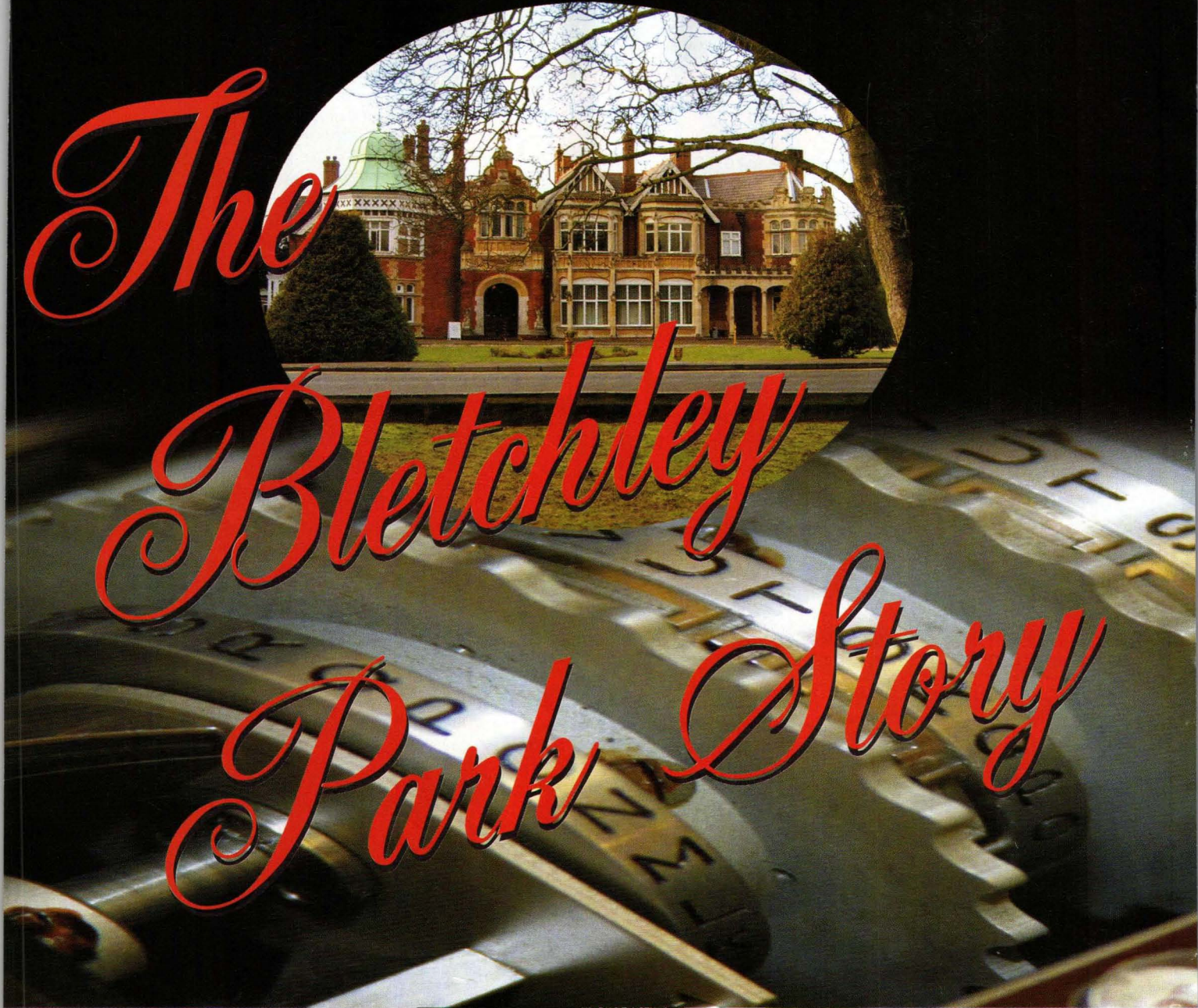


TOM KIMMEL, retired FBI agent and the grandson of Admiral Husband Kimmel, the Naval Commander at Pearl Harbor during the Japanese attack, has discovered through Venona decrypts that US Soviet agents obscured vital information that should have warned the US of the attack.



The Speaker line-up is subject to change. There is a discount for early registration. Sign up early to assure your place at the 2004 Raleigh International Spy Conference!

Organisers are anticipating another large turnout, so please book/register early.



The Bletchley Park Story



As the planning for D-Day (the invasion of Normandy) started, the need for accurate information on the disposition of the German forces became paramount. As referred to in the previous article, (Eye Spy 26) the 'Heath Robinson' machine worked reasonably well but suffered some severe limitations and was slow. A much faster solution was needed.

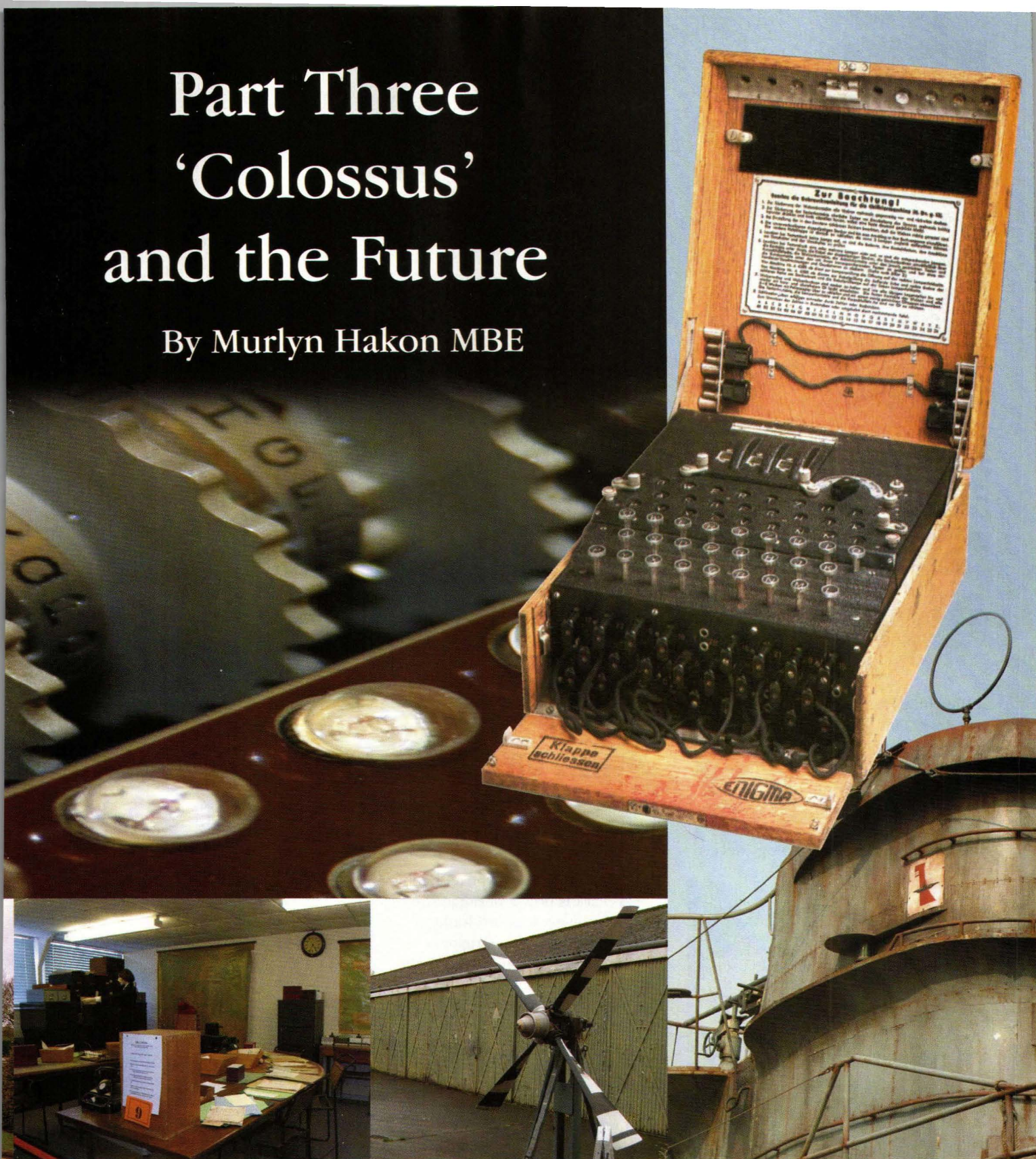
The combination of Alan Turing's thesis on universal computing developed in 1937, (a machine that could carry out calculations when it was fed information on a strip of paper), Max Newman's work on the 'Heath Robinson' machine and Tommy Flowers of the Post Office Engineering (Experimental Department) at Dollis Hill in London, who had been experimenting with thermionic valves for switching telephone circuits, led to the World's

first electronic semi-programmable computer, the Colossus Mk 1.

This machine, using 1500 valves, was transported from London and installed at Bletchley Park over the Christmas period 1943. It soon became operational and was very successful from the start. A Mk 2 version of Colossus was ordered almost immediately; it was a modified version of the Mk 1 and used 2500 valves, reading tapes at 5000

Part Three 'Colossus' and the Future

By Murlyn Hakon MBE



characters a second! A further eight computers were ordered and all ten Colossi were operational 24 hours a day. In June 1944, 300 messages per month were being broken, by November this had risen to 1250 broken messages each month.

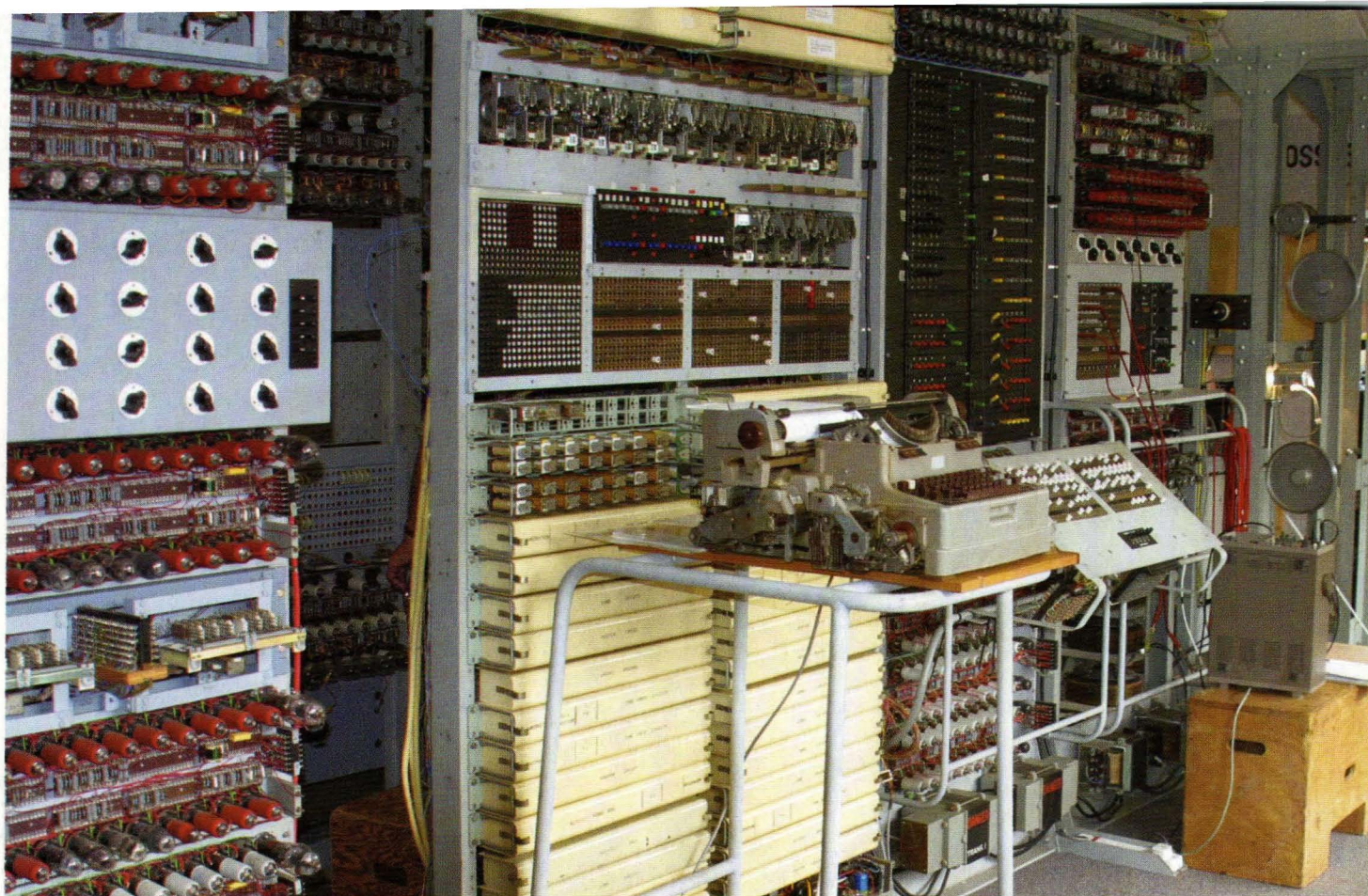
The early Colossus computers were used to find the key settings of each Lorenz message and this was then fed to the Tunny machine, enabling it to

eliminate the obscuring characters and print out the German text.

By February 1945 the Soviet Union's Red Army occupied practically all of Eastern Europe, causing some unease in Britain and America. Therefore at the close of the War the attention of the codebreakers was partially diverted from the enemy to one of the Allies. So in 1946 most of the Colossi, together with other code breaking machinery,

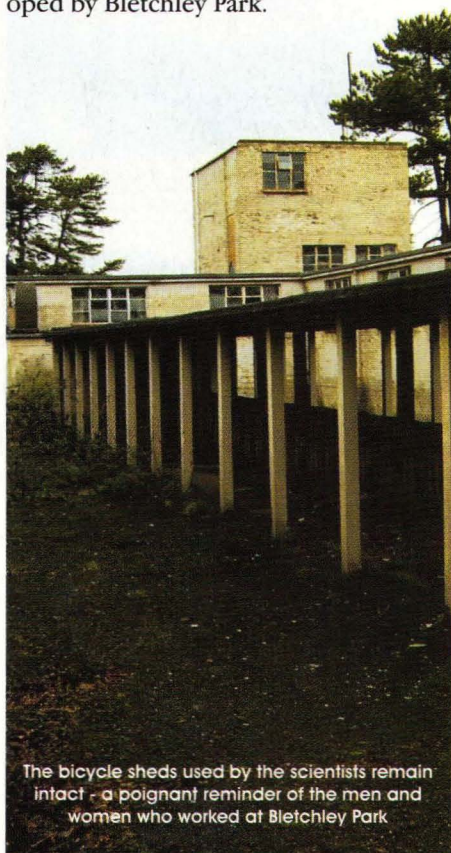
were broken up to prevent the Russians from knowing how successful Bletchley Park had been in breaking the German codes. The remaining codebreakers were transferred to Eastcote in the suburbs of London.

But a seed had been sown and in peace time the development of computers for business and military use became a priority, confirming for all time that the "Modern World was born



Colossus

at Bletchley Park." Other seeds also bore fruit. First, the intelligence collaboration between Britain and America which laid the foundation of the *special relationship* so valuable in today's international fight against terrorism. Second, the world's first encrypted Internet yet another technology developed by Bletchley Park.



The bicycle sheds used by the scientists remain intact - a poignant reminder of the men and women who worked at Bletchley Park

NATIONAL CODE CENTRE BLETCHLEY PARK - NOW AND INTO THE FUTURE

National Code Centre Bletchley Park is now a heritage site run by a very forward-looking Charitable Trust whose Trustees, through their lively and enthusiastic Director - Christine Large, have ambitious plans for the current time and into the future.

The Trust's objective is to build on the pioneering work of the codebreakers who probably shortened the Second World War by two years. The Trust will preserve and interpret key historic buildings, organise new exhibitions and be a thriving centre for education, technology, innovation and conferences. The wartime pioneers will not only be remembered - they will be actively inspiring tomorrow's pathfinders and showing how people and events have shaped the technology we take for granted.

THE ANGLO AMERICAN PROJECT

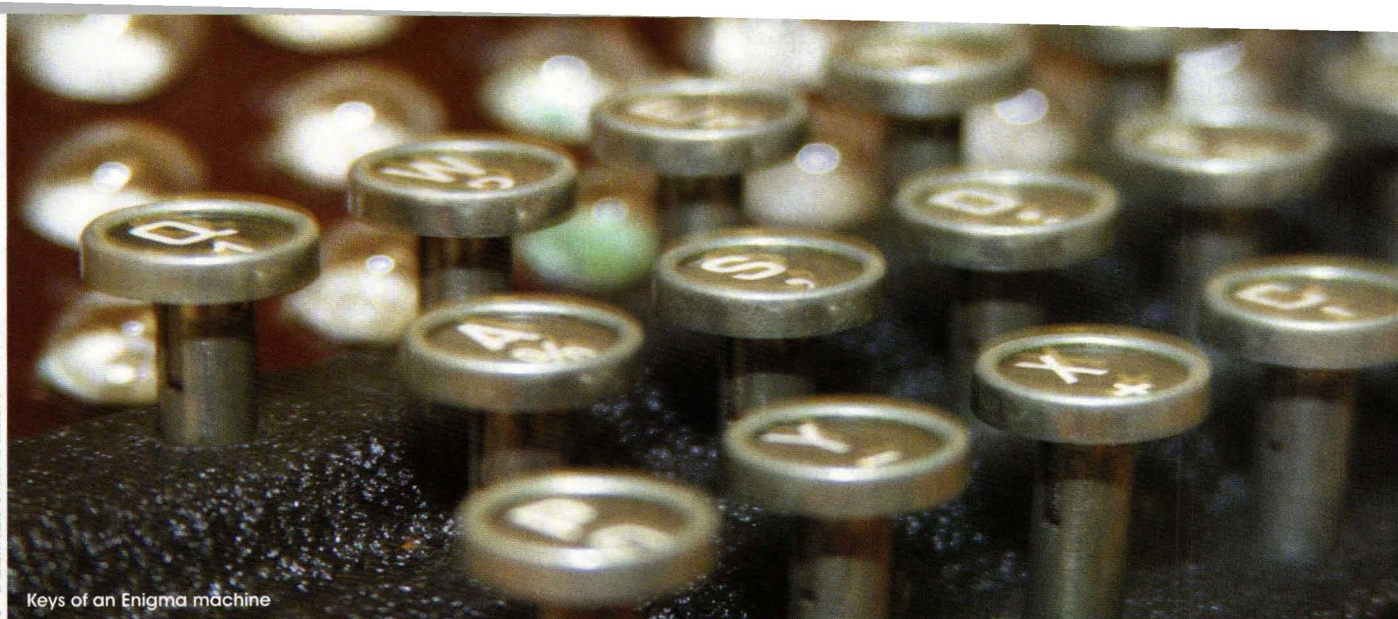
This is Bletchley Park's most ambitious project to date and which, when

fully completed in 2005, will revitalise the core site.

1. BLOCK B

As a start, the Trust's main exhibition telling the story of the codebreakers at Bletchley Park has recently been re-laid out in a much more imaginative way in the newly restored Block B (which housed the initial team set up to exploit breakthroughs into the Lorenz cipher). Also housed in Block B are the volunteer groups whose individual exhibits are associated with WWII activities, an education room for school visits and an event exhibition area.

To be installed later in the year will be a café that will have facilities for the younger visitors to operate. These will include the new Enigma E, an electronic version that can emulate the whole family of Enigmas including the version used by the German Secret Service the Abwehr. Also available will be some 20 computers and a 'Robo' testpad provided by the Open Univer-



Keys of an Enigma machine

sity which will demonstrate dance and game play by small robots.

2. ALAN TURING'S HUT 8

By the end of 2004, Hut 8 (Alan Turing's) will be opened to visitors for the first time. There they will see where Alan Turing actually sat at his desk and worked on the German Naval codes. There will also be a fine exhibition of the *HMS Petard/U559* incident when the Royal Navy captured the German Navy's 4 Rotor Enigma Code Book at the cost of two sailors lives. However, the capture of this book meant the end of a six month 'blackout' during which time the codebreakers could not break the U-Boats Enigma messages.

3. AMERICAN GARDEN TRAIL

Also part of the project is an American Garden Trail presently being laid in the grounds of Bletchley Park, which eventually will include the plant or tree State Emblems of all US States, to be completed by early 2005. This will commemorate the work of the 300 American Officers who assisted with codebreaking and also contributed by introducing the use of mass production methods for the building of over 200 bombs, which were eventually needed to break about 8500 Enigma messages daily.

4. HUTS 3 AND 6

2005 will also see the start of the refurbishment of Huts 3 and 6 enabling visitors to see how the German Army and Air Force Enigma Codes were broken.

EDITORIAL COMMENT: Bletchley Park is one of the most historically important museums in the world - the UK and USA codebreakers who worked there saved millions of lives. I would urge all our readers to support this amazing place! Mark Ian Birdsall



The post office at Bletchley Park

DID YOU KNOW? BLETCHLEY PARK

The Site is open daily, closing only on Christmas Day and New Year's Day, with fully guided tours (both general and special) morning and afternoon, Monday to Friday, and every half hour throughout Saturday and Sunday. There are full catering facilities on site, also a fully stocked shop selling many interesting products from logo-ed clothing and badges to books and videos. All items are available online at www.bletchleypark.org.uk.



Bletchley Park receives no public funding and relies mainly on its own fundraising activities to survive so donations and legacies however small are always welcome. Further information can be obtained from Bletchley Park Trust, The Mansion, Bletchley Park, Bletchley, Milton Keynes MK3 6EB United Kingdom.

Telephone 01908 640404 Fax 01908 274381 email kjamieson@bletchleypark.org.uk

Saddam Codename BLACK LIST ONE

The US official who oversaw interrogations at the notorious Iraq prison of Abu Ghraib says he was under "intense pressure" from the White House, CIA and Pentagon to obtain "better information" from prison inmates. He also pointed to a prison visit from an aide to national security advisor Condoleezza Rice that only increased the pressure.

There has been a myriad of stories concerning the dreadful images coming out of Abu Ghraib and some of them involve US intelligence seeking to obtain information allegedly using unconventional and illegal methods.

Army Lt. Colonel Steven Jordan was director of the Joint Interrogation and Debriefing Center at the prison. He claims that in September 2003 he was told by White House officials to "pull the intelligence out" because attacks on Coalition forces were becoming more frequent and deadly. It was not an unreasonable request of course, but Jordan says there was "additional pressure to get information from detainees." He was also told to increase the intelligence flow out of the prison "many, many, many times."

Jordan said that his immediate superior, Army Colonel Thomas Pappas, on at least two occasions, said that "some of the intelligence coming from the prison was being read by Donald Rumsfeld, and some of the folks out at Langley (CIA headquarters)." Jordan also claims that Pappas said pressure was exerted on him well before the documented cases of abuse surfaced.

SADDAM - CODENAME - BLACK LIST ONE

Some intelligence obtained from Abu Ghraib was useful. An inmate at the prison told interrogators that one of her

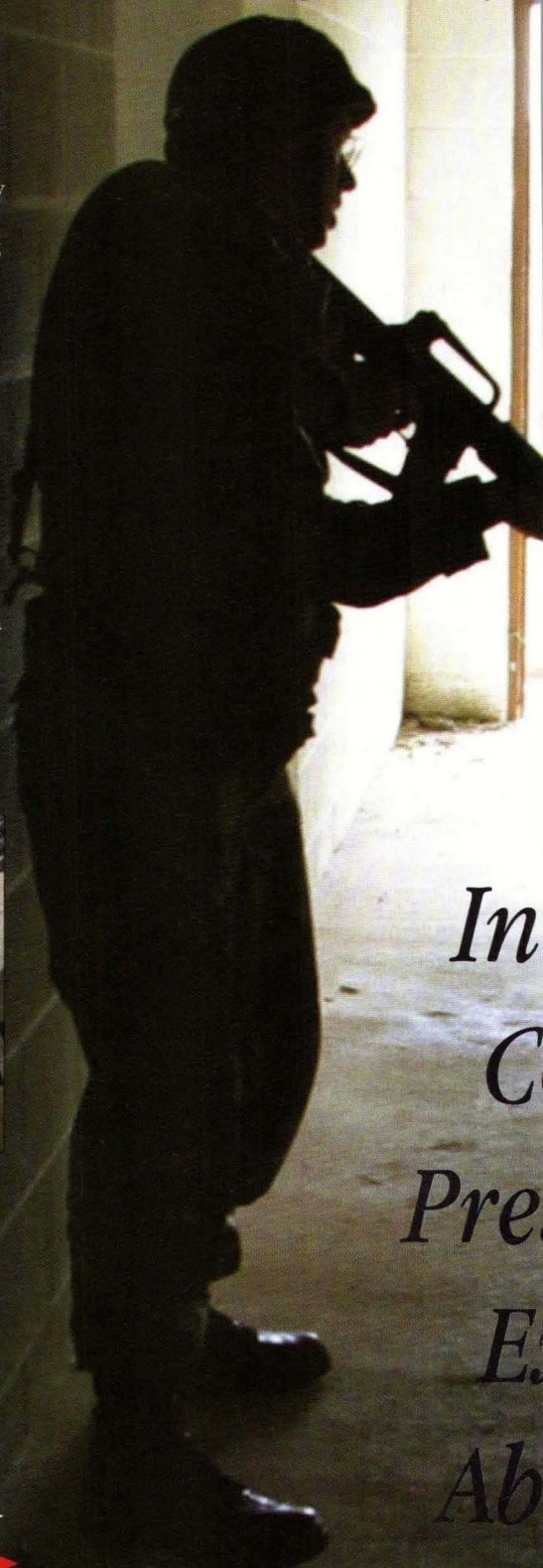
relatives had ties to Saddam. At this time the former dictator was still on the run and referred to by the CIA and US military by his codename - Black List One. The prisoner said Saddam now sported a long white beard, was driving a taxi and living in a hole. Jordan believed the story was "far fetched," but admitted he was surprised when Saddam was indeed found living in a hole, complete with a white beard. A few yards away troops found a parked taxi.

Jordan told investigators that in November 2003, Army officers said they wanted to do "an operation on Black List One" when he was captured. They advised Jordan that they wanted to send a team of four military interrogators and four linguists to question Saddam. The team never appeared when Saddam was finally brought to Abu Ghraib in December. Jordan was reassigned on 22 December.



It is clear a confused and problematic system existed at Abu Ghraib. The US investigation into the prison described a crowded complex under constant attack by Iraqi militants. Inmates were violent and discipline among the guards poor. Some documents describe military police in guard towers "whiling away hours and playing computer games."

As for Jordan, he said he only occasionally witnessed interrogations. However,



*In
C
Pre
Es
Ab*

ne -

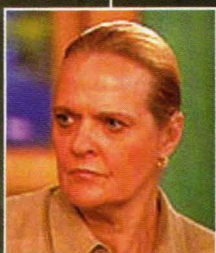
US Military Chain of Command at Abu Ghraib Prison

The Pentagon is conducting an investigation into alleged abuses at Abu Ghraib, as intelligence was gleaned from prisoners. The primary chain of command is shown here.

Lt. General David McKiernan
Commander of US and Coalition land forces in Iraq



Brig. General Janis Karpinski
Commander of 800th Military Police Brigade.
[Relieved of command]



Lt. Colonel Jerry Phillabaum
Commander of 320th Military Police Battalion (MPB). [Relieved of command and reprimanded]

Captain Donald Reese
Commander of 372nd Military Police Company.
[Relieved of command and reprimanded]

US SOLDIERS CHARGED

Spc. Charles Graner Jr: Charged with misconduct that includes indecent acts and assault

Staff Sgt. Ivan Frederick: Charged with cruelty, indecent acts and maltreatment of detainees

Sgt Javal Davis: Charged with maltreating detainees and dereliction of duty

Spc. Jeremy Sivits: Pleaded guilty after being charged with maltreatment of detainees

Pfc. Lynndie England: Charges include assaulting prisoners and indecent acts



LYNNIE ENGLAND



JAVAL DAVIS



IVAN FREDERICK II



SABRINA HARMAN



JEREMY SIVITS



CHARLES GRANER



GENERAL JOHN ABIZAID
Head of US Central Command



Lt. General Ricardo Sanchez
Commander of all US and allied forces in Iraq

Lt. General Thomas Metz
Commander of III Corps. No.2 officer in Iraq. Runs day-to-day operations.

Major General Barbara Fast
Senior military officer in Iraq



Colonel Thomas Pappas
Commander of 250th Military Intelligence Brigade - reported direct to Metz. Had indirect authority over 320th MPB and direct control of the Joint Interrogation and Debriefing Center

Lt. Colonel Steven Jordan
Director of the Joint Interrogation and Debriefing Center.

Spc. Sabrina Harman: Charges include dereliction of duty, cruelty and maltreatment, and assault

Spc. Megan Ambuhl: Charges include dereliction of duty and conspiracy

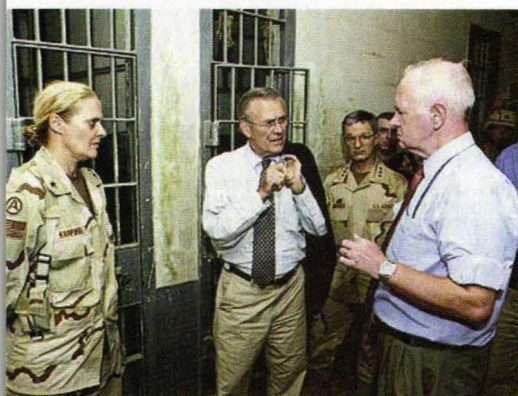
Intelligence
Collection
Measures: 'No
use for
Ghbraib'



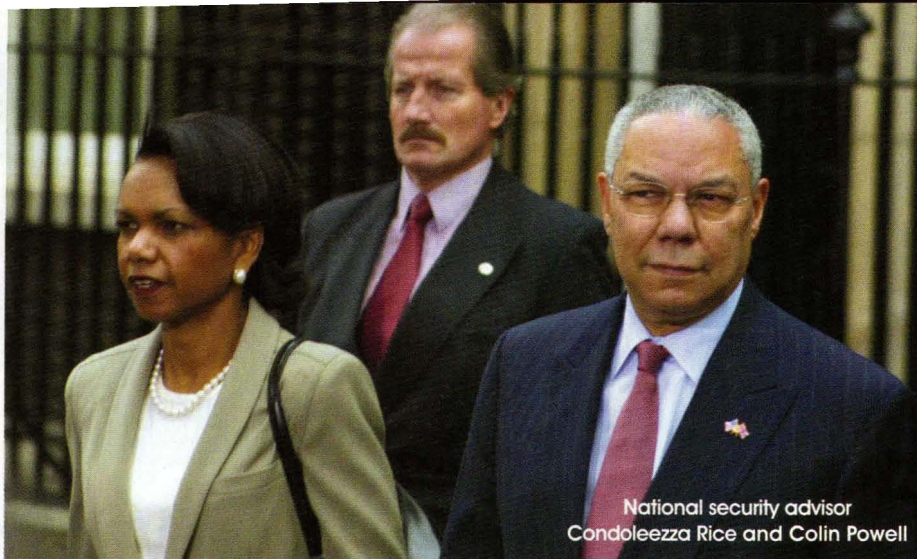
some of the US guards who have testified about the abuses, claim that they were "told to abuse prisoners by military intelligence officers under Jordan." They also claim Jordan was "fully aware of the abuse."

Jordan alleges that this disarray "extended into the interrogations." Some units were not pooling the intelligence with other units, (an indication there existed several interrogation teams from more than one US Government agency) while the OGA, a euphemism for the CIA, and other special operations forces, "behaved in a cowboyish fashion."

Learning of the fast deteriorating situation, the US military ordered Major General Geoffrey Miller, commander at



Secretary of Defense Donald H. Rumsfeld visits Abu Ghraib. Brig. General Janis Karpinski (left), has since been relieved of command



National security advisor Condoleezza Rice and Colin Powell

the notorious Guantanamo Bay prison in Cuba, to investigate Abu Ghraib. Miller has also vehemently denied encouraging abusive treatment. Official documents prove Miller demanded that guards and military intelligence officials work together in a coordinated fashion. According to some observers, the problems at the prison remained.

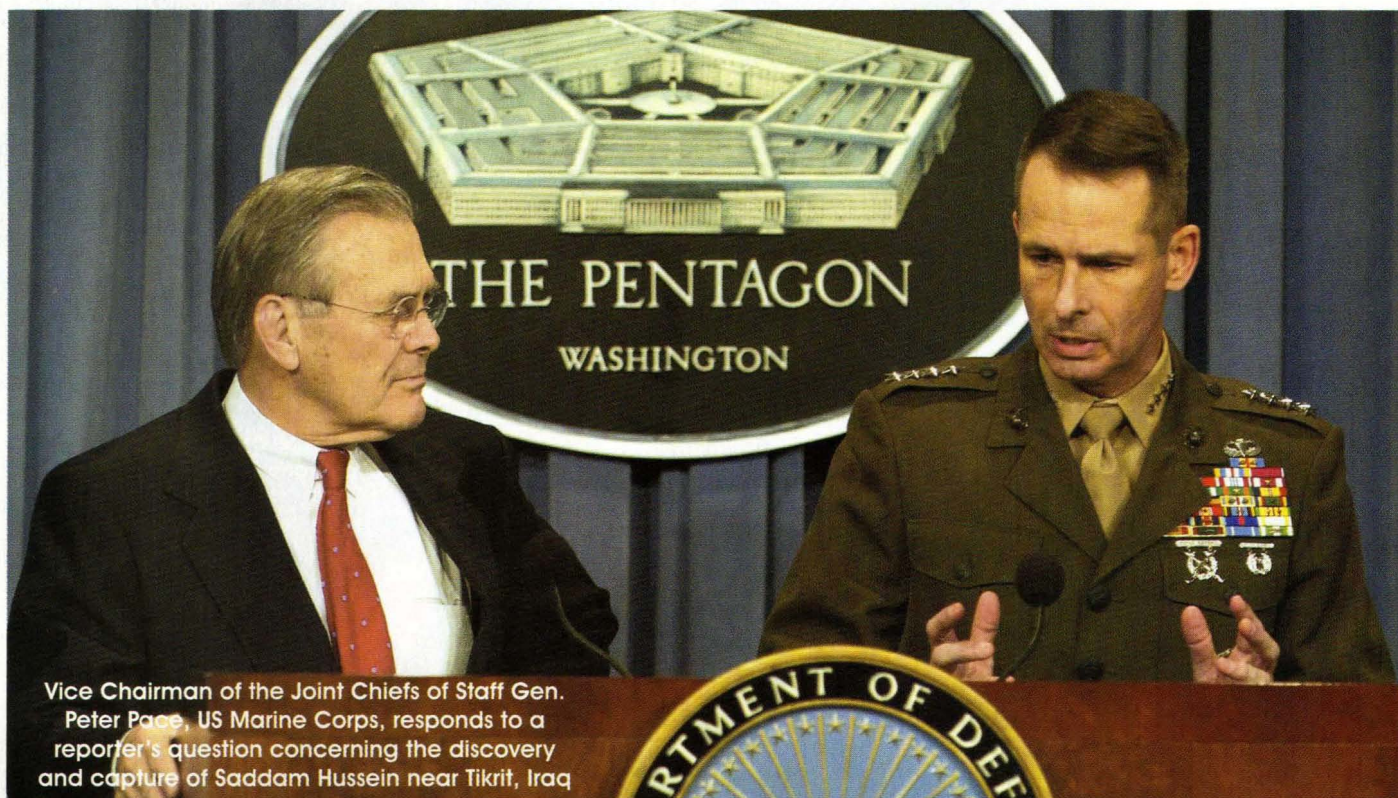
The picture emerging from the prison is one of a lack of command. However, what is clear is that half a dozen guards charged with cruelty and other offences have darkened further the methods used by the intelligence services, both military and others, to obtain vital information.

Jordan continues to deny any guilt and continues to talk. He recently described "a joint venture" whereby he and the CIA interrogators worked on how to hide "ghost detainees" from Red Cross inspectors visiting the prison. Some five prison-

ers were bought to Abu Ghraib by the CIA or another government agency, according to Jordan. They were moved and not entered into the log book to hide them from the inspectors. "Pappas and CIA officials reached an understanding in which military intelligence would provide translators and interrogators," said Jordan, "even though they were not on our rolls." One of the detainees has since died. He is now the subject of an official CIA investigation.

Jordan quoted Pappas as allegedly saying: "Well, if I go down, I'm not going down alone. The guys from Langley are going with me."

Jordan is a controversial witness. Major General Antonio Taguba, who headed an investigation into the abuses and torture claims, reassigned him for lying to investigators. The investigation of Abu Ghraib continues...



Vice Chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff Gen. Peter Pace, US Marine Corps, responds to a reporter's question concerning the discovery and capture of Saddam Hussein near Tikrit, Iraq

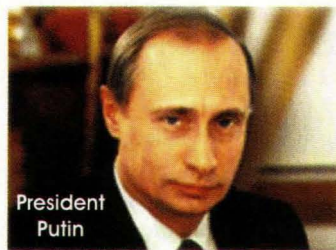


RUSSIA'S COLD WAR SPY GAMES

Continued from page 7

was not a proper person to be in charge of SIS because of his connection with the previous regime," he said. "We were not saying he was a traitor. We were not saying he was working for Moscow. But anyone who worked for the previous regime could have pressure exerted on them."

This is not an unreasonable point to make. As head of the Slovak detective force, Mr



President
Putin

in the Slovak media, Mr Mitro resigned to be replaced by Ladislav Pittner, a former dissident with impeccable credentials of opposition to communism, and still the reports continued. Eventually, last December, all former members of the StB were forced to resign from the SIS, including two who played crucial roles in Operation Samnite.

A couple of months ago, Slovakia expelled another Russian spy. But none of this ended the continuing suspicions of Russian infiltration of the SIS. "There still hasn't been a thorough-going lustration process," Mr Standish says, although if all the former members of the StB have been



forced out by law it is difficult to see what his problem is.

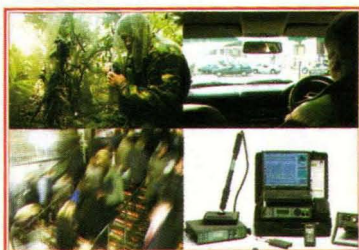
Mr Mitro thinks that no matter how many changes are made to the SIS the critics will never be satisfied and is scathing at claims that an organisation run by someone like his successor might be riddled with Russian agents. Mr Pittner was jailed in the 1950s at the age of 16 for "anti-state activities" and was a

founding member of the Public Against Violence group that led the 1989 anti-communist revolution. "I was able to work with the old StB members professionally," Mr Mitro says. "But Pittner has a jihad against these people. For all his life he has kept the kettle of hate boiling against the previous regime. To imagine that he would allow the service to be infiltrated by the Russians is ludicrous."

The Complete Manual of Surveillance Training

ADVANCED SURVEILLANCE

The Complete Manual of Surveillance Training



by Peter Jenkins

An indispensable aid for:

- Surveillance Operators
- Close Protection Officers
- Private Investigators
- Law Enforcement
- Security Consultants
- Corporate Security Teams
- Military Intelligence Units



ADVANCED SURVEILLANCE

ADVANCED SURVEILLANCE:

Ref: ES/712 UK £24.99

USA \$45.00 EUR £29.99

ROW USE US RATES

Use order form on page 82



MOSS

Israeli Airline D Heathrow, as S

El Al, Israel's national airline, has started to deploy advanced anti-missile technology on its British-bound aeroplanes to safeguard against a terrorist strike over southern England.

Following at least two failed al-Qaida operations to bring down passenger aeroplanes over London, Mossad warned that sooner or later a shoulder-launched missile would be fired at an El Al flight out of Heathrow. In February 2003, hundreds of British soldiers were deployed in and around Heathrow, while anti-terrorist officers searched huge swathes of London under the air-routes. MI5 had acquired good intelligence that an al-Qaida cell was in the area and planned to bring down an aircraft.



Britain's most senior police officer Sir John Stevens has been asked to look into security gaff.

AD'S GLASS BALL

loys Missile Defence Technology over urity Gaff Reveals Genuine Threat

And in a strange twist of fate, six weeks later a confidential UK security file revealing likely locations where al-Qaida terrorists would try and shoot down aircraft over London, was found by a motorist.

Many El Al airliners already have anti-missile systems fitted as standard, but the advanced devices, adapted from military systems, automatically trigger decoy flares to divert the path of an incoming heat-seeking rocket. The same technology is used by the Israeli Air Force on dangerous operational missiles.

As al-Qaida seeks another major outrage, the feeling within Israel's intelligence community is that an attack against Jewish interests will take place outside the Middle East.

FLIGHT GUARD

The new system, called Flight Guard, has already been fitted to El Al airliners flying into Heathrow Airport, deemed 'high risk'. By 2006, El Al jets flying to most destinations will carry the technology. "With the growing danger of terrorist attacks in the UK, El Al flights to and out of the UK will be the most secure," said a source close to Shin Bet, Israel's internal security service. However, the United States Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) advised El Al managers and pilots that the defence system must be turned off when entering or over US airspace. Strict flare-based counter-measures are illegal on the premise of ground and air safety.

El Al passenger jets have been targeted by terrorists for many years. The threat of hijackings has been replaced by the fear of surface-to-air

missile attack. Al-Qaida has found it impossible to penetrate the security that surrounds El Al and its global airport facilities. And even if terrorists did manage to board a plane, Israel has probably the best-trained and fully armed sky marshals in the world.

Yet the threat of a missile attack still looms heavy and almost became a reality in November 2002 when an al-Qaida gang fired an RPG at a holiday charter aircraft taking 270 people back

to Tel Aviv after holidaying in Africa. The terrorists simply hid in a building close to the airport at Mombasa, Kenya. When the aircraft became airborne, a missile was fired... it just missed.

A SAM Strela 2 shoulder-launched missile has a range of 10,500ft and can reach altitudes over 6,000ft. With a speed of over 860mph, it can easily outpace an airliner. The 360 degree Flight Guard system will defeat the Strela 2 in most cases.



© FLIGHT IMAGES

SELLING DEATH IN THE AIR

MI6 and the CIA have been carefully monitoring the sale of heat-seeking ground-to-air missiles. These weapons are readily available in the global arms market, and it is believed a number

have indeed fallen into the hands of al-Qaida. Fired with relative ease, the missiles, some with a range of 12,000ft, lock onto an aircraft's engines, particularly on landing and takeoff when more energy from the jets is expended.

Flight Guard uses six radar sensors - two on the aircraft's nose, two on its tail and two on the fuselage - to detect a missile entering its 'flight envelope', before automatically firing decoy flares at various angles. In numerous test flights, the missile's heat-seeking guidance system is confused and locks onto the ghost heat sources.

The captain would turn on the defence system during takeoff and landing - the most likely time for an attack.

Flight Guard has its critics, especially those who believe launching flares over built-up areas could cause fire and panic. However, Israeli aviation specialists say Flight Guard's glowing flares

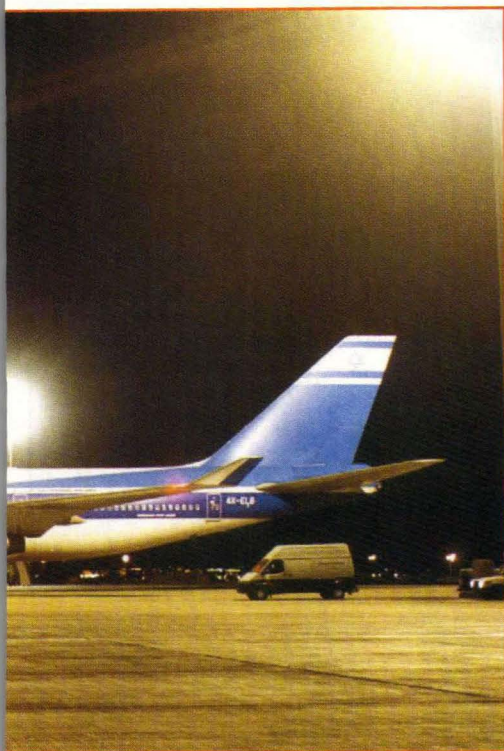
burn for no longer than three seconds and emit infrared energy and little visible light. "The system is about as effective as there is (at the moment)," said David Learmount, safety editor of *Flight International* magazine.

British Airways is currently examining the cost of deploying missile countermeasures. "We are keeping a close eye on developments, but we believe an appropriate measure is still some years away," said a BA spokesman.

The US Department of Homeland Security wants to begin fitting anti-missile systems to commercial jets in America by 2006. Earlier this year it awarded contracts each worth \$1.1m to three aviation companies, including BAE Systems, to develop suitable technology. None of the contracts involves flare-based systems.

- Each Flight Guard system costs \$600,000 (\$1m) to install and will be installed on El Al's 28 airliners.





NEW ZEALAND - ISRAEL SPY ROW

A mysterious Israeli man at the centre of a passport fraud case that has strained relations between New Zealand and Israel, worked for the Israeli government for 10 years. Two suspected Israeli spies, Uriel Zoshe Kelman and Eli Cara, were sentenced to six months in prison after pleading guilty to trying to obtain a New Zealand passport by fraud.

Police are still hunting for a third man, Zev William Barkan, who the defence pinpointed as the mastermind behind the operation but who left New Zealand before he could be arrested.

Barkan, who applied for a passport under the name of a wheelchair-bound Auckland

man, worked as an attache at Israel's embassy in Austria from 1996 to 2001. He also worked for the Israeli foreign ministry for 10 years. "That is direct evidence that this is Israeli state involvement, whether Mossad or the diplomatic corps," Professor Ralph Pettman of Wellington's Victoria University said.

New Zealand Foreign Affairs Minister Phil Goff also confirmed that Barkan was an employee of the Israeli foreign service for a period of time. "We expect an explanation - an accounting of what the people were involved with, and an assurance that this sort of thing won't happen again," Goff said.

The two men were arrested in March 2004, after police secretly followed them as they



were arranging to pick up the passport. Police are reportedly also searching for two other people involved in the case.

New Zealand Prime Minister Helen Clark (above) has suspended all high-level contacts with Israel as a result. Israel has no direct diplomatic presence in New Zealand, with the closest embassy in Canberra. The government has said there were very strong reasons to suspect the two jailed men were acting on behalf of Israel's intelligence services, without producing evidence.

A Chilling Reminder

Confidential Heathrow Airport Security Dossier Found in Petrol Station

A full six weeks after Mossad analysts highlighted the dangers for El Al airliners flying into London, a motorist found an unbelievable confidential dossier just a few hundred yards away from the perimeter road around Heathrow Airport's Terminal 4. After stopping for petrol, a businessman found the file. Puzzled by its content, and instead of handing it to the police, the man contacted a newspaper. Hours later, the story was front-page news.

The file, dated 26 June 2004, is a highly sensitive document that details likely areas around Heathrow where al-Qaida terrorists might hide and launch a surface-to-air strike on a civilian aircraft. Indeed, no fewer than 62 locations are identified along the nine-

mile perimeter road. Some locations around these sites are already under observance by MI5 and anti-terrorist units of Scotland Yard. The dossier also marks safe houses which MI5 and anti-terrorist officers use. Other locations pinpoint the exact position where snipers can be secreted.

It was a dreadful lapse of security, but how did the file end up in the garage?

A middle-ranking officer in Scotland Yard's elite SO18 aviation division, based at Heathrow, had reportedly stopped for petrol. Not wanting to leave the file in his car while he paid for the petrol, he decided to keep it in view on the vehicle's roof. However, he forgot about it and after paying his bill, simply drove off. The file fell off the roof.

The incident is proof indeed that MI5 learned of a plot to bring down an aircraft over central London last year. Several months ago, Eye Spy published a report that a trained al-Qaida gang had been in situ for some time. The terrorists had almost certainly infiltrated the UK via a legitimate asylum seeking establishment. MI5 traced the operators to London, but lost track of the men. However, it is believed that at the last moment, the security services managed to thwart delivery of a surface-to-air missile launcher, and the attack was aborted. The terrorists are believed to have come from North Africa.

SO18 officers have also examined all possible escape routes around the perimeter, in the event of a terrorist strike. Road



New Scotland Yard - investigation launched

blocks, and emergency support data was also contained in the dossier.

Britain's Home Security, David Blunkett, is fuming. He admitted the dossier was authentic, and asked Scotland Yard to launch an immediate investigation. "The plans were obviously very good," said Mr Blunkett. He then told journalists that he had asked Britain's most senior police officer, Sir John Stevens, "how the loss of the file had happened." Indeed, intelligence watchers say the file should not have been outside of a secure location at all.

The dossier contains SO18 operational plans for all of 2004. Those plans have already been altered.

For those observers who continue to insist al-Qaida's threat to bring an airliner down over London is a fantasy, the dossier is a chilling reminder that the intelligence world knows far more than it is willing to divulge.



Sir John Stevens and David Blunkett

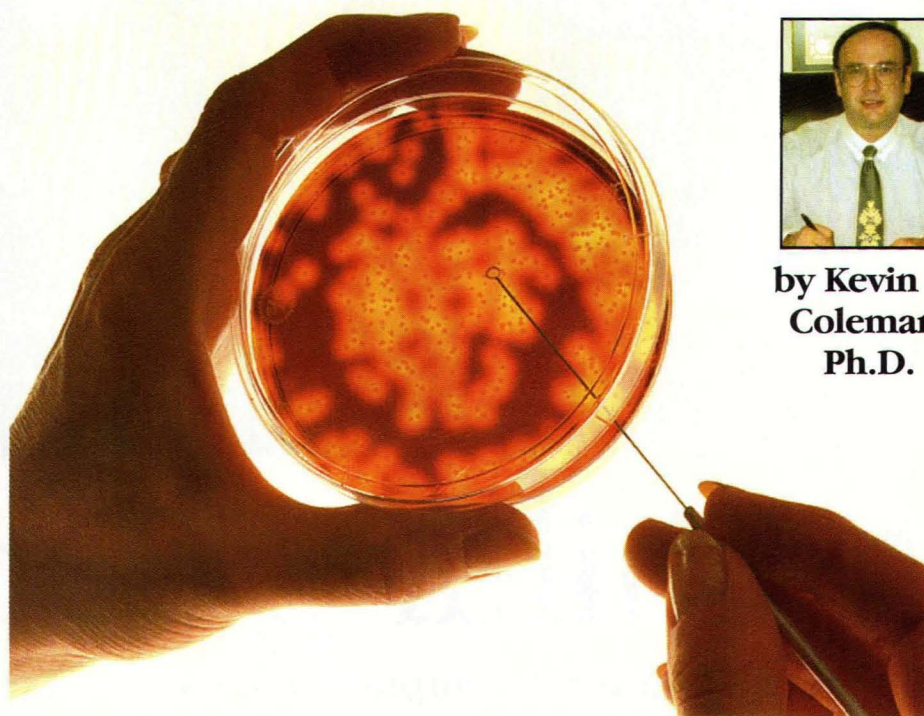
In these articles we will provide you with the high level understanding required to increase your skills and prepare you for the high tech intelligence world of tomorrow. As you prepare for the future we will also provide information to enhance your skills and value as an intelligence agent or operative. The articles will be based on reality rather than academic vision of what the future might hold.

Covered in this series will be:

- Surveillance and Counter Surveillance Technology
- Winning the 21st Century Intelligence Game
- Global Intelligence Grid
- Biometric Devices
- Sensor Networks, NanoElectronics and Surveillance
- Directed Energy Weapons
- Rethinking International Intelligence
- From "Q's" Lab - An Operative's Technology Suite
- Training the 21st Century Operative

- **Tracking Biological Weapons (readers request)**

Tracking Biological



by Kevin G. Coleman, Ph.D.

INTEL

Much has been said in recent months about the threat posed by terrorists using biological and chemical weapons. How real is the threat and what must the global intelligence community do to protect against this threat? These questions will be addressed as well as other critical areas in biological weapons counter-proliferation.

Technology continues to advance at a pace many people find troubling. With the advent of new technologies and breakthroughs in fundamental sciences, critics are quick to identify and espouse the negative aspects of the most recent

advances. Few people would dispute that Biotechnology will bring about unprecedented change in many aspects of life. The medical breakthroughs in genetic engineering, tissue engineering and other Biotechnology related areas will significantly impact all living things. Biotechnology holds perhaps the greatest benefits for all mankind but like all technologies, it also creates new threats. History has proven this fact time and time again. Just as a primitive axe can be used as a tool to cut wood and clear vegetation - it can also be used as a weapon to kill other human beings.

A basic understanding of Biotechnology is required by the intelligence community for many reasons. The first is to understand what the current capabilities of biotechnology are and how it can be used to

Weapons

Part 4 in this important series of features - the latest and greatest technology innovations that support the intelligence community today and will well into the future...

create biological weapons (BIO-WMD). This information will also provide the knowledge to understand dual-use equipment that increases the complexity of monitoring efforts to create biological weapons.

BIOTECHNOLOGY

Historically, 'biotech' has been defined according to a newly discovered 'genetic engineering' technology. However, as the technology has evolved, it has expanded to encompass other aspects of scientific discovery. As different scientific disciplines began using genetic engineering techniques, biotech expanded to include companies involved in genome initiatives, genetic data management and mining ('bioinformatics'), and biotech service organisations as well. Simply put, biotech is the application of scientific knowledge to transfer genetic traits from one species to another to modify, enhance or protect an organism.

New technologies related to biological warfare are emerging continuously. Seed stocks for biological agents are readily available in the natural environment and from culture collections in the industrialised nations. Some developing countries have also gained access to these cultures. Biotechnology is intensely information based. The information transfers the

Countries with Biological Weapons



Algeria	Japan
Canada	Libya
China	North Korea
Egypt	Pakistan
France	Russia
Germany	South Africa
India	Syria
Iran	Taiwan
Iraq	United States
Israel	United Kingdom

processes required to manufacture these weapons, as well as the assays needed to enhance the destructive features of these naturally occurring materials. The rapid advancement in this technology has made it extremely difficult to control the knowledge needed to create biological weapons of mass destruction.

BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS

Biological weapons are not new; in fact they have been around for centuries. It is also important to note that the use of biological weapons has occurred sporadically since their inception. These biological agents have unique features that make them very effective. They are odourless, tasteless, and when dispersed in an aerosol cloud, are invisible to the human eye because the particle size of the aerosol is extremely small. Biological weapons can be produced from widely available seed pathogens which may be obtained under legitimate bio-medical research. This dual application usage for the materials and equipment increase the complexity associated with monitoring

and control of the proliferation of biological weapons.

There are six classifications of biological agents

1. Bacteria
2. Chlamydia
3. Fungi
4. Rickettsiae
5. Toxins
6. Viruses

The main characteristics of biological agents, which impact their potential for use as weapons, include: infectivity, virulence, toxicity, pathogenicity, incubation period, transmissibility and lethality. Unique to many of these agents and distinctive from their chemical counterparts, is the ability to multiply in the body over time and actually increase the damaging effects.

The list of biological agents that could pose the greatest public health risk in the event of a bioterrorist attack is very short. However, if these agents were to be



A sharpened stone lashed to a branch formed the first axe

acquired and properly disseminated, the public health challenge in terms of the ability to limit the numbers of casualties and control the damage to our cities and nations would be next to impossible at this point.

Biological Warfare Agents (Partial List)

- Anthrax
- Botulinum Toxins
- Brucellosis
- Cholera
- Clostridium Perfringens Toxins
- Congo-Crimean Hemorrhagic Fever
- Ebola Haemorrhagic Fever
- Melioidosis*
- Plague
- Q Fever
- Ricin
- Rift Valley Fever
- Saxitoxin
- Smallpox
- Staphylococcal Enterotoxin B
- Trichothecene Mycotoxins
- Tularemia
- Venezuelan Equine Encephalitis

Numerous other countries are suspected to have active biological weapons programmes underway at this time. However, the state of development is either unknown or confidence in the intelligence suggesting the existence of these programmes is below the threshold needed to confirm the activities. It is also important to mention that obtaining biological weapons has long been the goal of al-Qaida and other extremist groups.



BIOLOGICAL WEAPONS CONVENTION

Initial attempts to control the threat of biological weapons began in 1925 with the Geneva Protocol to ban the use of both chemical and biological agents. While recognised as important, the threat was not given enough attention and was left to grow for decades. The Biological Weapons Convention of 1972 was ratified and signed by 130 countries.

This treaty has significant flaws. Two of the most significant are that it does not include neither enforcement mechanisms nor include any mechanism for verification. While many discussions have taken place, and experts have provided suggestions about mechanisms for verifications, the reality is that currently no one can say with certainty whether a nation state has active biological weapons programmes or not. The non-nation state entities are an entirely

CASE FILE:

THE ANTHRAX ATTACKS IN AMERICA

The mysterious anthrax attacks claimed the lives of several people in 2001-2. Letters containing anthrax led to the death of a Florida postal worker. It was the first confirmed anthrax case, but others would follow.

On 1 October, White House chief of staff Andrew Card said: "I'm not trying to be an alarmist, but we know that these terrorist organisations, like al-Qaida, run by Osama bin-Laden and others, have probably found the means to use biological or chemical warfare." It was a hint that bin-Laden was the prime suspect.

Letters containing anthrax continued to be intercepted. After many false alarms, it turns out that only four letters contain real anthrax. They are sent to *NBC*, *New York Post*, Democratic Senator Daschle and

Democratic Senator Leahy. There are a number of hoax letters, however, likely sent by the same person to all the recipients of the real anthrax letters, plus to *CBS*, *Fox News*, *New York Times*, and the *St. Petersburg Times*. Eleven people are infected, and five would ultimately die.

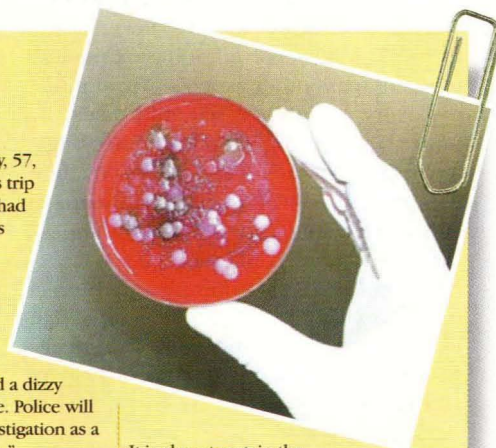
On 9 October, anthrax letters postmarked in Trenton, New Jersey, containing lethal doses are sent to Senators Daschle and Leahy. Inside both letters are the words: "Death to America, Death to Israel, Allah is Great."

President Bush states: "There may be some possible link between the attacks and bin-Laden. We have no hard data yet, but it's clear that bin-Laden is an evil man."

28 congressional staffers then test positive for anthrax. The Senate office buildings are shut down, followed by the House of Representatives.

On 16 November 2001, microbiologist: Dr Don Wiley, 57, disappears during a business trip to Memphis, Tennessee. He had just bought tickets to take his son to Graceland the following day. Police found his rental car on a bridge outside Memphis. His body was later found in the Mississippi River. Forensic experts said he may have had a dizzy spell and fallen off the bridge. Police will only say, "We began this investigation as a missing person investigation."

Wiley worked at the Howard Hughes Medical Institute at Harvard University, and was an expert on the immune system's response to viral attacks. He was widely regarded as the nation's foremost expert in using special X-ray cameras and mathematical formulas to make high-resolution images of viruses.



It is almost certain the anthrax originated in the USA. Major investigative efforts to discover who posted the deadly letters, have thus far been unsuccessful. Steven Hatfill, a US scientist, later emerged as a suspect. He rejects the accusations.

Anthrax case files in Eye Spy issues: 5, 6, 9, 10. (Main story issue 10)



Anthrax spores taken from letters sent to officials shortly after 9/11, are examined by a US scientist

different story. It is common knowledge that many terrorist groups are actively seeking to obtain biological capabilities.

INTELLIGENCE CHALLENGE

Biological weapons can no longer be ignored. Biological terrorism is by far the greatest challenge for the global intelligence community.

Minute quantities of biological agents properly released pose an enormous threat. The economic implications of a bioterrorism attack on the population or the food supply would create severe uncertainty in the stock markets around the world. If one thing is for certain, stock markets do not like uncertainty. The economic impact of even a small attack would undoubtedly exceed the financial impact of 11 September 2001 on the United States economy.

The intelligence community must create a special unit that is highly skilled in the

areas of biotechnology and biological weapons. The unit must increase our ability to evaluate private and Nation-State run biotechnology programmes that could be dual-use in nature. This is no small task given the amount of governmental investment the billions of dollars of venture capital investment in the biotechnology space each year. New companies and new technology seem to be born overnight. Funding for University Biotech research and development (R & D) programmes are also climbing at a steady pace.

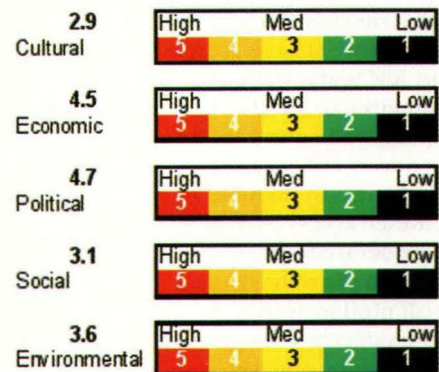
The enormous amount of information being generated from biotechnology research complicates the matter even more. Publication of research and studies can provide the knowledge necessary for interested parties to create their own biological weapons laboratory and produce and weaponise these materials. With so much R & D going on, and the fact that much of the equipment needed to create biological weapons has legitimate medical research use, the intelligence needed to sort out the lawful programmes from unlawful initiatives is crucial.

A SCENARIO TO PONDER

The food supply may be one of the easiest targets for a bioterrorism attack. If this were to occur, the economic consequences would be catastrophic. In the United States the agriculture industry accounts for about 13% of Gross Domestic Product (GDP) and employs about 15% of the workforce. This sector of the economy produces inexpensive, quality products for domestic consumption and contributes about \$50 billion to the US economy via global trade. So what would the implications of such an attack be?

If you look at the ability of most of the world's military to respond and combat against a biological attack, you would realise just how unprepared the armed forces are. While actions have been taken around the world to enhance nations' ability to respond to such an attack, much more effort needs to be placed on education, facilities and equipment. Using the TIE model the results are presented in this matrix.

Biological Terrorist Attack



TIE Matrix

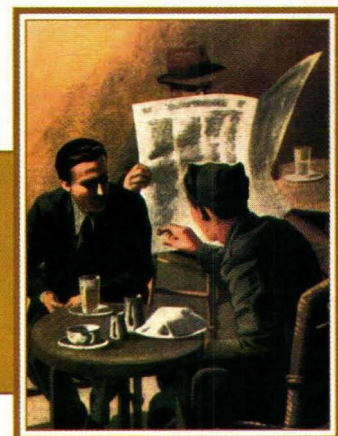
Transdisciplinary Intelligence Engineering (TIE) Model is a technology pioneered by INTELOMICS

The extraordinarily destructive potential of these weapons clearly comes out when you evaluate the numeric score for each segment of the model. Much more attention must be given to this highly vulnerable area. The distributed nature of the food supply, as well as the vast areas that require security and protection, add to the complexity of the task of protecting the food supply. There are four main segments to the food supply chain requiring security, monitoring, tracking and testing.

The four food supply-chain segments are:

1. Production
2. Processing
3. Distribution
4. Consumption

The above TIE matrix measures the impact of the Bioterrorism attack described in the scenario. Transdisciplinary Intelligence Engineering (TIE) model (threat dimension which measures the probability of an attack based on impact) rates the likelihood in the High category with a score of 4.3 on a scale of 1-low



*Be Informed... Subscribe to
Eye Spy Intelligence Magazine*

through 5-high. Numerous pathogens could be used to interrupt one or more segments of the food supply chain. Concerns over the security of the food supply have steadily increased over the past few years. Agroterrorism is the new term given to attacks against the food supply. While many are focusing on large producers and mega facilities, terrorist attacks against multiple small producers scattered across a country would be even more devastating from a psychological aspect. A distributed attack against these small producers would also be much more difficult to identify and track due to lack of lot or origination tracking controls at open/farmers markets and limited tracking documentation.

CONCLUSION

Today, more than ever before, we are vulnerable to bioterrorist attacks. The ability of nations to monitor the proliferation of Biological Weapons is one of two proactive tactics that can be employed to mitigate the horrific risk of a bioterrorism attack. Enhanced intelligence is necessary to continuously monitor the growth and evolution of biological weapons. We must take steps to deter any further proliferation of biological weapons. New treaties with real teeth are necessary to control proliferation. Export controls on dual-use equipment and annual verification of the

application of equipment in the field would also increase the ability to monitor questionable initiatives.

The global intelligence community must work together, share information and coordinate efforts to detect clandestine biological weapons programmes. The second is deal directly with the nation states, terrorist groups, and other entities that plan to acquire and/or use

*The question is
not if a biological
attack will occur -
it is when...*

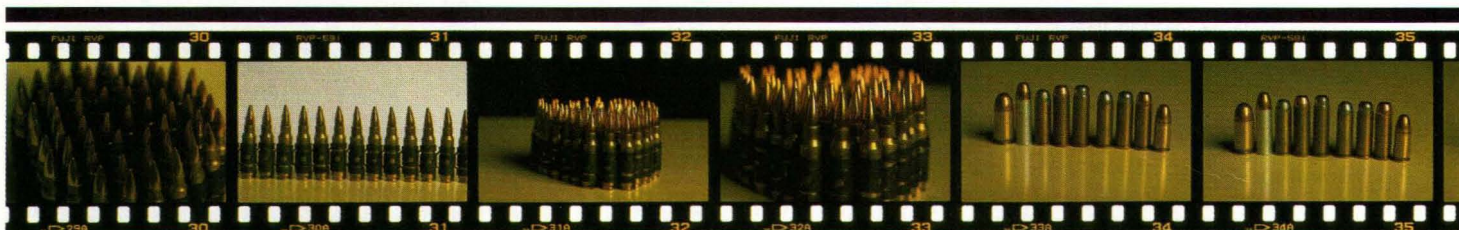
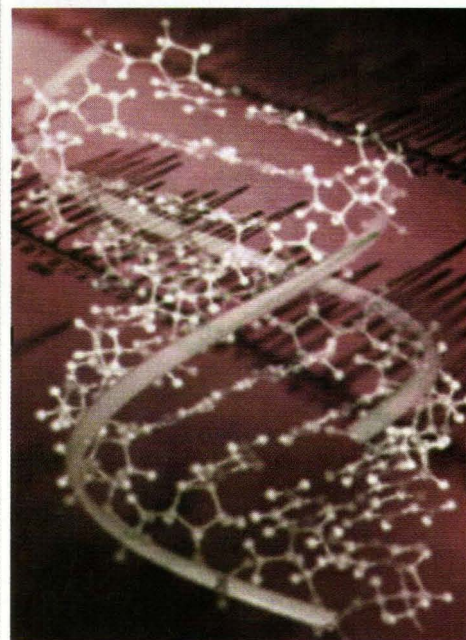
biological weapons. Direct action against these groups, coupled with efforts to cut off the money supply needed to fund these programmes will reduce, but not eliminate, this threat.

Government leaders must take steps to mitigate the direct and indirect impact of a biological weapons attack against the population or the food supply. Development of new therapeutics, public and industry educational programmes, are

just two of the many actions that must be taken immediately. Food supply tracking capabilities, improved disease tracking and reporting must also be implemented and will all serve to reduce the losses from such an attack.

The question is not if a biological attack will occur - it is when...

© Technolytics and Intelomics
www.Technolytics.com
www.Intelomics.com



LAW ENFORCEMENT PICTURE LIBRARY Photo Journalism

Regular contributor to EYE SPY - NUJ Accredited
Specialists in law enforcement and related images

Available for location commissions both foreign
and domestic. Specialist in public order situations,
demonstrations, and protests.

We provide a full studio-based service for any speciality
commissions, providing a wide range of law enforcement props and
uniforms, as well as an extensive armoury.

For commissions and quotes please contact Steve McManus on:

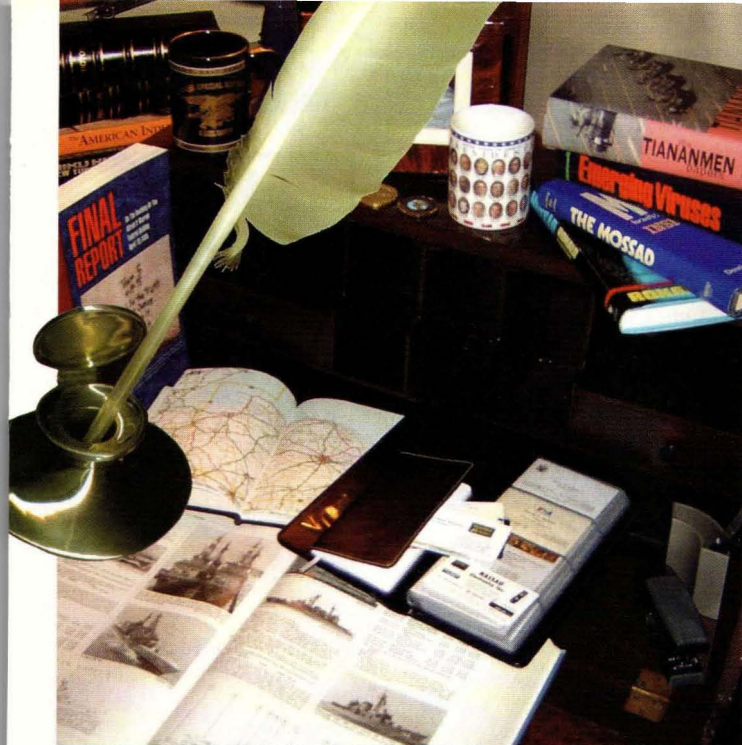
07951 054 092 or Telephone EYE SPY 01756 770199

or by email: Machardboiled@AOL.Com



www.lawenforcementpicturelibrary.com

undercover



THE SECRETS OF RUE ST ROCH Intelligence Operations Behind Enemy Lines in the First World War Janet Morgan Penguin ISBN: 0 713 99765 6

This is the extraordinary true story of one of the most daring spying missions of the First World War, and the men and women who took part in it. Based on a remarkable archive of recently discovered papers, it is a work of historical detection, an enthralling drama of courage and adventure - and the only full account in existence of an Allied espionage operation during the war.

In February 1917, Captain George Bruce of British Military Intelligence, was assigned to an unmarked office on Rue St Roch in Paris, from where he began to recruit agents to work in occupied territory. One of his first recruits was the unlikely heroine Madame Lise Richard: a middle-aged Luxembourg housewife who Bruce persuaded to set up a critical operation observing the movement of German troops and weapons to the Western Front. She was soon joined by one of the most dashing

and colourful figures of this or any war: Albert Baschwitz Meau, an intrepid Belgian soldier who sailed over enemy lines in an unpowered balloon one night in Spring 1918. We are also introduced to other unexpected personalities, including Britain's top military balloonist 'Pink Tights' Pollock; a school-teacher turned encryption expert; and the friend of Proust and Cocteau, Miss Dorothy Done.

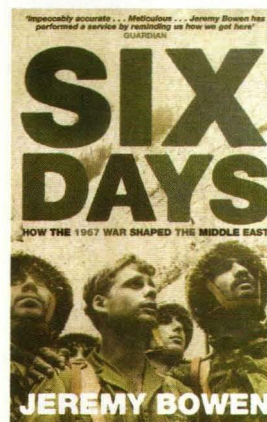
The Secrets of Rue St Roch is a moving tale of individuals in extraordinary circumstances; about working underground and outside the rules; and about the nature of bravery. Hardback 304pp.

Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/896 £18.99 \$35.00

SIX DAYS How the 1967 War Shaped the Middle East Jeremy Bowen Simon & Schuster ISBN: 0 7434 4969 X

From the initial battle order issued to the Israeli Air Force on Monday, 5 June 1967, to the final ceasefire on the evening of Saturday 10 - the *Six-Day War* between Israel and Syria, Egypt and Jordan was a riveting human drama. Building on his first-hand experience of the region after his five years as the BBC's Middle East Correspondent, as well as extensive original research, Jeremy Bowen now presents a brilliantly compelling new history of the conflict. *Six Days* re-creates day by day, hour by hour, the bullying and brinkmanship that led four nations to war - a war that shaped the modern Arab-Israeli conflict. Understanding 1967 is the key to deciphering what is happening today in Gaza, the West Bank and Israel.

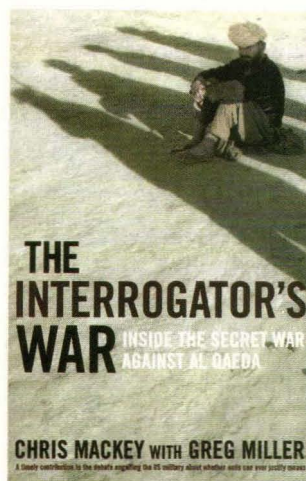
As insightful as the best modern history writing and as gripping as fiction, this is a debut by an author with superb media contacts. Paperback 420 pages.



Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/897 £10.48 \$22.00

THE INTERROGATOR'S WAR Inside the Secret War Against Al Qaeda Chris Mackey with Greg Miller John Murray ISBN: 0 71956619 3

The methods of the US military in conducting the war on terror have recently come under intense international scrutiny and criticism. But there is much that remains unclear about the realities on the ground, in those cramped cells in the midst of battle zones where terrorist suspects come head-to-head with trained interrogators. Now, for the first time, the inside story of this secret war is uncovered by Chris Mackey, a senior US Army interrogator in Afghanistan, who interviewed scores of Al Qaeda and Taliban suspects, many of whom were sent to Guantanamo Bay.



In Afghanistan the interrogators faced an enemy who, with tactics like sleeper cells and suicide bombers, were unlike any other they had seen. Working round the clock, Mackey and his team had to discard outmoded Cold War interrogation techniques and evolve breakthrough psychological strategies and complex mind games. But the interrogators too were under immense pressure; relentlessly pitching their wits against suspected fanatics, ever fearful that their prisoners might know of another 9/11, but constrained from unleashing their tempers by the Geneva Convention, it was not always just the prisoners who cracked.

Mackey's compelling picture of exhausting interrogations and pressure-cooker atmosphere which built up under the relentless Afghan sun gives a troubling insight into the temptations and obstacles in the path of sound military judgment. But it is also a testament to the strength of character of those many interrogators who remained professional, rational and played by the rules. Large heavy Softback 484 pages.

Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/899 £17.99 \$33/50

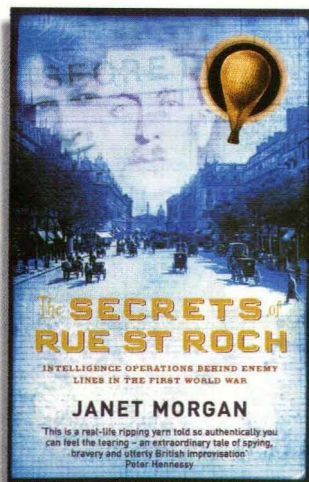
STATION 43 Audley End House and SOE's Polish Section Ian Valentine Sutton Publishing ISBN: 0 75093708 4

Audley End House in Essex - or Station 43 as it was known during the Second World War - was used as the principal training school for SOE's Polish Section between 1942 and 1944. Polish agents at Audley End undertook a series of arduous training courses in all aspects of guerrilla warfare before being parachuted into occupied Europe.

In 1943, Audley End, or Secret Training Station 43, was placed exclusively under Polish control, a situation unique within SOE. The training was tough and the pass-rate low, but a total of 527 agents passed through Audley End between 1941 and 1945.

Author Ian Valentine has consulted a wide range of primary sources and interviewed dozens of Polish former agents who trained

Continued over

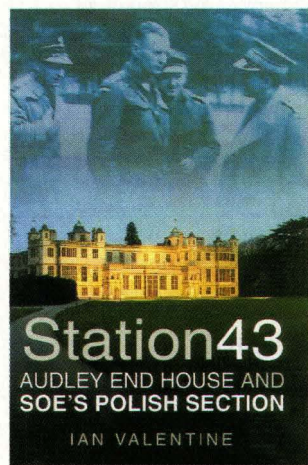


undercover

at Audley End, to write the definitive account of this Essex country house and the vital but secret part it played in defeating Hitler. Set against the background of Polish wartime history, he examines the comprehensive training of agents at Audley End and describes the work undertaken by Station 43's agents in Europe. He also covers the vital link with the RAF's Special Duties squadrons whose crews risked their lives dropping agents into occupied Europe. Station 43 breaks new ground in telling the hitherto untold story of Audley End House and its role as a vital SOE training school.

This is one of the most informative books ever published on the SOE's Polish unit. A really good read. Hardback 209pp

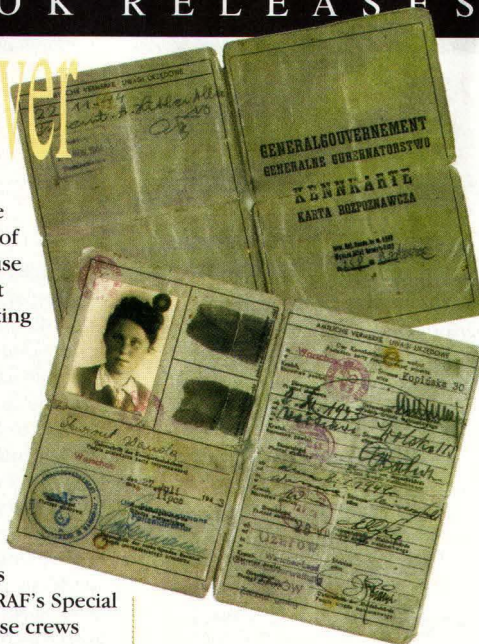
Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/905 £21.99 \$37.00



GET ROMMEL:
The Secret British Mission to Kill Hitler's Greatest General
Michael Asher
Weidenfeld & Nicolson
ISBN: 0 297 84685

This is the true story of Operation Flipper, the secret British plot to kill Rommel in 1941. In this extraordinary story Michael Asher reveals how poor planning and incompetence in high places led to disaster in the desert.

By the summer of 1941 Rommel was Hitler's favourite general. Not only had he driven the British out of Libya but he had

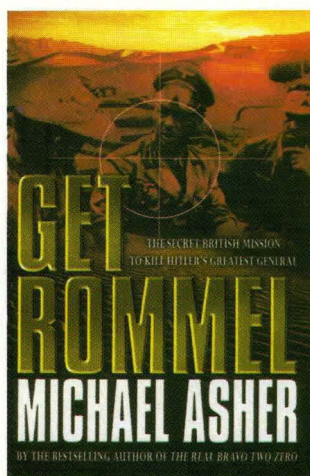


pushed them right back to their Egyptian base. He seemed unbeatable. So the British decided to have him killed.

The British opened their counter-attack with a series of Special Forces raids, including the first ever operation by the newly formed SAS, who had no idea this was effectively a suicide mission. SAS sabotage teams were parachuted close to the German airfields - the task was to knock out the air forces on the ground. But it all went horribly wrong and only a handful of brave soldiers escaped back to British lines to tell their story.

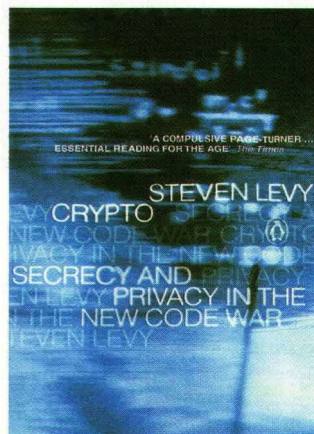
Michael Asher, former member of the SAS and the Parachute Regiment, top desert explorer and bestselling author of the Real Bravo Two Zero, reveals the truth behind the brave but impractical plan to send a commando team deep into the desert to assassinate General Rommel. It made for a fantastic adventure story, but was only rescued from utter disaster by valour of the men involved: few of them survived. Hardback 303 pp.

Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/906 £23.00 \$38.00



CRYPTO
Secrecy and Privacy in the Code War
Steven Levy
Penguin
ISBN: 0 140 244 328

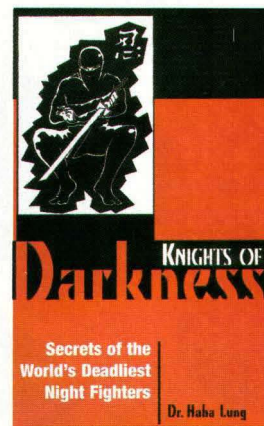
Author Steven Levy, deservedly famous for his enlightening *Hackers*, tells the story of the cypherpunks, their foes, and their allies in 'crypto'; if the NSA had wanted to make sure that strong encryption would reach the masses, it couldn't have done much better than to tell the cranky geniuses of the world not to do it.



From the determined research of Whitfield Diffie and Marty Hellman, in the face of the NSA's decades-old security lock, to the commercial world's turn-of-the-century embrace of encrypted e-commerce, Levy finds drama and intellectual challenge everywhere he looks. Although he writes, "Behind every great cryptographer, it seems, there is a driving pathology", his respect for the mathematicians and programmers who spearheaded public key encryption as the solution to *Information Age* privacy invasion shines throughout.

Each cytological advance that was made outside the confines of the NSA's Fort Meade complex was met with increasing legislative and judicial resistance. Levy's storytelling acumen tugs the reader along through mathematical and legal hassles that would stop most narratives in their tracks - his words make even the depressingly silly Clipper chip fiasco vibrant. Hardcore privacy enthusiasts will value *Crypto* as a review of 30 years of wrangling; those readers with less familiarity with the subject will find it a terrific and well-documented launching pad for further research. From notables like Phil Zimmerman to obscure but important figures like James Ellis, *Crypto* reveals much on the folks who know how to keep a secret. Softback 356pp

Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/903 £9.48 \$20.00



KNIGHTS OF DARKNESS
Secrets of the World's Deadliest Night Fighters
Dr Haha Lung
Paladin Press
ISBN: 0 87364 971 0

This shocking manual reveals fascinating secrets about the stealth and cunning techniques of the moshuh nanren, wolfshirts, ninjas, hwarang, Spetsnaz, Vietcong, Navy SEAL's and other night fighters. It includes weapons concealment and usage, perimeter penetration, stalking, sentry removal, security systems and much more. For academic study only. Paperback 151pp (imported)

Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/901 £15.00 \$26.00

STIRLING'S MEN
The Inside History of the SAS in World War II
Gavin Mortimer
Wiedenfeld & Nicholson
ISBN: 0 297 84712 0

A riveting history book that reads like a novel, *Stirling's Men* investigates the story of the SAS from its creation by David Stirling to the last battles of World War II. This is the first account of the SAS to be officially supported by the veterans and based on their unique first-hand testimony.

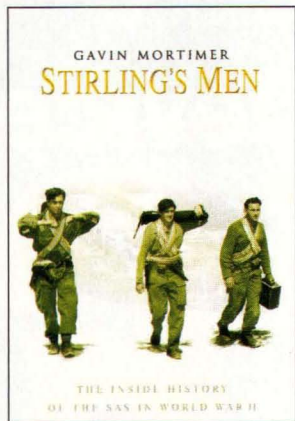
The story is woven around interviews with nearly sixty surviving members, many of whom have never before talked about their role in the legendary regiment.

Gavin Mortimer weaves their stories together to produce a fabulous page-turning narrative that will capture the imagination.

For the first time they speak openly about life in the SAS: the gruelling training that broke all but the toughest; the danger of parachuting into occupied France where Hitler had ordered the 'liquidation' of captured SAS soldiers; and fighting fanatical SS

troops in Germany during the final days of the war.

As well as this incredible group of characters, we of course also get to know Sterling himself: adventurer and gambler and the creator of the greatest Special Forces unit the world has ever seen. Softback 400 pp.



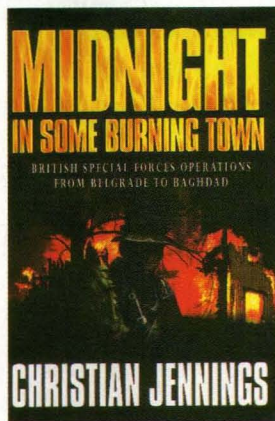
Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/902 £23.00 \$38.00

MIDNIGHT IN SOME BURNING TOWN
British Special Forces Operations
From Belgrade to Baghdad
Christian Jennings
Weidenfeld & Nicolson
ISBN: 0 297 84624 8

British Special Forces from the SAS and SBS have formed the cutting edge of British foreign policy since the mid-1990's. From Kosovo to Sierra Leone, and from Afghanistan to Iraq, the British government has sent Special Forces into action, and time and again these small teams of specialist soldiers have achieved incredible successes, despite their tiny numbers. The United States deploys 'Special Forces' over ten thousand strong; the United Kingdom sends in just a few hundred.

Midnight in Some Burning Town tells the stories of the last ten years of SAS operations, set against the backdrop of international missions from Bosnia to Iraq. From SAS operations inside Kosovo to the hunt for Osama bin

Laden in Afghanistan, and from missions to arrest Balkans war-criminals to operations against Saddam Hussein in Iraq, the book tells the story of how the SAS operate. The author examines how the strategy of 'new warfare' is conducted and assesses the ongoing future of Special Forces, now the weapon of first resort for our political leaders. Hardback 255pp

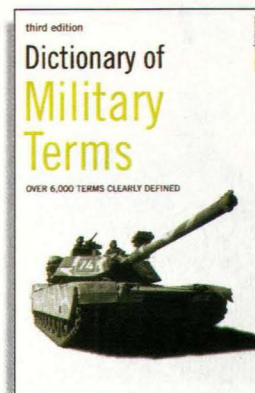


Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/899 £21.99 \$38.00

DICTIONARY OF MILITARY TERMS
3rd Edition
Bloomsbury Publishing
ISBN: 0 74757 477 4

Over 6,000 entries provide up-to-date coverage of British, US and international military vocabulary. Topics covered include ranks, training, military personnel, manoeuvres, vehicles, tactics, commands, weapons and equipment. Encyclopedic notes expand upon more complex terms.

Ideal for all those new to the military, those studying English for military purposes, anyone involved in peacekeeping and non-native English speakers. The Dictionary also features general vocabulary relating to geography, terrain, weather and other relevant matters. Entries include parts of speech, phonetic pronunciation guides and grammar notes, and sample sentences to show the terms used in context. Paperback 288pp



Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/904 £11.49 \$22.00

THE PUPPET MASTERS

SPIES, TRAITORS AND THE REAL FORCES BEHIND WORLD EVENTS

CHOICE

John Hughes-Wilson
Wiedenfeld & Nicolson
ISBN: 0-297-84615-9

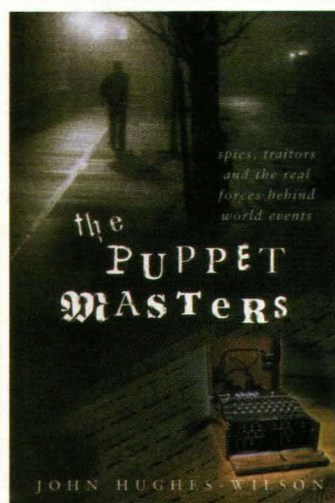
This terrific book is a 'must have' for professionals and enthusiasts alike.

Quite recently, Eye Spy editors had the good fortune to attend a lecture given by Colonel Hughes-Wilson, at the Royal United Services Institute, in Whitehall, London. One of the first statements made by Colonel Wilson was profound, and found much empathy in the audience of intelligence and military observers. "When I joined the UK's Intelligence Corp - years ago, I was very disappointed that I could not find a book on 'intelligence'. What is it - what does it mean...?"

The Puppet Masters sets an agenda immediately. Espionage is not the 'second oldest profession', it is the first.

Each chapter relates tales of intelligence gathering since time immemorial. Every aspect of the subject is examined and cleverly told using a multitude of exceptional stories and cases files.

From the early dawn of Mankind, it seems our neighbour wanted to look over the valley to see if the grass really was greener. As nations developed, intelligence



became a necessity - a must have tool that would give tribes and then empires a real edge in conflict - and a fair chance to survive.

As armies developed, and technology moved beyond listening to conversations in medieval pubs, the need for good intelligence grew. So too did its 'umbrella' of associated subjects. I suspect this is what Colonel Wilson was really looking for when he embarked upon his career.

Intelligence is everywhere and can be used for good and bad. Above all, it allows an individual or nation to make judgements and decisions on events and situations. Without it, you are in trouble.

Today of course, the secret world is mostly a controlled environment. The public rarely get an opportunity to see behind oak doors, or metal perimeters. Yet,

through his experience in the field, the author shows that in 2004, the spy agencies of today are controlled by a level of authority that is neither 100% government controlled, nor are they totally accountable. So who is pulling the strings? The puppet masters, of course.

Enjoyable and easy to read. The reader can literally trace intelligence back thousands of years, though the unique thing about this book, is that you can go to any part and be enthralled and learn.

Colonel Wilson has written a gem of a book, the type of book he was looking for decades ago, when this most likable professional, began his career in the world of intelligence.

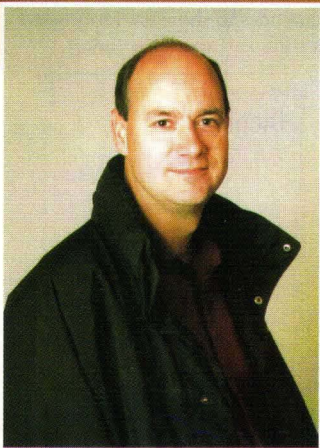
Puppet Masters is one of the great books of 2004, and its index and reference section is simply a library of wealth and learning. Quite invaluable in these troubled times. **Mark Ian Birdsall**
Hardback. 479pp

Available from Eye Spy
REF: ES/915 £23.50 \$45.00

In this issue of Eye Spy, Peter Jenkins explains how the use of technical tracking devices can aid a surveillance and intelligence gathering operation, without the need to resort to expensive manpower and costs.

Technical Tracking Devices

TRADECRAFT 6



Whilst conventional physical surveillance, is always the most accurate way of obtaining intelligence technical devices can be deployed to support the surveillance. After all, a vehicle tracking device will tell us where a vehicle is, but may not tell us what the target is actually doing or who he is meeting.

Tracking for Routine Use

It can be costly in terms of manpower and finances to carry out a physical surveillance. A device planted on a vehicle will provide patterns of routines and identify areas visited over a period of time. This information can then be reviewed to build up an intelligence picture.

Providing a Trigger

If a target vehicle is to be put under conventional surveillance but then enters an area that may be denied to the surveillance team (such as entering

a large forest for a meeting or entering a village that is very aware or hostile), the surveillance team can hold back whilst the operator using the tracking device can keep control of the target, letting the team know when he moves off and in which direction.

Tracking a Very Aware and Sophisticated Target

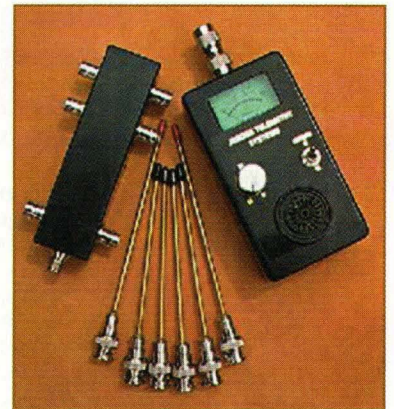
An 'aware target' will carry out counter-surveillance measures to discover whether he is being followed. By using tracking equipment, an operator need not physically follow him at the outset, when he is more likely to be aware. He can be tracked using a device the surveillance team can follow but at a distance and totally out of sight of the target.

To Recover After a Total Loss of Contact

Occasionally during mobile surveillance, contact with the target may be lost. This could be due to many factors but mostly congested traffic. If a loss occurs, you would normally have to carry out a search pattern in order to locate the target, but this is not always successful. Therefore a tracking device will quickly relocate the target to continue the operation.

What the Device Does Not Tell You

Technical devices are prone to failure, but top-of-the-range equipment is normally very reliable in operation and power management.



A surveillance operator must remember such equipment tracks a vehicle and not the person. Therefore, the device will not be able to tell who the target is meeting or what he actually does. It simply provides a location. In addition, the tracker will not indicate whether the target is aware or looking for surveillance. Only the target's body language or other telltale signs will signal this, which will not be noticed by the 'technical' observer.

Readers will probably be familiar with Global Positioning Systems (GPS). Originally designed as a navigational instrument for aircraft and maritime vessels, these devices reveal locations anywhere in the world with extreme accuracy.

Combined with GSM mobile phone technology, they are used as a very



effective tracking device. Simply explained, a GPS receiver is interfaced with a GSM mobile phone. The GPS receives data transmitted from

navigation satellites and plots its location on the ground. The device can then be interrogated by dialling into the device by telephone or computer and a grid reference is obtained of either its Latitude/Longitude position. If interrogating the device via a laptop computer, you will be able to locate the vehicle using digital mapping to a very high degree of accuracy. This will enable the operator to keep the vehicle under surveillance from a comfortable location or to be in a vehicle in the vicinity following from a distance without being in view of the target.

The device can be installed in a vehicle or be attached by magnets to the underside. There are many companies supplying these devices that can be obtained for as little as £800.00 (\$1,600). One such company called *Follow It*, based in the United Kingdom, utilises a small but cost effective device.

Improvising

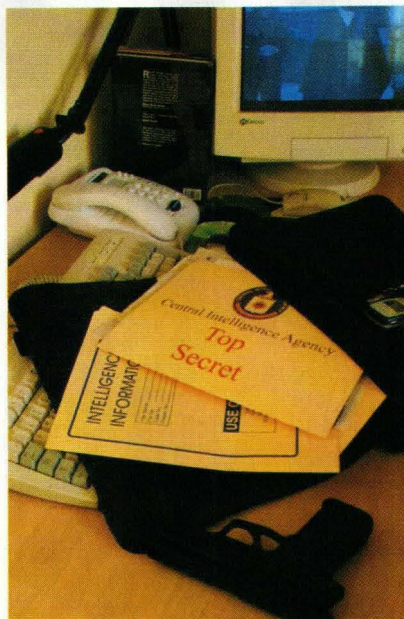
Another simple and cost-effective way of tracking, albeit not as accurate, is by using and tracking the target's mobile phone. Each mobile phone works by a 'cell system', whereby it needs to be near a mast in order for it to operate properly. When it is near to a particular mast (within its cell area), the phone can be interrogated and its location identified. Caution is necessary if this system is to be used covertly, for the target's phone is sent a text message with an activation code at the outset. The target would not want to be made aware! However, a cheap mobile phone on a pay-as-you-go system concealed in a vehicle should provide adequate results so long as the batteries last.

In the UK, the company Verilocation is able to do this. It costs approximately £50.00 (\$100.00) a year to subscribe, and then some 30p (60c) each time a phone's location is requested.

LINKS

www.verilocation.com
www.followit.co.uk

INTELLIGENCE



Former BBC Chairman Accuses Tony Blair

LONDON: Gavyn Davies, the former BBC chairman who was forced to resign over the 'Dr David Kelly' affair, said that Downing Street had conducted a witch hunt against the BBC. Speaking to delegates at a business school in London, Mr Davies said a "campaign had been waged in a remorseless manner, with scant regard for the freedom of the press, or the independence of the BBC." Mr Davis resigned along with his director general, Greg Dyke.



Major 9/11 and Madrid Suspect Arrested in London

Anti-terrorist officers from Scotland Yard, have arrested a shadowy Moroccan underworld figure known as 'Shukur'. His real name is thought to be Farid Hilali. Intelligence sources say he telephoned the al-Qaida commander responsible for the Madrid bombings in March, just hours before the attack took place.

However, he is also wanted for questioning by the FBI. It is understood a telephone tap recording a conversation between Hilali and a colleague in Spain in August 2001, reveals how he would have something to show him in about a month. "I have entered the field

of aviation... to cut the throat of the eagle." FBI and MI5 analysts are fairly confident that this statement is a direct reference to 9/11. Further analysis by voice recognition experts confirm that Hilali and Shukur are the same person.

The name 'Shukur' first surfaced in an indictment alongside Osama bin-Laden and 33 other suspects in Spain, following 9/11. Spanish intelligence officials are satisfied that Spain was used as a base to help organise the US attacks. Shukur is said to have trained at a terrorist camp in Afghanistan before moving to the UK.

Secret CIA Operation Removes Nuclear Materials

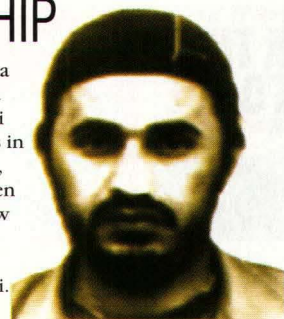
Just days before the United States handed back power to the new Iraqi Government, the CIA mounted a top secret operation to remove "highly radioactive material." US forces had collected the material over twelve months and had stockpiled dozens of crates at Iraq's Tuwaitha nuclear centre, about 30 miles south of Baghdad.

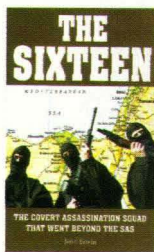
One thousand samples, used mainly for research, and two tonnes of low-enriched uranium, were flown by military cargo planes to the USA. The joint CIA-US military operation was intended to stop any of the radioactive materials from falling into the hands of terrorists. Low-enriched uranium helps speed-up the process of making highly enriched uranium for the manufacture of a nuclear weapon. Other crates removed from Iraq contained cesium-137, cobalt-60 and strontium, all of which can be used to make a 'dirty bomb'.

A DEADLY TERROR PARTNERSHIP

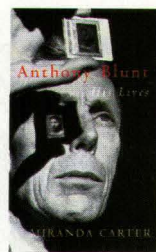
BAGHDAD: According to an extremist website used to broadcast al-Qaida propaganda, two of the most wanted terrorists in the world have teamed up to form a deadly partnership. The website said Abu Musab al-Zarqawi (pictured here), responsible for the brutal beheadings of several civilians in Iraq, and Izzat Ibrahim al-Douri, a former henchman of Saddam Hussein, had joined forces and resources. Al-Douri's three sons have allegedly been placed with an al-Qaida cell operating in Iraq. CIA analysts and Iraq's new government have not confirmed the statement.

Since June, USAF fighters have targeted four safe houses used by Zarqawi.

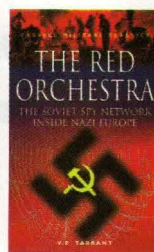




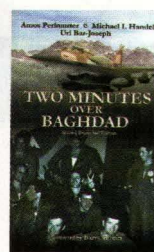
The Sixteen: Secret British assassination team. Hardback 269pp. ES/622 £18.99 \$30.00



Anthony Blunt: Profile on one of the UK's worst traitors. Paperback 600pp. ES/546 £10.50 \$22.00



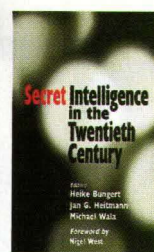
The Red Orchestra: The Soviets huge spy network in Nazi-occupied Europe. Softback 224pp. ES/589 £7.99 \$16.00



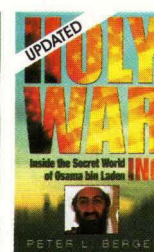
Two Minutes Over Baghdad: Secret operation to attack Iraq's nuclear reactor. Softback 180pp. ES/690 £14.00 \$26.00



Secret Soldiers: Secret warriors who take on all of the world's terrorists. Paperback 620pp. ES/566 £9.99 \$20.00



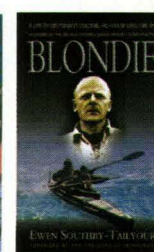
Secret Intelligence in the Twentieth Century: How intelligence and politics mix. Softback 200pp. ES/691 £20.00 \$30.00



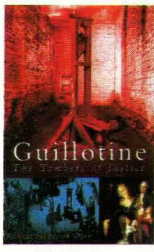
Holy War Inc: Osama bin-Laden by the man who knows him best. Paperback 302pp. ES/555 £9.50 \$20.00



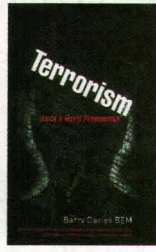
The Assassins: Medieval Islam's secret sect. Fascinating. Hardback 559pp. ES/604 £22.50 \$35.00



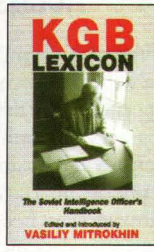
Blondie: Founder of the Special Boat Service SBS. Hardback 412pp. ES/666 £18.50 \$30.00



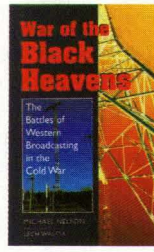
Guillotine: The history of this most controversial device. Hardback 196pp. ES/697 £22.50 \$30.00



Terrorism: An inside look at the complex phenomenon of terrorism. Hardback 280pp. ES/705 £22.50 \$35.00



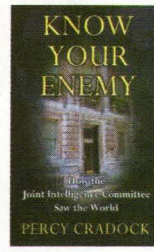
KGB LEXICON: The Soviet Intelligence Officer's Handbook. Edited and introduced by Vasily Mitrokhin. Softback 451pp. ES/540 £17.95 \$30.00



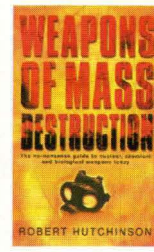
War of the Black Heavens: Mi6, CIA and the KGB in Europe. Hardback 277pp. ES/592 £26.00 \$38.00



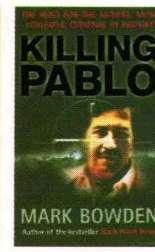
Secret Agent's Handbook of Special Devices: PRO classic fully illustrated. Large Hardback 258pp. ES/623 £21.00 \$40.00



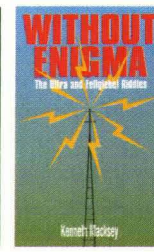
Know Your Enemy: How Britain and its intelligence services saw the world. Hardback 351pp. ES/572 £28.00 \$40.00



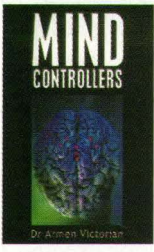
Weapons of Mass Destruction: The nonsensical guide to WMD. Hardback 2283pp. ES/670 £22.99 \$32.00



Killing Pablo: Story of the hunt for world's most wanted man. Chilling. Paperback 387pp. ES/564 £8.99 \$17.50



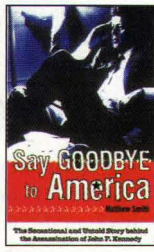
Without Enigma: The murky and forgotten history of Enigma. Hardback 160pp. ES/642 £20.00 \$30.00



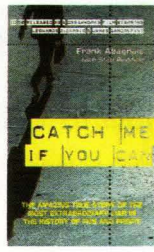
Mind Controllers: CIA's alleged mind-control and psychic experiments. Softback 216pp. ES/580 £12.50 \$24.00



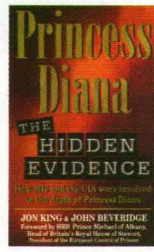
Secret Weapons: How two sisters claim the CIA turned them into killers. Softback 276pp. ES/578 £12.00 \$22.50



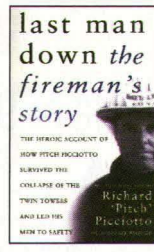
Say Goodbye to America: Untold story of assassination of J. F. K. Hardback 224pp. ES/524 £17.50 \$32.00



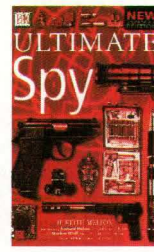
Catch Me If You Can: Profile of an extraordinary criminal and showman. Softback 219pp. ES/514 £9.50 \$20.00



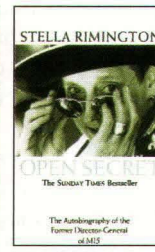
Princess Diana: Was she killed? Controversial conclusions... Imported. Hardback 400pp. ES/558 £21.00 \$35.00



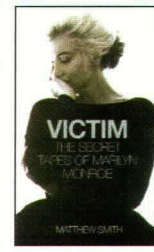
Last man down the fireman's story: THE HEROIC ACCOUNT OF HOW PITCH PROTECTED SURVIVED THE COLLAPSE OF THE TOWER AND LIVED HIS WAY TO HAPPY. Richard 'Pitch' Piccotto. ES/655 £7.99 \$18.00



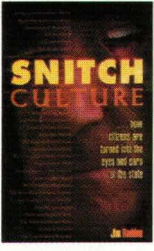
Ultimate Spy: Astonishing photographs and text of spy equipment. Hardback 200pp. ES/736 £21.00 \$40.00



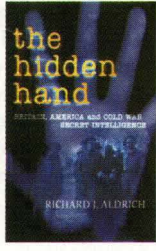
Open Secret: Memoirs of former MI6 Director-General, Stella Rimington. Paperback 300pp. ES/547 £9.50 \$20.00



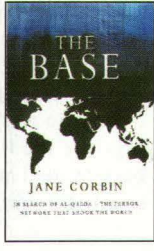
Victim: The secret tapes of Marilyn Monroe. More information on her death. Hardback 328pp. ES/726 £19.99 \$35.00



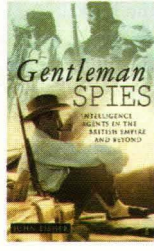
Snitch Culture: Every method of spying, telling tales, and the Echelon satellite system. Softback. ES/509 £11.99 \$25.00



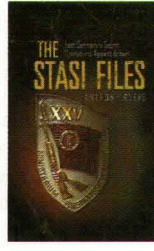
The Hidden Hand: Britain, USA and USSR in the Cold War. Softback 700pp. ES/505 £21.00 \$32.00



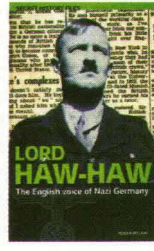
The Base: Searching for Osama bin-Laden and the al-Qaida network. Hardback 315pp. ES/641 £22.50 \$38.00



Gentlemen Spies: Files from agents in the British Empire. Hardback 210pp. ES/596 £23.00 \$40.00



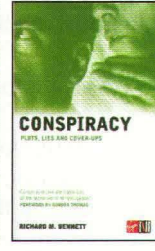
The Stasi Files: East Germany's secret operation against Britain. Hardback 461pp. ES/709 £23.50 \$38.00



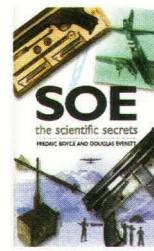
Lord Haw-Haw: National Archives book - the propaganda scourge of Britain. Hardback 308pp. ES/663 £24.99 \$40.00



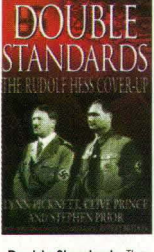
Ultimate Special Forces: Stunning picture/text book on elite units. Large Hardback 192pp. ES/725 £22.50 \$40.00



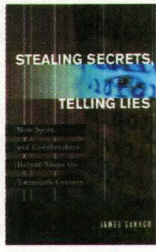
Conspiracy: Plots, lies and cover-ups from an intelligence expert. Hardback 375pp. ES/713 £20.00 \$35.00



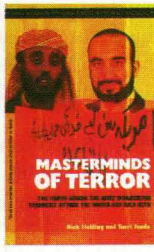
SOE: The scientific secrets of the SOE - lots of spy gadgets here. Hardback 226pp. ES/706 £22.75 \$35.00



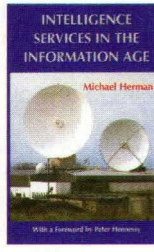
Double Standards: The Rudolf Hess cover-up. Controversial reprint. Paperback 584pp. ES/632 £11.50 \$20.00



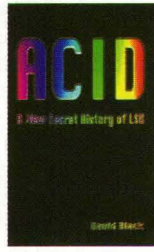
Stealing Secrets, Telling Lies: How spies & code-breakers shaped 20th century. Hardback 323pp. ES/593 £21.99 \$35.00



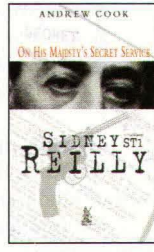
Masterminds of Terror: Stunning international investigation into 9/11. Softback 208pp. ES/682 £12.00 \$23.99



Intelligence Services in the Information Age: Intelligence technologies. Hardback 252pp. ES/571 £18.50 \$35.00



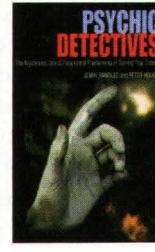
ACID: A secret history of LSD - CIA operations, mind control etc. Softback 215pp. ES/638 £10.50 \$22.50



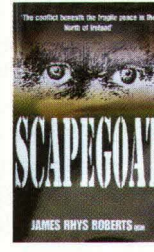
On His Majesty's Secret Service: Sidney Reilly STI. Fantastic work on the ace of spies. Hardback 300pp. ES/621 £18.00 \$38.00



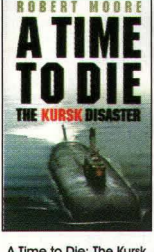
Venona: Traitors at the heart of the British Establishment. Softback 380pp. ES/527 £10.00 \$20.00



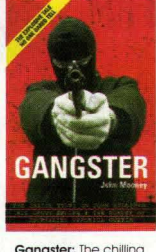
Psychic Detectives: Paranormal phenomenon solving true crime. Hardback 256pp. ES/800 £18.99 \$35.00



Scapegoat: Disturbing novel by former covert operator on events in N. Ireland. Hardback. ES/615 £9.99 \$20.00



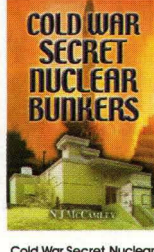
A Time to Die: The Kursk Disaster. Inside story that shocked and saddened the world. Softback 271pp. ES/624 £12.99 \$25.00



Gangster: The chilling story of organised crime and corruption in Ireland. ES/519 £12.99 \$25.00



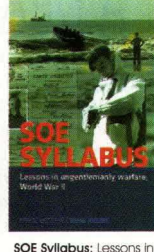
Cold War: A stunning English Heritage book on Cold War sites in Britain. Huge quality hardback 281pp. ES/718 £31.00 \$58.00



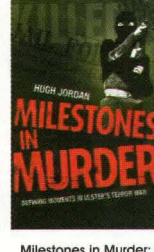
Cold War Secret Nuclear Bunkers: A great book on secret Cold War facilities. Softback 290pp. ES/671 £15.50 \$26.00



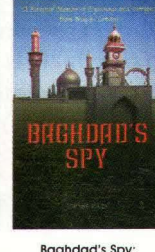
Undercover SOE: The men and women of the Special Operations Executive. Softback 332pp. ES/599 £12.50 \$25.00



SOE Syllabus: Lessons in ungentlemanly warfare. World War II. ES/511 £22.50 \$40.00



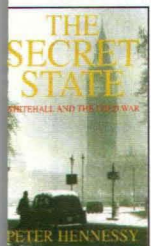
Milestones in Murder: Definitive and deadly moments in Ulster's terror war. Softback 236pp. ES/652 £12.50 \$25.00



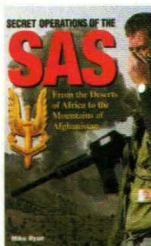
Baghdad's Spy: Controversial story about an MI6 agent in Iraq. Hardback 584pp. ES/680 £17.99 \$30.00



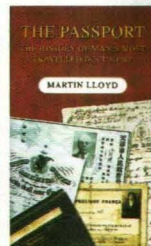
Dead Man Running: A British agent inside the Provisional IRA. Paperback 240pp. ES/516 £7.99 \$20.00



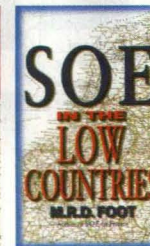
The Secret State: Britain's role in the Cold War. Book of the month in Eye Spy. Paperback 235pp
 £5/76 \$9.50 \$20.00



Secret Operations of the SAS: From Africa to Afghanistan. Hardback 182pp
 £5/68 \$22.50 \$32.00



The Passport: The story of Man's most travelled document. Hardback 182pp
 £5/68 \$11.99 \$23.99



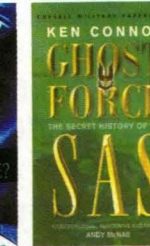
SOE in the Low Countries: Covert operations by the SOE in Europe's low countries. Hardback 552pp
 £5/58 \$28.00 \$40.00



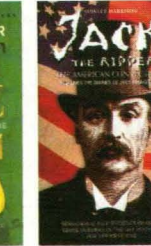
Spies Beneath Berlin: Story behind the Berlin spy tunnel. Hardback 212pp
 £5/55 \$18.99 \$30.00



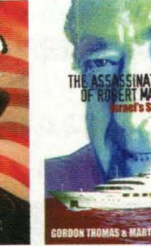
Who Killed Kit Marlowe: A wonderful spy story from the old Elizabethan period. Hardback 212pp
 £5/53 \$21.99 \$35.00



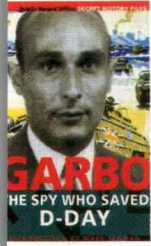
Ghost Force SAS: Secret history of Britain's most deadly soldiers - the SAS. Paperback 559pp
 £5/73 \$10.75 \$22.50



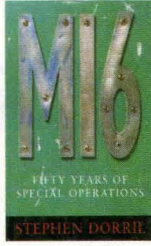
Jack the Ripper: The American connection. Was London's notorious killer an American? 426pp
 £5/73 \$20.50 \$40.00



Assassination of Robert Maxwell: Mossad and the bizarre death of tycoon. Paperback 450pp
 £5/63 \$10.99 \$23.00



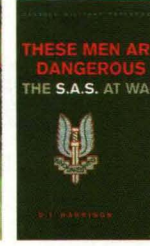
Garbo: The spy who saved D-Day. Files from the Public Record Office. Hardback 410pp
 £5/53 \$23.00 \$38.00



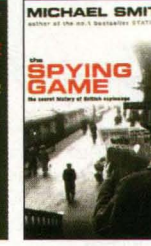
MI6: Fifty years of special operations involving Britain's Secret Service. Huge Softback 907pp
 £5/59 \$22.99 \$45.00



Sniper: The secret world of the sniper and his skills examined in detail. Large Format 200pp
 £5/52 \$20.00 \$38.00



These Men Are Dangerous: Genesis of the SAS and operations in WWII. Paperback 240pp
 £5/52 \$7.99 \$15.00



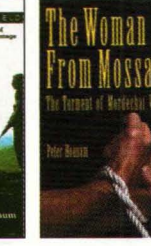
The Spying Game: Inside look at British Intelligence through the years. Paperback 500pp
 £5/70 \$10.99 \$21.00



The New Jackals: Ramzi Yousef, Osama bin-Laden and the future of terrorism. Hardback 294pp
 £5/73 \$20.00 \$38.00



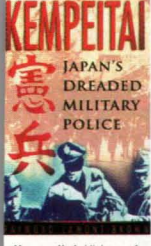
The Psychic Battlefield: Behind the lines of Paranormal Espionage. Softback 277pp
 £5/63 \$10.99 \$22.50



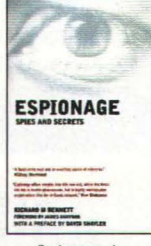
The Woman From Mossad: The Torment of Israeli nuclear scientist Varunu. Softback 214pp
 £5/64 \$11.99 \$25.00



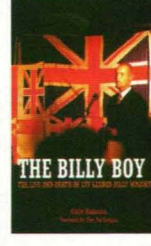
Hijacking Enigma: The inside story on the great Enigma machine theft. Hardback 287pp
 £5/72 \$20.00 \$30.00



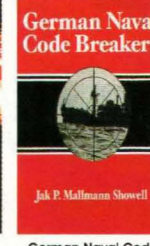
Kempeitai: History of Japan's dreaded secret police. Hardback 182pp
 £5/58 \$20.00 \$35.00



Espionage: An encyclopedia of intelligence and spies. Paperback 420pp
 £5/65 \$11.50 \$22.00



The Billy Boy: The life and death of Loyalist L.V.F. leader Bill Wright. Paperback 207pp
 £5/65 \$18.50 \$35.00



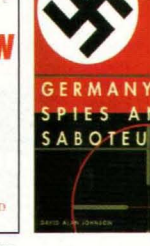
German Naval Code Breakers: Important ground-breaking book. Large Format 160pp
 £5/65 \$26.00 \$38.00



The Searchers: Radio intercepts in two world wars. Hardback 288pp
 £5/67 \$22.99 \$30.00



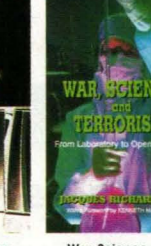
The Face of Tomorrow: Spy thriller by former Legal Director of MI6 and MI5. Softback 360pp
 £5/84 \$8.99 \$20.00



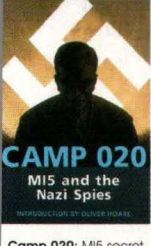
Germany's Spies & Saboteurs: Special Import - a look at Nazi spies in WWII. Softback 176pp
 £5/67 \$14.99 \$30.00



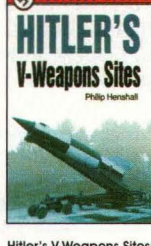
Who Killed Diana?: Investigation into the alleged murder of Diana. Softback 216pp
 £5/63 \$11.99 \$22.50



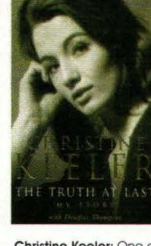
War, Science and Terrorism: An absorbing book on a fast emerging topic. Hardback 342pp
 £5/64 \$22.00 \$36.00



Camp 020: MI5 secret files on Nazi spies and espionage in WWII. Hardback 376pp
 £5/54 \$23.00 \$38.00



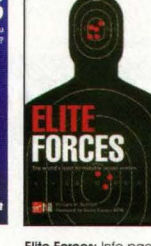
Hitler's V-Weapons Sites: Identifying hundreds of secret launch sites. Hardback 323pp
 £5/45 \$22.00 \$35.00



Christine Keeler: One of the most famous scandals of the Cold War. Paperback 277pp
 £5/43 \$8.99 \$20.00



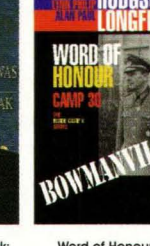
Net Spies: Who's watching you on the world wide web? Softback 209pp
 £5/65 \$11.99 \$23.00



Elite Forces: Info-packed guide book on the world's most secret forces. Hardback 375pp
 £5/62 \$22.95 \$36.00



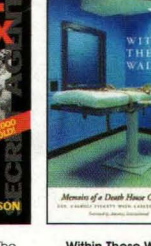
Operation Heartbreak: Allied WWII deception plan to fool Nazi Germany. Hardback 200pp
 £5/73 \$22.00 \$40.00



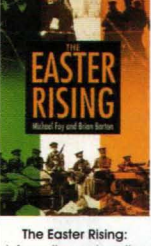
Word of Honour - Camp 30: Bowmanville: The prison of war camp situated near Camp X. Hardback 191pp
 £5/69 \$20.00 \$28.00



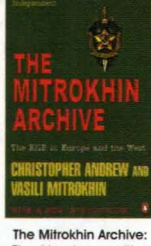
Inside Camp X: The extraordinary story of the top secret Camp X. Paperback 375pp
 £5/61 \$18.50 \$33.00



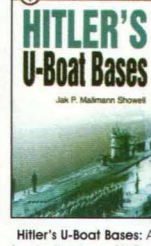
Within These Walls: A deeply moving book about prisoners on death row. Hardback 256pp
 £5/61 \$18.50 \$33.00



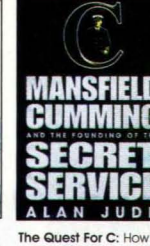
The Easter Rising: Informative work on the Irish uprising. Giant paperback 1,000pp
 £5/75 \$17.50 \$35.00



The Mitrokhin Archive: The KGB's secret files on the West. Giant paperback 1,000pp
 £5/75 \$14.99 \$28.00



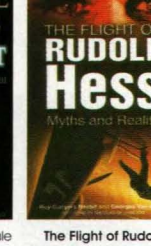
Hitler's U-Boat Bases: A fascinating tour of U-Boat bases in Europe. Hardback 200pp
 £5/61 \$20.00 \$32.00



The Quest For C: How MI6 was founded by Sir Mansfield Cumming - 'C'. Paperback
 £5/59 \$10.50 \$22.00



Special Agent: A female FBI agent's story working for the FBI. Paperback 400pp
 £5/50 \$9.50 \$18.00



The Flight of Rudolf Hess: Myths and Reality. Paperback 180pp
 £5/68 \$8.99 \$20.00



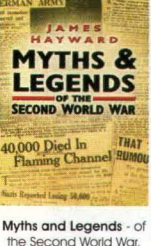
Camp X The Final Battle: The follow-up to Inside Camp X - superb Special Import. Paperback 191pp
 £5/62 \$16.00 \$30.00



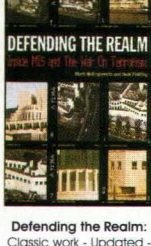
Silver Dagger: Third book now available in Camp X series. Softback 320pp
 £5/61 \$16.00 \$28.00



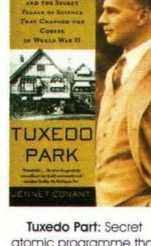
Operation Cyanide: Israeli attack on US Navy vessel. Hardback 620pp
 £5/64 \$18.50 \$35.00



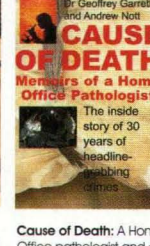
Myths and Legends of the Second World War: 40,000 Died in Flaming Channel. Hardback 214pp
 £5/74 \$22.99 \$38.00



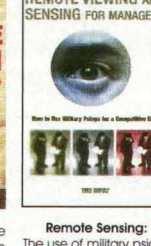
Defending the Realm: Classic work - updated - MI5, Terrorism, Espionage. Softback 360pp
 £5/45 \$10.25 \$22.00



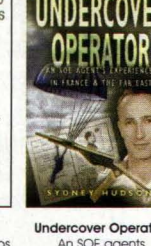
Tuxedo Part: Secret atomic programme that helped win WWII. Softback 330pp
 £5/66 \$11.50 \$23.00



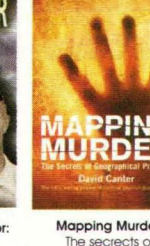
Cause of Death: A Home Office pathologist and an interesting look at his work. Paperback 340pp
 £5/58 \$8.99 \$20.00



Remote Sensing: The use of military psiops in business. Softback 250pp
 £5/72 \$13.49 \$22.50



Undercover Operator: An SOE agent's experiences. Hardback 193pp
 £5/72 \$22.99 \$36.00



Mapping Murder: The secrets of geographical profiling. Hardback 240pp
 £5/71 \$21.00 \$35.00



The Big Breach: The best-selling - an insight into MI6 by one of its own. Softback 320pp
 £5/52 \$13.00 \$28.00

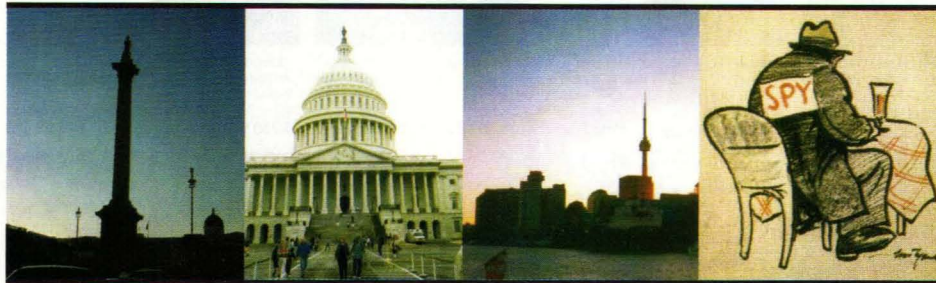


Looking For Mr Nobody: Secret life of a spy and a daughter's quest for truth. Softback 304pp
 £5/54 \$15.00 \$30.00

• EYE SPY CLASSIFIED •

**INTERNATIONAL, MUSEUMS, CORPORATE,
PRIVATE, PROFESSIONAL, SURVEILLANCE,
TRAINING AND SECURITY ADVERTISING:**

UK: 01756 770199 USA TOLL FREE 877 309 9243



Eye Spy Intelligence Magazine Classifieds. All inserts appear in both USA, UK and Worldwide editions. Eye Spy Publishing Ltd reserves the right to refuse any advert without giving a reason for such a refusal. For a full media kit and details of all our excellent rates and special packages, please write to our USA, UK or Canadian address.

Similarly, you can e-mail your advert to us at: advert@eyespymag.com

Payment must be enclosed with advert.
Monies payable 'Eye Spy Publishing Ltd'

Please do not send cash for goods when responding to advertisers.

Eye Spy cannot be held responsible for delays in receiving goods from advertisers.

SMALL CLASSIFIEDS
JUST 50P OR 75C A WORD

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Eye Spy International, Empire State Building,
350 Fifth Ave, Suite 3304-22H, New York,
NY 10118-0069, United States of America

CANADA

Eye Spy Canadian Bureau
P.O. Box 153, Port Perry,
Ontario, Canada, L9L 1A3

UK, EUROPE, AUSTRALASIA REST OF WORD

Eye Spy Magazine, (Classified), P. O. Box 10,
Skipton, North Yorkshire,
BD23 5US, England

SMALL CLASSIFIEDS

Eye Spy Magazine: We have a large
number of readers urgently seeking issues
1, 6 and 7. If you can assist, please
telephone: 01756 770199

Professional Services

PROFESSIONAL AERIAL IMAGERY



01276 856222



Swann Communications has developed
a diverse range of security products
to suit your needs

www.swann.com.au/security



TRAVEL RISK MANAGEMENT

**Prints of Law Enforcement
Picture Library
photographs available**

P.O. Box 33699 London N16 6YT www.LEPL.co.uk

Tel. 0208 806 3037



We have
carried out
Risk Assessments,
Crisis Management
and Executive
Protection operations
in more than 30
countries

**Chase
Consultants Limited**
International Risk Management
Chase Consultants Limited
51-53 Unity Business Centre,
26 Roundhay Road
Leeds, LS7 1AB, United Kingdom
Tel: + 44 (0) 113 2443109
Fax: + 44 (0) 113 2341410
chaseconsultants@compuserve.com

**KEY KATCHER - EYE SPY - RECORDS ALL
KEYBOARD STROKES - SECONDS TO INSTALL**



DETAILS: EYE SPY - TEL UK. 01756 770199

technolytics

Technology
for
Intelligence

A new technology revolution is coming!

Will you lead...

follow...

or be pushed aside?

www.technolytics.com

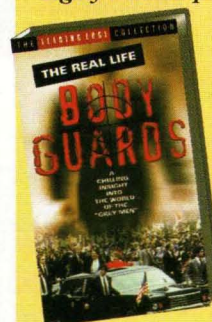
Over 750 Intel and related books
available from Eye Spy - the world's
leading and most trusted inde-
pendent intelligence magazine -
from Cairo, to London and New York

www.eyespymag.com

BODYGUARDS THE VIDEO (PAL ONLY)

A chilling insight into the world of the
professional bodyguard - the flesh and
blood that stand between the world's
most powerful leaders and their
would-be assassins.

*These are the real 'grey men' all
highly trained professionals... Eye Spy*



PAL VHS

Ref: ES/20

UK £8.49

EUR \$9.99

ROW £10.99

USA \$20.00

60 minute documentary

*US readers note -
this is not NTSC*

Available from
Eye Spy - use form on
page 82



Keeping you safe,
healthy and productive.

www.ijet.com

Intelligence • Tracking • Communications • Response

BE SEEN AND READ

Your Product or Company Here

This size for just £40.00 or \$70.00
(includes artwork)
reading this? so are over 100,000 people

CI CENTRE

counterintelligence
everyday



100% SECURE
Superb new
easy to use
shopping
cart!

www.eyespymag.com



International Bodyguard Association



The oldest and largest bodyguard
association with sites of protective
service and education worldwide

We offer the following courses:

Bodyguard Master Class, Specialist Protective
Escort, Protective Driving, Bodyguard Tactical
Firearms, Defence and Restraint Tactics, Electronic
Surveillance Devices (ESD) Search, Improvised
Explosive Devices (IED) Search, Bodyguard Counter
Sniper, Bodyguard Paramedicine, Private Yacht
Protection, Private Aircraft Protection.



Established
in Paris 1957

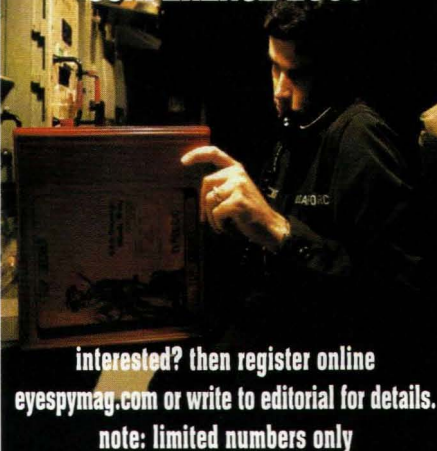


Contact: Office of the Director General, International Bodyguard
Association, Bormount Manor, Bormount, Enniscorthy,
Co. Wexford, Republic of Ireland

Tel. + 353 53 30821 Fax. + 353 53 30822
www.ibabodyguards.com

EVENTS

SPIES, INTELLIGENCE, ESPIONAGE, AND SECURITY CONFERENCE 2005



interested? then register online
eyespymag.com or write to editorial for details.
note: limited numbers only



www.spy-ops.com

Ever wanted to be a secret agent or
compete against the best spies in
the world? Now's your chance.
Accept a real world mission and
experience the excitement, the
intrigue and the life style of spies.

*An adventure so intense you'll
ask yourself -
is it real or just a game?*

MUSEUMS & SITES

Get listed for just £40.00/\$70.00

THE OSS SOCIETY INC

For further details:

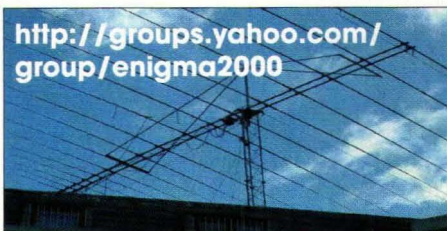
The OSS Society Inc.,
6723 Whittier Avenue,
Suite 303-A, McLean
VA 22101-4533
United States of America



www.air-america.org



[http://groups.yahoo.com/
group/enigma2000](http://groups.yahoo.com/group/enigma2000)



International SPY MUSEUM

Washington DC
www.spymuseum.org

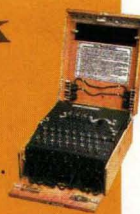
Tel: 202 3937798

Bletchley Park

WHERE THE ENEMY CODES
WERE BROKEN IN THE
SECOND WORLD WAR

Now open every day and weekends...

www.project-x.org.uk/bletpark



CAMP-X Official Site



Visit the Camp-X Museum
On the shores of Lake Ontario...

www.camp-x.com



SPY MUSEUM FINLAND

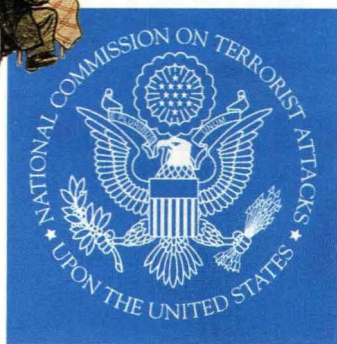
www.vakoilumuseo.fi



www.coldwar.org

www.eyespymag.com





He will have overall control of more than a dozen US intelligence agencies and their \$40bn (£22bn) annual budget. But the commission came out against a new domestic intelligence agency along the lines of Britain's MI5.

The benefits of the report are widespread, and the commission examined a multitude of areas that will make America more secure. The US will introduce a biometric screening system, and increase spending on



The 9/11 Commission. The team produced a far-reaching report widely accepted for its non-political content and its recommendations

various aspects of the US transport system. A new fully integrated national anti-terrorism centre will be built. The commission says the US

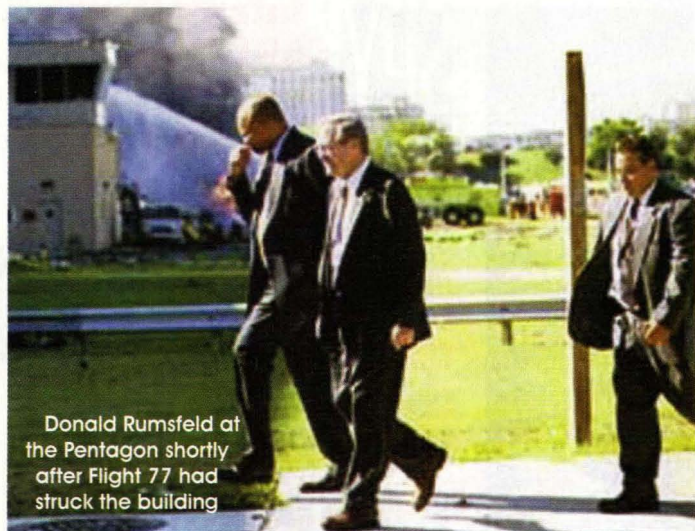
must not only take the battle to terrorism's sanctuaries, but it would create better relationships with Saudi Arabia, where 15 of the 19 hijackers originated. Further help must be given to Pakistan and Afghanistan.

Of equal importance, the commission said America's enemy was not Islam, "the great world faith," but the perversion of Islam.

The report also said the CIA lacked resources and was forced to rely excessively on proxies in its efforts to tackle al-Qaida. The FBI "came alive" after the event. And as believed, these agencies refused to pool all the information. There were huge amounts of intelligence in

both organisations, that if combined, could have created a clear vision of the intentions of al-Qaida. More disturbingly, the commission were fuming that between 1995 and 11 September 2001, not one single National Intelligence Estimate (NIE), on terrorism was released. NIE's are the building blocks of future decisions and policy.

Thomas Kean concluded: "We looked back to look ahead... we need a shift in the national mindset. If, God forbid there is another attack, we must be ready to respond. We must educate the public, train and equip first responders and anticipate countless scenarios."



Donald Rumsfeld at the Pentagon shortly after Flight 77 had struck the building



EYE SPY ORDER FORM

Sorry, at present we do not take American Express

ref	price	ref	price

total £ or \$

name _____

address _____

post/zip code _____ country _____

method of payment [A] cheque [] credit card [B] []

CHEQUES payable to: 'EYE SPY PUBLISHING LTD'

card number _____

expiry date _____ issue number _____

(Switch UK only)



UK, EUROPE AND REST OF WORLD

Eye Spy Magazine, P.O. Box 10,
Skipton, North Yorkshire,
BD23 5US, England

Or Telephone: 01756 770199 (UK) standard rates



UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

Eye Spy Magazine, Empire State Building,
350 Fifth Ave, Suite 3304-22H, New York,
NY 10118-0069, United States of America

Or Telephone TOLL FREE 877 309 9243 (USA)



CANADA

Eye Spy Magazine, Canadian Bureau
P.O. Box 153, Port Perry, Ontario, Canada, L9L 1A3
Or Telephone 01756 770199 (UK)

EYE SPY NOW ACCEPT ORDERS VIA PAY PAL AND NOCHEX
eyespy@eyespy.com

Don't cut the form and spoil your magazine! Handwritten orders accepted. Please write clearly

INTERNATIONAL INTELLIGENCE MAGAZINE

UK Editorial Address: Eye Spy Publishing Ltd,
P. O. Box 10, Skipton, North Yorkshire,
BD23 5US, England
Telephone: 01756 770199
e-mail: editor@eyespy.com
Web Site: www.eyespy.com
Office hours: 10.00am - 6.00pm Monday to Friday

USA ADDRESS: Eye Spy Magazine,
Empire State Building,
350 Fifth Ave, Suite 3304-22H, New York,
NY 10118-0069, United States of America
TOLL FREE: 877 309 9243
SUBSCRIPTION & ORDER LINE ONLY
Office hours: 7.00am - 4.00pm EST Monday to Friday

consultants, feature writers, photographers



Michael Smith
associate editor



Henry Hockeimer
legal editor



MARK IAN BIRDSALL
editor



Lynn Hodgson
Canadian editor



Glenmore Trehear Harvey
associate editor



Jim Shortt
military consultant



Peter Jenkins
surveillance



Spiros Kopitsos
Greece editor



Donald Napier
intel news



Kevin Coleman
consultant

Director of International Corporate Affairs:

Deborah McDonald

Copy Editor: Virginia Hockeimer

Senior Photo Consultant: Steve McManus -

Law Enforcement Picture Library

Additional Photo Consultant: Belinda Warren

Self Defence Consultant: Aran Dhamaratnam



David Bickford
senior intelligence consultant

EYE SPY MAGAZINE AVAILABLE IN 36 COUNTRIES



EYE SPY welcomes articles, photographs, case files, special reports, documents and newspaper clippings on matters featured or associated with the type of material in this magazine. Text can be submitted in most formats or hand written. If you require your submission returned, please enclose a large self addressed and stamped envelope.

The opinions and views expressed by contributors do not necessarily reflect those of the publisher or editor.

Eye Spy Magazine: Legal Counsel -
Hangley Aronchick Segal & Pudlin, One Logan Square,
27th Floor, Philadelphia, PA 19103, USA

subscriptions

Annual subscription rates including air mail p & p (eight editions)

united kingdom	\$25.00
united states of america	\$45.00 (\$30.00)
europa	\$30.00
Canada	C\$57.50 (\$30.00)
australia/middle east/asia/africa	\$32.00

please make cheques payable to:
Eye Spy Publishing Ltd

Classified Place Advertising:
UK 01756 770199
USA Toll Free 877 309 9243

EYE SPY is published eight times a year by Eye Spy Publishing Ltd. All rights reserved. No part of EYE SPY may be reproduced by any means wholly or in part, without the prior permission of the publisher. Not to be resold, lent, hired out or disposed of by trade at more than the recommended retail price.

Registered Company No. 4145 963 Registered for VAT. ISSN 1473-4362

EYE SPY functions solely as an independent, investigative and reporting organ only; it is non-political and does not discriminate against colour, race, religion or creed. Points of view to the editor please.

curtis NORTH AMERICA • distribution
UNITED STATES OF AMERICA & CANADA -
Curtis Circulation Company

COMAG UK • EUROPE • ROW • distribution
Specialist
UK, Europe, Australasia, Rest of World
Comag Specialist: UK 01895 433800

COURTESY: US ARMY VIA DOD

COMING SOON



ISSUE 28 ON SALE 23 SEPTEMBER 2004

- USA INTEL HAS EYES ON TWO REGIMES
- AL-QAIDA BECOMING ISOLATED
- IRAN - NUCLEAR BOMB BY 2005
- AMERICA'S SECRET ARMIES
- PROFILING AND DECISIONS
- THE ART OF DISGUISE AND CUNNING
- ESPIONAGE AND REVOLUTIONS
- THE DEVIL'S HORSEMEN
- NEW SERIES - THE BODYGUARDS



Security is no accident... it has to be practised

Support Your Local Newsagent

The best way of ensuring that you receive your copy of EYE SPY is to support your local newsagent by placing a regular standing order. The newsagent should be able to deliver it to your door or reserve it in the shop for you to collect. If you have any difficulty, why not consider taking out a post-free annual subscription - see advertisement elsewhere in this issue

Dear Newsagent,

Please reserve/deliver* a copy of EYESPY on publication, starting with the next available issue

Name Address

..... Post Code

* delete where applicable



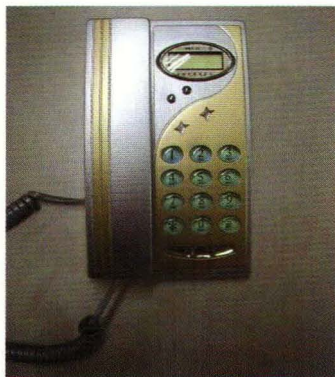
Hand the coupon in to your newsagent, or a simple handwritten note is adequate

SPY SHOP

PROFESSIONAL

Professional surveillance and espionage equipment now available from Eye Spy. Please note. This equipment is used by the trade and its use outside the USA and UK may be illegal in some countries

SCRAMBLER PHONE



Keep your telephone conversations secure from being recorded or being listened to, as it will scramble everything. A simple press of switch activates the scrambler, which has 4 settings. Can also be used as a normal phone. Another scrambler phone at other end will descramble everything.

Order code: L-SST
UK: £130.00 Per phone

PEN MICROPHONE



Put this pen into your top pocket and it looks 100% normal but also has a mic inside. Simply plug the lead into your recorder and record every conversation you may have clearly without any worry of trying to hide the mic.

Order code: L-PN1
UK: £25.00 US: \$48.00
ROW: £28.00

VOICE ACTIVATED RECORDER

This pocket size Sanyo recorder has many uses. It can be used to record meetings and can also be used with some of our other products where you need a recorder.



Order code: L-TRIA
UK: £50.00 US: \$100.00
ROW: £60.00

CLOCK CAMERA

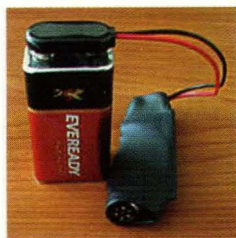


A clock with pinhole camera and sound built inside has many uses. A simple plug and play connector with cable (approx 16 metres) and psu are all supplied. The cable can be shortened or extended.

Order code: L-CS1 B/w CCD 380 line camera £175.00

Order code: L-CS2
Colour CCD 380 line camera
£215.00

UHF BODY WORN TRANSMITTER



For body worn or for a room this uhf miniature transmitter is like a capsule form. The 6mm diameter mic can even be pushed under door gaps to listen to sounds in another room.

Order code: L-IR1
UK: £125.00 US: \$250.00
ROW: £150.00

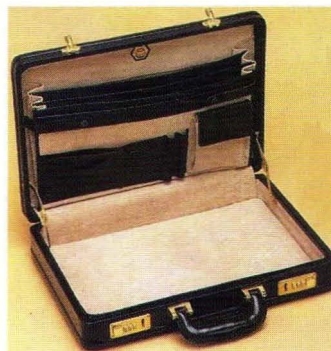
MULTIBAND RECEIVER



A multi-band radio covering fm, air, marine band, etc. A good hand held radio offering squelch control and has telescopic aerial and also earphone socket for private listening.

Order code: L-RAA-110
UK: £40.00 US: \$80.00
ROW: £48.00

EXECUTIVE LEATHER RECORDING BRIEFCASE



A leather briefcase that can even record your meetings without anyone knowing. Miniature mic and amplifier will pick up any conversations even if it's locked with good clarity and saves you carrying separate body worn recorders.

Order code: L-B/CASE
UK: £275.00

SMOKE DETECTOR CAMERA



This is a non-working smoke detector with a pinhole camera with sound fitted inside. Suitable to keep an eye on staff using cash tills or high ceilings to look at staff/machinery etc. The lead is plug and play with approx 16 metres of cable and psu are supplied.

Order code: L-MS1
B/w CCD 380 line camera
£175.00

Order code: L-MS2
Colour CCD 380 line camera
£215.00

TELEPHONE/FAX TAP DEFEAT

This telephone/fax tap defeat is very clever and will defeat any wiretap or bug that could be wired to your phone line. The machine will also defeat any voice activated phone recorders by sending constant pulses of noise. The TD1 has a LCD line condition display and LED's to indicate the mode setting. Offers the following features: turn on or off any wiretap or bug, any phone recorder controlled by line voltage, any phone recorder controlled by voice activation.

Order code: TD1
UK: £195.00

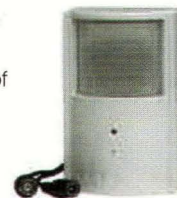
TIE CAMERA

Looking at this tie and it looks normal, but it isn't a normal tie. It has a pinhole camera with sound concealed inside it. The tie can be put on and taken off very easily by using the special connector.

Order code: L-BR1
B/w CCD 380 line camera
UK: £199 US: \$375.00 ROW: £205.00

Order code: L-BR2
Colour CCD 380 line camera
UK: £299.00

PIR CAMERA



A working PIR with a pinhole camera with sound built inside it. Supplied complete with approx 16 metres of plug and play cable and psu.

Order code: L-PR1
B/w CCD 380 line camera
£175.00



Check out www.eyespy.com for many more remarkable devices used primarily by the trade.

Or call Eye Spy for our printed listings.

Tel. 01756 770199 UK or TOLL FREE USA 1-877 309 9243



The prices shown here include postage and packing to all countries. Please allow up to six weeks for delivery outside UK and USA