

# Material Safety Data Sheet

OSHA's Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

## IDENTITY

Manganese Dioxide Lithium Primary Batteries  
Model: C R 2

**RadioShack SKU 230-267**

## SECTION I

### Supplier's Name:

SANYO Electric Co., Ltd. Japan

### Emergency Telephone Number

SANYO Energy (USA) Corporation  
2001 Sanyo Ave., San Diego  
California 92173, Tel (619)661-6620

SANYO Energy (Europe) Corp. GmbH  
Stahlgruberring 4-81829 München, Germany  
Tel (+49)89-4600950

Date Prepared: SEP.07,2001

## SECTION II Hazardous Ingredients / Identity Information

Hazardous Components (Specific Chemical Name/ common Name(s))	OSHA PEL	ACGIH TLV	CAS#
Manganese Dioxide (MnO <sub>2</sub> )	5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Manganese)	5mg/m <sup>3</sup> (as Manganese)	1313-13-9
Lithium*		None established	7439-93-2
Ethylene Carbonate (EC)		None established	96-49-1
Butylene Carbonate (BC)		None established	4437-85-8
Dimethoxyethane (DME)		None established	110-71-4
Lithium trifluoro methane sulphonate (LiCF <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>3</sub> )		None established	33454-82-9

\* Weight of Lithium per battery :0.33 g

## SECTION III Physical / Chemical Characteristics

Boiling point (°C)	EC:248, BC:240, DME:85
Vapor pressure (mmHg)	EC, BC<0.1, DME:61
Vapor Density (Air=1)	EC:3.0, BC:4.0, DME:3.1
Solubility in Water	EC, BC:moderate, DME:complete
Specific Gravity (H <sub>2</sub> O=1)	MnO <sub>2</sub> :5.03, EC:1.32, BC:1.15, DME:0.87, Li:0.54, LiCF <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>3</sub> :0.5~0.6(bulk)
Melting Point (°C)	Li:179, MnO <sub>2</sub> :decomposes at 535, LiCF <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>3</sub> :430
Evaporation Rate (Butyl Acet.=1)	DME:4.99
Appearance and Odor	Lithium is a soft, silvery metal. MnO <sub>2</sub> is a black powder. EC, BC is a colorless, odorless liquid. DME is a colorless liquid with a sweet odor.

## SECTION IV Fire and Explosion Hazard Data

Flash Point (°C)	DME: -1
Extinguishing Media	Water
Flammable Limits	Not available
Special Fire Fighting Procedure:	In case of fire in an adjacent area, use water. CO <sub>2</sub> or dry chemical extinguishers if cells are packed in their original containers since the fuel of the fire is basically paper products. For bulk quantities of unpackaged cell use LITH-X (Graphite Base). In this case, use no water.

Section V — Reactivity Data

Stability	Unstable		Conditions to Avoid	N/A
	Stable			

Incompatibility (Materials to Avoid) N/A

Hazardous Decomposition or Byproducts N/A

Hazardous Polymerization	May Occur		Conditions to Avoid	N/A
	Will Not Occur			

Section VI — Health Hazard Data

Route(s) of Entry: Inhalation? Skin? Ingestion?

Health Hazards (Acute and Chronic) N/A

Carcinogenicity: N/A NTP? IARC Monographs? OSHA Regulated?

Signs and Symptoms of Exposure N/A

Medical Conditions Generally Aggravated by Exposure N/A

Emergency and First Aid Procedures  
EYES/SKIN: Wash out the eyes/skin with water promptly.

Section VII — Precautions for Safe Handling and Use

Steps to Be Taken in Case Material Is Released or Spilled  
If the battery is accidentally broken and organic electrolyte (Propylene

Carbonate, D.M.E. and  $Li CF_3 SO_3$  as a solute) leaks out, wipe it up with a cloth, and dispose of it in a plastic bag and put into a steel can.

Waste Disposal Method  
It is recommended to discharge the battery to the end, to use up the metal lithium inside the battery, and to bury the discharged battery in soil.

Precautions to Be Taken in Handling and Storing  
Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazard: In the abnormal case, example:

Charge to higher than 5 volts at high amperage, the top may pop up.

Other Precautions  
Do not recharge, disassemble, heat above 212F (100°C) or incinerate.

Never put battery in mouth.

Section VIII — Control Measures

Respiratory Protection (Specify Type) N/A

Ventilation	Local Exhaust	N/A	Special	N/A
	Mechanical (General)	N/A	Other	N/A

Protective Gloves N/A Eye Protection N/A

Other Protective Clothing or Equipment N/A

Work/Hygienic Practices N/A