16

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE DISTRICT OF MASSACHUSETTS

JAMES M. ATKINSON, pro se

Plaintiff,

v.

TOWN OF ROCKPORT, et al.,

Defendants.

11-CV-11073-NMG

PLAINTIFF'S RESPONSE TO THE RESEARCH ELECTRONICS, LLC "STATEMENT OF MATERIAL FACTS (DOCKET NO. 13)" AND PERTINENT MATERIALS.

PLAINTIFF REQUESTS ORAL ARGUMENT ON THIS MATTER

- 1. Service of process was properly made upon all defendants in accordance with Fed.R.P. Rule 4, and Tennessee Rules 4.04.
- 2. On 8/11/2011 Thomas H. Jones, a managing partner of Research Electronics, LLC agreed to accept service for all parties involved (including his business partners, employees, and others involved in his company), and who also identified himself as an agent authorized to receive service on behalf of the individuals and corporations named.

17
18
19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
27
28
29
30
31
32
33
34

36

3. Plaintiff clearly states a claim against the aforementioned defendants, any assertions by counsel to the contrary is frivolous at best and a fraud upon the court at worse. Thus there is no basis for any dismissal under any part or subpart of Rule 12(b).

4. The contract upon which the Defendants Motion is based, actually expired in full in July or August of 2005, having been initiated in July or August of 2004, and the statute of limitation well tolled on the contract well beyond any period of enforcement. It is utterly unenforceable in any form, forum, or venue, and the issues in question in the suit took place well outside the purview of the well-expired contracts. While Defendants did engage is illegal and fraudulent conduct prior to any contract being penned, then though the duration of the contract, and then afterwards there acts were outline to provide background on a long term continuum of unlawful conduct by the Defendants. The core issues in this case filed in June 2011 (nearly seven years after the penning of the 2004 contract) revolve around acts initiated in the Fall of 2007 by the Defendants, which came to fruition and injured the Plaintiff in December 2009 and deprived him ad infringed upon his civil rights.

5. Thus, there has been no written contract or other written agreement or records maintained beyond the July/August 2004 contract date, at the request of the Defendants.

6. Indeed, the contract written by the Defendant, declared with specificity that the contract expired in full and in all aspects at the end of one year, as did all prior contracts. The contract thus expired in whole on August 2, 2005, as did any written or verbal agreements.

7. Had the contract actually been in force at the time the contract would be entirely null and void as it was an illegal and *contra bones mores* and fully unenforceable, forming an illegal monopoly, restraint of trade, and price manipulation of goods sold the to U.S. Government. Such contracts are in their entirety utterly unlawful, and unenforceable.

8. Further the alleged contract was a product of fraud, overreaching, and an unlawful contract confected to rig government bidding and pricing and to unlawfully control the market place.

57	9. There is thus no justification to bring any action in Tennessee, and
58	indeed, as the most grave acts of the Defendants are violations of
59	Federal Law committed for the large part in Rockport, and Gloucester
60	Massachusetts, and involving matters well outside the scope of the
61	long expired 2004 contract.
62	
63	10. While Tennessee provides a Statute of Limitations of contracts for six
64	(6) years, the Defendants waived this, and reduced this to only one
65	year in duration. Thus, after August 2005, there was no longer a
66	contract, a venue, or an obligation by the Plaintiff.
67	
68	11.Defendant also unlawfully conspired with actors in the
69	Commonwealth of Massachusetts and in the Town of Rockport (MA)
70	and, acted under the color of law, to effect a chain of events that did
71	deprive the Plaintiff of his civil rights, and thus the appropriate venue
72	for this action is exclusively that of the United States District Court
73	for the District of Massachusetts.
74	
75	12. The primary locus of the Defendants misdeeds is within the confines
76	of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, although their conduct

77	affected a wide spider-web of extensive fraud, racketeering, and
78	conspiracy across the globe forming a long term organized criminal
79	enterprise.
80	
81	13. The courts of Tennessee are an improper venue for this action, as
82	there was no contractual basis for that venue at the time of the
83	extensive misdeeds, and the statutes of limitation had long since
84	expired on any previous contracts. Even if the contract(s) were still in
85	force (which it was not), the venue of Tennessee would be improper
86	in all respects for the matter as hand due to a lack of authority over the
87	subject matter.
88	
89	14. After the expiration of the 2004 contracts in 2005, verbal contracts
90	where then initiated within the Commonwealth of Massachussets.
91	
92	15.In this civil rights case, the core of misconduct involving this group of
93	Defendants was actually directed and controlled from Essex and
94	Suffolk County, Massachusetts. While this group of defendants may
95	have been physically located in Putnam Country, Tennessee, they
96	were being controlled and doing the bidding of official actors in

97	Massachusetts.
98	
99	16.In fact, when the Defendant discovered that a Federal civil rights
100	lawsuit was being prepared, they ran to their local county courthouse
101	in Putnam Country, Tennessee and filed a frivolous and meritless
102	lawsuit against the Plaintiff in an attempt to obtain summary judgment
103	over the matter, in order to subvert the Federal Civil Right Lawsuit,
104	which the court in Tennessee had and continues to have zero
105	jurisdictions. The REI Defendants committed a significant fraud
106	against the court in Tennessee in their initial complaint, and their
107	conduct forms a <i>defacto</i> Obstruction of Justice.
108	
109	17. Then, as the Defendants were evading service in the civil right case,
110	they were also using ex parte communication to obtain an unjust
111	judgment in a Tennessee case which they now attempt to introduce in
112	this Federal case.
113	
114	18. When the Court in Tennessee was served with a proper "Notice to
115	Remove" the matter to Federal Court, the Chancery Judge and indeed
116	the Country Clerk Magistrate refused to obey said notice, in an

117	arrogant violation of Federal Law, and stated "We do things different
118	in this county" and also "We do not answer to any Federal court, and
119	You can not take this case out of our court"
120	
121	19.Indeed as per the statement of charges provided by Research
122	Electronics for legal fees, there is an entry date July 14, 2011 where
123	by the first bills the client (REI) in regards to receipt of the Notice of
124	Removal, and then charged them to confect a strategy to deal with the
125	next day in court (in Putnam Country). Further, this same removal
126	notice was also filed with the court, the judge, the judges personal
127	clerk within merely minutes of each other by fax, and the next day
128	copies filed by mail with both the County Court in Putnam Country
129	form where it was removed from, and with the Civil Clerk in Boston
130	where it was removed to. In essence the attorney, the judge, and the
131	court in Putnam County utterly ignored federal law in regards to
132	removal actions.
133	
134	20. The Attorney for Research Electronics in Tennessee repeatedly filed
135	notice of motions and hearing mere three days before the required
136	annearance, often so that that Plaintiff Atkinson was given less then

137
138
139
140
141
142
143
144
145
146
147
148
149
150
151
152
153
154
155

72 hours to travel from Rockport, MA to Cookeville, TN to attend a hearing, and then when Atkinson filed a timely motion to attend by telephone due to the unlawfully short notification, the motion was either lost three different times, or the motions rejected and Atkinson sanction for not appearing, for a hearing that was not properly noticed by the required number of business days, and such an appearance was refused, and Atkinson was never permitted to submit evidence of any sort, nor permitted to make an appearance, or indeed permitted to partake in oral argument in any way. There was however, considerable *ex parte* communication between the REI attorney, the Judge, and the Judges clerk, from which Atkinson was improperly excluded.

21. When the Plaintiff Atkinson contacted the Clerk Magistrate in Putnam Country in order to obtain a copy of the case file to provide it to the Federal Court on the "Notice of Removal", the clerk stated that the case file could not be found to allow it to be copied, and then a few days later stated that it was in the possession of the attorney representing Defendant Research Electronics, and multiple attempts of obtain a copy were unsuccessful.

1	_	$\overline{}$
	ה	

22. The Clerk Magistrate in Tennessee stated that she did not know what a "Notice of Removal" was, and that all Federal Courts lacked any authority of the Chancery Courts of Tennessee, and she refused to obey the Notice of Removal in any way, or to stop all proceedings or actions. Further, even after copies of the Notice of Removal was supplied to 3 clerks, one judge (twice), and one attorney (twice), the County Court utterly refused to obey Federal law in regards to removal, and indeed the Notices were removed from the record of the case.

23. As this "legal issues arising out of the plaintiff's dispute with REI" was removed to Federal Court, the County Court in Tennessee the court in Tennessee utter ceased to have any oversight of any form over the matter as of <u>July 14, 2011</u>. The court then refused to remove the case to Federal Court, and unlawfully retained the matter. The matter was not resolved in any way as the case was removed to this court almost two months ago, and this court has not yet examined or resolved the matter.

177	24. Counsel for the REI Defendant commits a fraud upon the court by
178	claiming that a contract was in play, which in fact it had long since
179	expired, and the statute of limitations tolled on the contract, rendering
180	it moot.
181	
182	25. Plaintiff asserts that there was no final judgment in Tennessee, and if
183	such judgment took place, then federal law was broken in regards to
184	removal. Thus, any alleged final judgment is null and void.
185	
186	26. The process server states in writing (see return of service filed with
187	this court) that proper service was effected, and that Thomas H. Jones
188	officially accepted service, and that Thomas H. Jones stated that he
189	could act as the agent for the other employees and they he could
190	accept service for them. Hence, proper service was made.
191	
192	27. Additionally, as all individuals at Research Electronics are being sued
193	in their individual capacity in this action, as well in their offical
194	capacity (as agents of, and working under the direction of the
195	Rockport Police Department, Agents of the Federal Bureau of
196	Investigation, and others), the Defendant were served not only

197	through their official channels, but service was also made upon them
198	personally at their residences in accordance with Tenn.R.Civ.Proc
199	4.0.4 wherein services is deemed complete upon mailing.
200	
201	28. Federal rules indicate that anybody who is not a party to the case may
202	serve papers in a federal suit.
203	
204	29. As no protest or opposition was filed by Defendant Research
205	Electronics over the Notice of Removal for 130 days, they waive any
206	such opposition to the Removal, accept it, and thus their original case
207	now resides in full with this court.
208	
209	30. The matter should be reviewed and examined <i>de novo</i> but this court.
210	
211	31.In turn, as this Putnam County, Tennessee case was fully removed to
212	Federal District, and not opposed, in any way (but mere ignored by
213	the Defendant REI), there could be no further action in Putnam
214	County as the Defendant REI acquiesced to the removal to the Boston
215	venue.
216	

217	32. Well after the case was properly removed to Federal Court, the
218	County Judge in a highly biased and malicious act, issued a sanction
219	for Atkinson for mere filing a removal notice and not taking part in
220	the case in Putnam County (after it was removed), and then
221	unlawfully went forward with the case to issue a improper and illegal
222	judgment. Thus, Plaintiff Atkinson respectfully requests that this court
223	order the vacating of all Putnam Country orders, ruling, decisions,
224	judgments, sanctions, or other action which took place after the case
225	was removed (and the removal not opposed) on July 14, 2011.
226	
227	33.It has since been discovered and on information and belief that the
228	judge in question in Putnam Country is socially and financially
229	involved with the Principals of Research Electronics, and until fairly
230	recently a close neighbor of Defendant Thomas H. Jones, and whom
231	should have utterly rescused himself from the case.
232	
233	34. Further, on information and belief, the Attorney behind this case is a
234	family member of Research Electronics principals, and participated in
235	acts of improper conduct.
236	

237	33. Plannin Atkinson has not yet received any of the final documents
238	directly from the Court in Putnam Country and has no reason to
239	believe that a final (albeit unlawful) judgment has been passed, or
240	official records sent from the Clerks office to notify Atkinson of an
241	adverse judgment. In fact, the case in Tennessee is Moot, given that i
242	has been removed in full to Federal Court, and that the Removal was
243	not opposed or even challenged in any way (even after 130 days).
244	
245	36.As a <i>pro se</i> Plaintiff, Plaintiff requests Leave of this Court in order to
246	submit an additional amended Complaint should the latest Complaint
247	herein lack details which the Court may desire to review in
248	consideration of this matter, or to clarify or to further describe the
249	Acts, Causes of Action, Defendants, Prayer of Relief, or other topics
250	found herein. Any deficiency in this filing may be easily cured by an
251	amendment.
252	
253	37. Plaintiff opposes dismissal pursuant to Fed.R.Civ.P. Rule 12(b)(3),
254	12(b)(4) and 12(b)(6) on all counts or on any Defendant.
255	

256	38. Service was properly performed, venue is proper, and proper claims
257	have been stated by which relief can be granted.
258	
259	39. The Third Amended Complaint reveals a very large and very complex
260	criminal enterprise, and reveals grave infringement upon the civil
261	rights of not only the Plaintiff, but also the public as a whole. If
262	amendments are needed to cure any flaw, then an amend complaint
263	with those changes must be allowed. Research Electronics is a long-
264	term criminal enterprise, spanning many decades of unlawful conduct.
265	
266	40."In civil rights cases where the plaintiff appears pro se, the court must
267	construe the pleadings liberally and must afford plaintiff the benefit of
268	any doubt". <i>Bretz v. Kelman</i> , 773 F.2d 1026, 1027 n. 1 (9th Cir.1985)
269	(en banc).
270	
271	41."A pro se litigant must be given leave to amend his or her complaint
272	unless it is 'absolutely clear that the deficiencies of the complaint
273	could not be cured by amendment.' " Noll, 809 F.2d at 1448 (quoting
274	Broughton v. Cutter Laboratories, 622 F.2d 458, 460 (9th Cir.1980)

275	(per curiam)); accord <i>Eldridge v. Block</i> , 832 F.2d 1132, 1135-36 (9th
276	Cir.1987).
277	
278	42. "Moreover, before dismissing a pro se civil rights complaint for
279	failure to state a claim, the district court must give the plaintiff a
280	statement of the complaint's deficiencies". <i>Eldridge</i> , 832 F.2d at
281	1136; Noll, 809 F.2d at 1448-49. "Without the benefit of a statement
282	of deficiencies, the pro se litigant will likely repeat previous errors."
283	<i>Noll</i> , 809 F.2d at 1448.
284	
285	43.Exhibit 1, reflected the recent shipment of goods by Research
286	Electronics, LLC to the U.S. Government directly, this roster clearly
287	reflects that virtually all goods are being provided to Military
288	Agencies, and members of the Intelligence Community, with only a
289	miniscule amount be provided to non military, and non-intelligence
290	Federal agencies. This is prima facia evidence that the primary
291	function and user of this equipment is indeed military and intelligence
292	in nature, and by its very nature (absent any other classification) is by
293	default military arms.
294	

295	44. The goods (all of the goods) manufactured by REI is listed in 22 CFR
296	120-130, and specifically in ITAR 121.1 XI(b) as being controlled
297	military arms, and thus federal law requires all shipments and exports
298	to be approved by the U.S. State Department. As per exhibit 11, page
299	10, item 44, Research Electronics never obtained approval form the
300	U.S. State Department for these shipments, thus they were illegal
301	export of arms.
302	
303	45.Per exhibit 2, the U.S. State Department is engaged in the licensing of
304	similar or identical products by competitors or REI, as evidence by
305	competitors applying for proper licenses, which REI has failed to do.
306	
307	46.Per exhibit 3, the actual end user provided a legitimate End-user
308	Certificate for the transaction; however, REI did not forward this
309	document to the U.S. State Department to obtain a license for the
310	export, and did in fact falsify export documents to effect the illegal
311	arm shipment.
312	
313	47.Per exhibit 4, REI has unlayfully shipped arms to China in
314	contravention of the Tiamemen Square Sanctions, did not seek U.S.

315	State Department approval on this snipment, and did not obtain the
316	required approvals form the President of the United States. As per
317	Block #27, REI falsely claims that no license is required, when indeed
318	federal law required such a license. REI has engaged in highly
319	forbidden arm smuggling and falsification of export documents.
320	
321	48.Per exhibit 5, the contract in question expired in August of 2005, and
322	the statute of limitations on the contract expired as per above
323	aforementioned tolling.
324	
325	49.Per exhibits 6, Plaintiff was a Manufactures Representative until
326	August 2005, but not beyond that point, and was after August 3, 2005
327	merely a free agent.
328	
329	50.Per exhibit 7, the U.S. Government seized all imports and exports of
330	goods, when it was reported (by the Plaintiff) they REI was smuggling
331	arms, and falsifying export documents. The seizure was initiated after
332	the improper goods to Uzbekistan in December 2009, and the seizure
333	and ban remained in place until Mid March 2010.
334	

335	51.Per exhibit 8, REI falsified export documents, in section 27, stating
336	that no license is required for good listed under ITAR 121.1 XI(b) as
337	requiring such a license.
338	
339	52. Exhibit 9, reflect the Notice of Removal dated July 14, 2009 tht
340	removed this action form Putnam Country to this Court, a Removal
341	utterly ignored by REI, counsel, judge, and clerk. However, this
342	Removal notice is in the file of this court, and it well predated the
343	"summary judgment" on the matter. Exhibit 10, entries dated
344	7/14/2011 clearing show evidence that the REI attorney knew that a
345	Notice of Removal had been filed, and the following day
346	communications in regards to the removal authority. Further on
347	7/20/2011 the bill also reveals that counsel engaged in the illegal
348	intercept of a phone call, and conspired with clerks office to
349	coordinate an action in contravention of Federal law.
350	
351	53.Exhibit 11, reflects admission by REI that the shipment of Uzbekistan
352	and Switzerland was in contravention of both U.S. law and
353	international treaty in regards to arms shipments. Further, REI admits
354	that Plaintiff did nothing wrong, that the goods were properly paid for

333	by the Flamuit, and the proper paperwork was obtain to initiate a
356	legal exportation, yet REI did not obtain the proper licenses, nor even
357	make the slightest effort or inquiry to effect a legitimate shipment, and
358	this broken federal law.
359	
360	54.In document 12 in this case, on the bottom of page 5, REI confesses to
361	entering into a conspiracy with other actors to "Set Up" the Plaintiff
362	with the Rockport Police Department in reference to paragraph 364.
363	
364	55.In exhibit 12, the completed returns of service clearly indicate that
365	proper service was made on all defendants associated with Research
366	Electronics in their official capacities, and also in their individual
367	capacity, by way of two different means, and two different process
368	servers. REI cannot thus claim that service was not properly made,
369	when it is obvious that it was.
370	
371	56.Exhibits $13 - 28$ are the marketing literature, and user manuals for the
372	Defendants products wherein they describe a function of "counter-
373	surveillance" and thus libability and restriction under ITAR 121.1

374	XI(b) and Munitions Control List, implementing the M.L. 11.a.c.
375	"Wassenaar Arrangement" (international treaty on arms control).
376	
377	57.Exhibit 29, clearly demonstrates the ban of un-approved arms
378	shipment to China as a result of Foreign Relations Authorization Act,
379	Fiscal Years 1990 and 1991 (Public Law 101-246) "Tiananmen
380	Square Sanctions" which the Defendants REI, and employees of REI
381	have repeatedly violated.
382	
383	58.Exhibit 30, clearly reveals that Defendant is offering "Defense
384	Services" and "Defense and Classified information" in contravention
385	of ITAR and the Arm Control Act,a nd other U.S. Laws.
386	
387	59.Exhibit 31, is a report published by the U.S. State Department for
388	Fiscal year 2009. Restating the requirements for all such shipments
389	and service to be licensed though PM/DDTC.
390	
391	60. Further, Plaintiff has also attached a memorandum of law in regards to
392	this matter, which roughly parallels the position put forward in the
393	third amend complaint.

394	
395	61. Plaintiff reserves the right to file a further pleadings of responses on
396	substantive grounds.
397	
398	62.It must also be brought to the court attention that Defendants counsel
399	has made improper claims and statements to the court.
400	
401	Respectfully submitted,
402	Dated: November 30, 2011
403	
404	James M. Atkinson, pro se
405	31R Broadway
406	Rockport, MA 01966
407	(978) 546-3803
408	
409	
410	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE
411	I haraby cartify that this decomment filed though the ECE System will be sent
412	I hereby certify that this document filed though the ECF System will be sent electronically to the registered participants as identified on the Notice of
413 414	Electronic Filing (NEF) (by way of the clerks terminal) and paper copies by
414	U.S. Mail will be sent to those indicated as non-registered participants this
416	30 th day of November, 2011
417	day of November, 2011
418	
419	James M. Atkinson, pro se
	/1